



Implant Production using Selective Laser Melting

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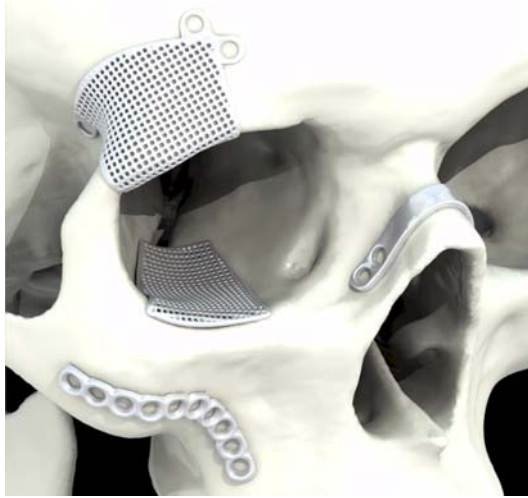
«Photonics 4 Precision Manufacturing»

SALON INTERNATIONAL
LEADER DE LA HAUTE PRECISION
HORLOGERIE - JOAILLERIE - MICROTECHNOLOGIES - MEDTECH

Overview

- **smart implants:** **patient-specific implants**
- **smart shape:** **shape memory implants**
- **smart material:** **resorbable materials**

Open-porous shape memory implants for temporary or permanent bone replacement



virtual representation

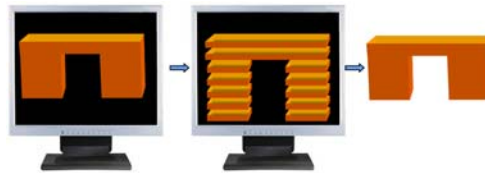


physical representation

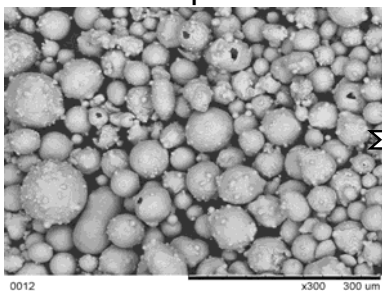
R. Schumacher, M. de Wild, S. Fabbri, A. Yildiz, E. Schkommodau, *Rapid Manufacturing of Individualized Ti-6Al-4V Bone Implants*, European Cells and Materials Vol. 17/22, 1 (2009).

R. Schumacher, M. de Wild, E. Schkommodau, D. Hradetzky, *Massgeschneiderte Knochenimplantate aus dem 3D-Drucker*, BaZ-Sonderbeilage "Life Sciences" vom 12. Mai (2012).

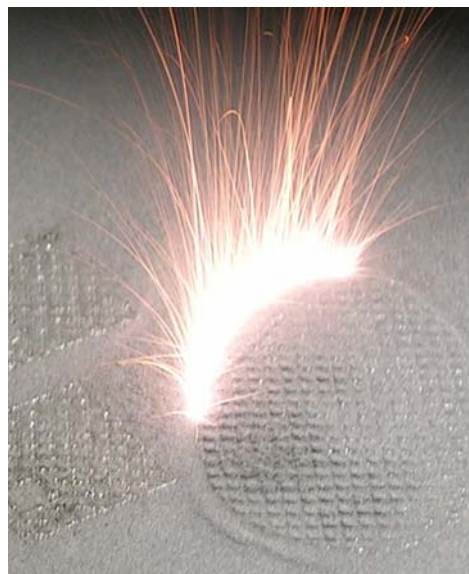
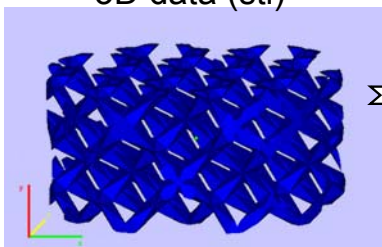
Fabrication of implants by Selective Laser Melting



metall powder



3D data (stl)



Processing parameters



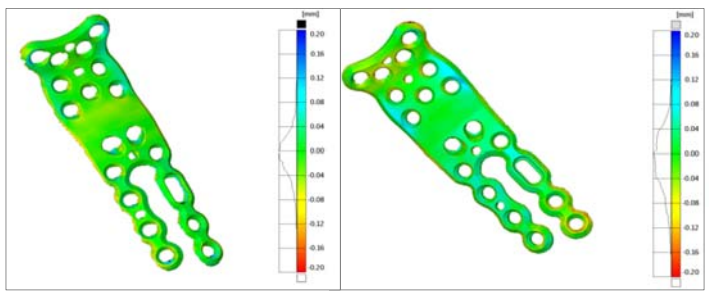
Post processing if necessary (e.g. heat treatment, etching)



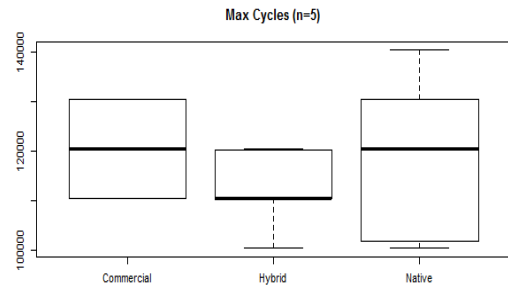
Individualized implants for temporary or permanent bone replacement



Left: Medartis® wrist fusion plate spanning the radio-carpal and mid-carpal joint. Right: SLM replica.



Geometrical accuracy check. Left: before heat treatment. Right: after heat treatment.

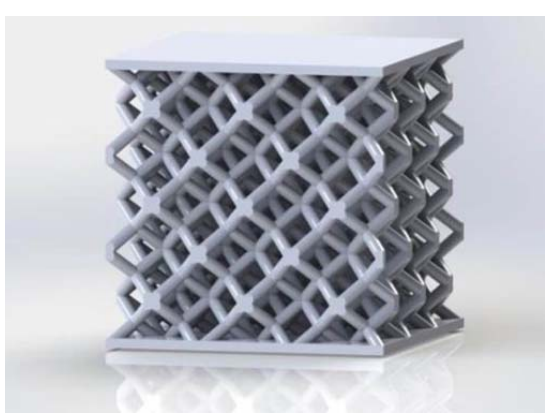
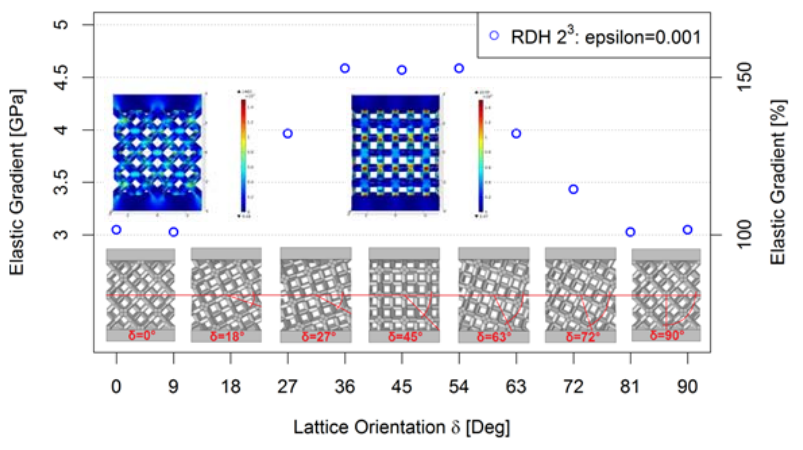
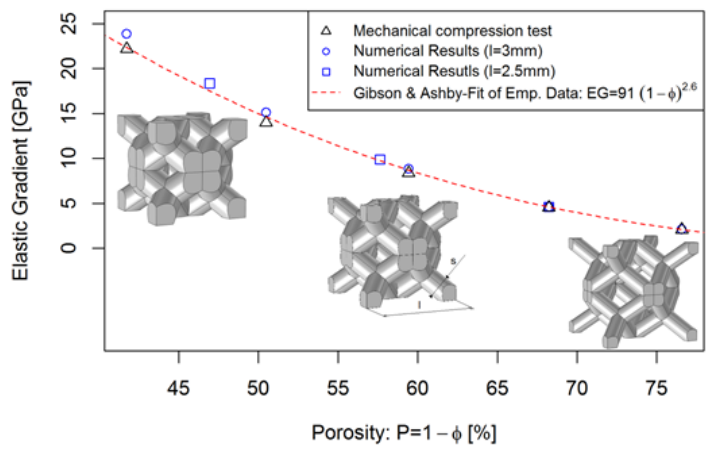


Fatigue test: Comparison between commercially machined plates and SLM plates.

medartis®

R. Schumacher, P. Lamprecht, S. Zimmermann, M. de Wild, A. Spiegel,
Comparison of SLM and conventionally produced implants using dynamic biomechanical loading, RapidTech Erfurt, 2013.

Functional lattice structures: adapted stiffness

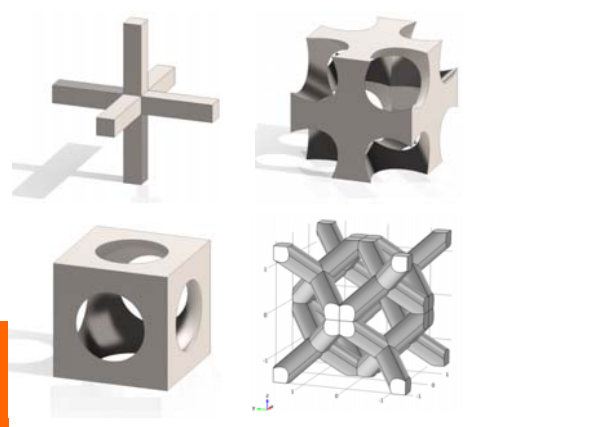


S. Zimmermann, M. de Wild, *Density- and Angle-Dependent Stiffness of Titanium 3D Lattice Structures*, BioNanoMat 15 (S1), S35, (2014).

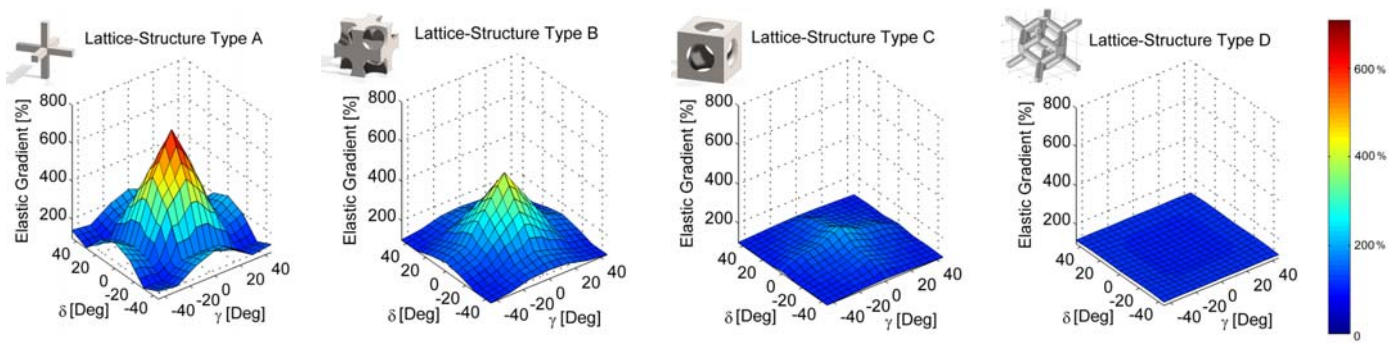
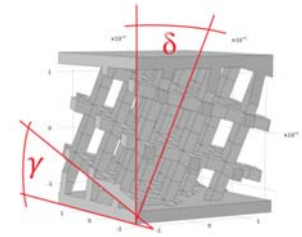
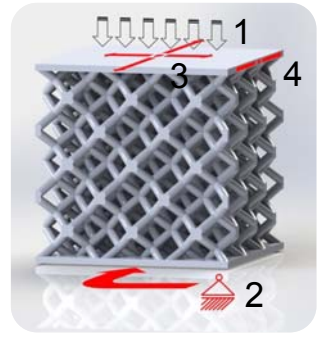


Schumacher R., et al. *Specific design of bone grafts according to Hounsfield units*. DGBMT Freiburg 2011.

Stiffness-anisotropy of porous implant geometries

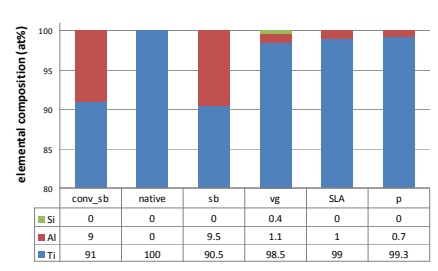
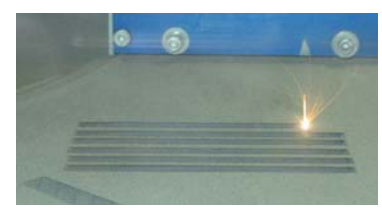
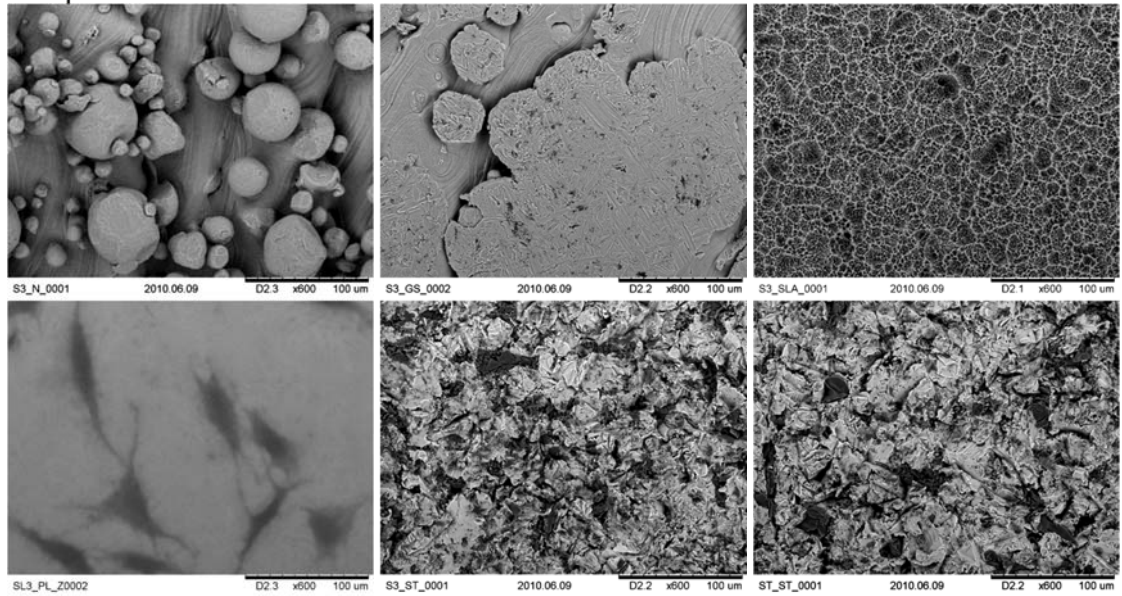


Lattice Type	Porosity	Elastic Anisotropy
A	0.83	700%
B	0.76	450%
C	0.71	200%
D	0.73	120%

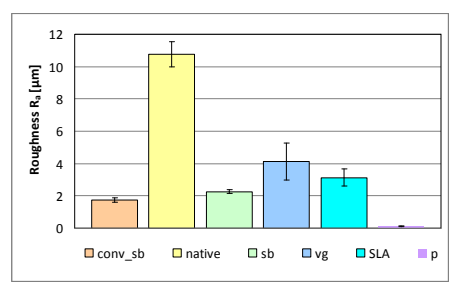


S. Zimmermann, F.E. Weber, R. Schumacher, J. Rüegg, M. de Wild, *stiffness-anisotropy of porous implant geometries*, European Cells and Materials, 29, Suppl. 2, 22 (2015).

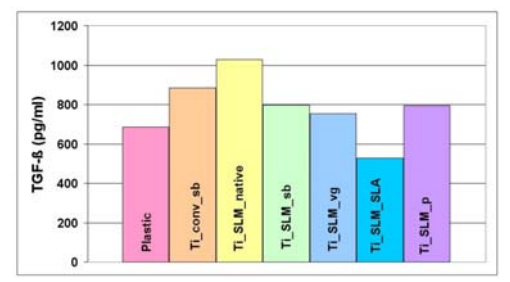
Cytocompatibility



Roughness analysis.



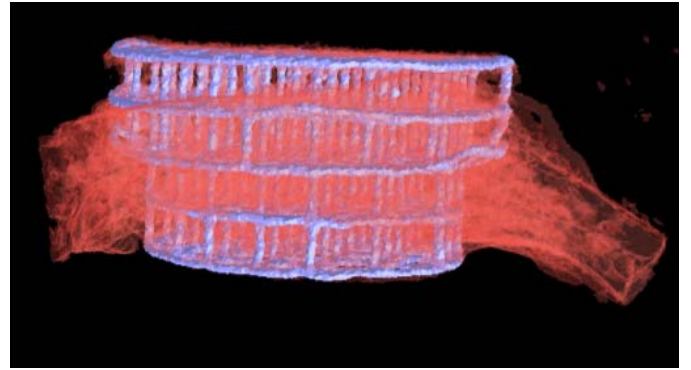
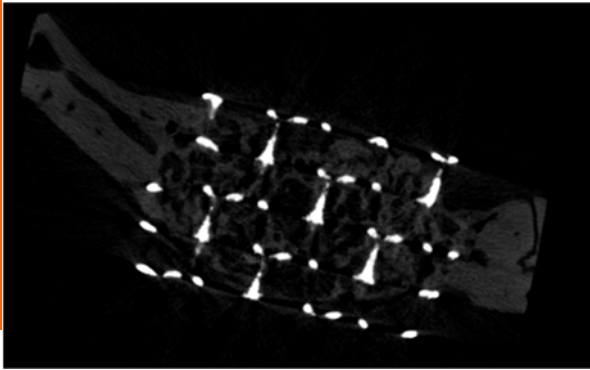
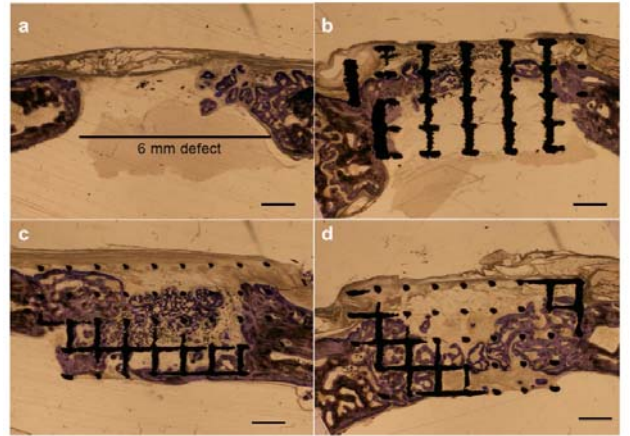
EDX elemental analysis.



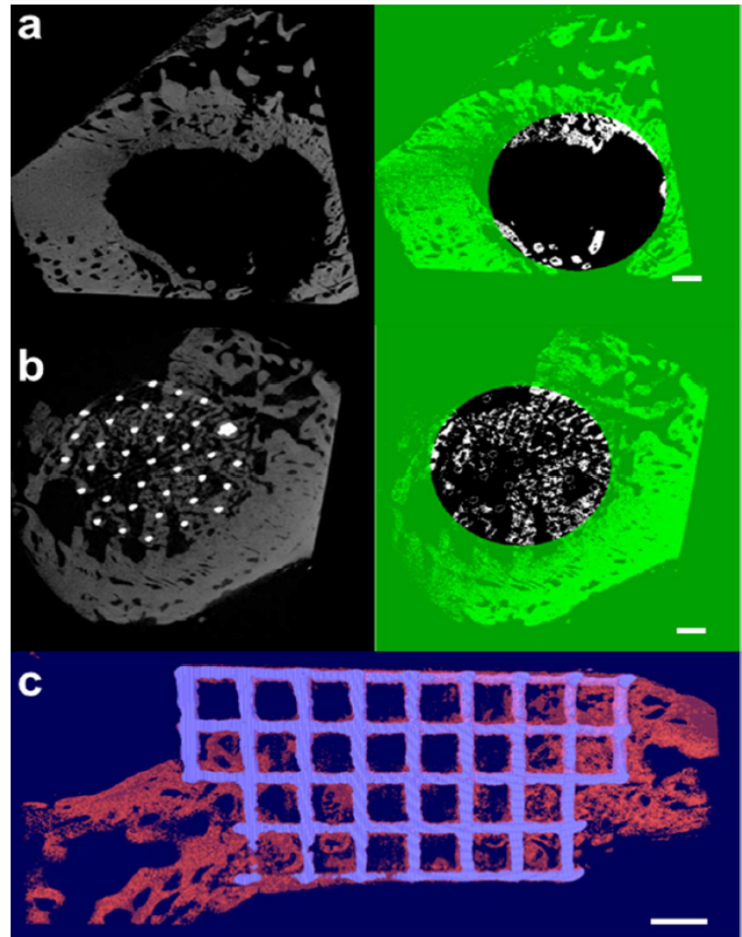
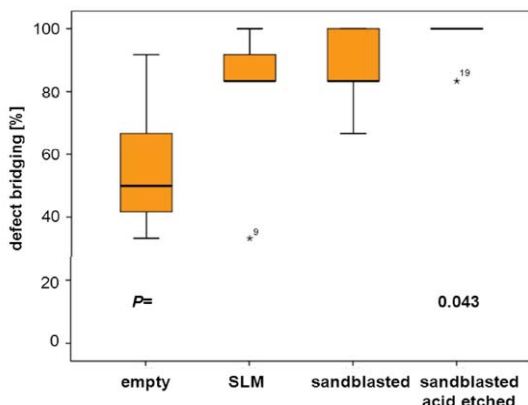
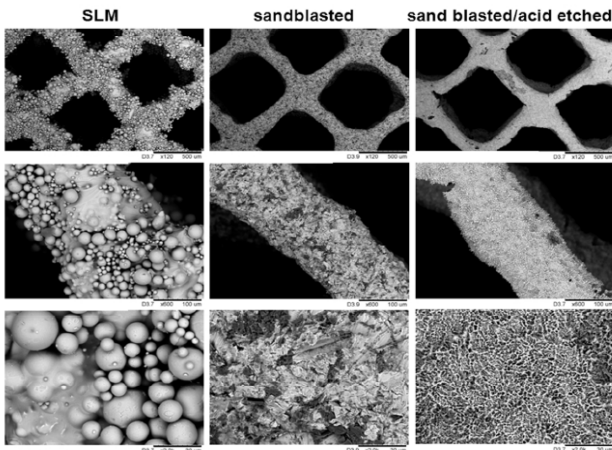
TGF-β expression of MG63 cells on different surface topographies after 14 days.



porous cpTi implants



M. de Wild, R. Schumacher, K. Mayer, E. Schkommodau, D. Thoma, M. Bredell, A. Kruse, K.W. Grätz, F.E. Weber, *Bone regeneration by the osteoconductivity of porous titanium implants manufactured by selective laser melting: A histological and μ CT study in the rabbit*, Tissue Engineering Part A, 19(23-24):2645-54 (2013).



M. de Wild, R. Schumacher, K. Mayer, E. Schkommodau, D. Thoma, M. Bredell, A. Kruse, K.W. Grätz, F.E. Weber, *Bone regeneration by the osteoconductivity of porous titanium implants manufactured by selective laser melting: A histological and μ CT study in the rabbit*, Tissue Engineering Part A, 19(23-24):2645-54 (2013).

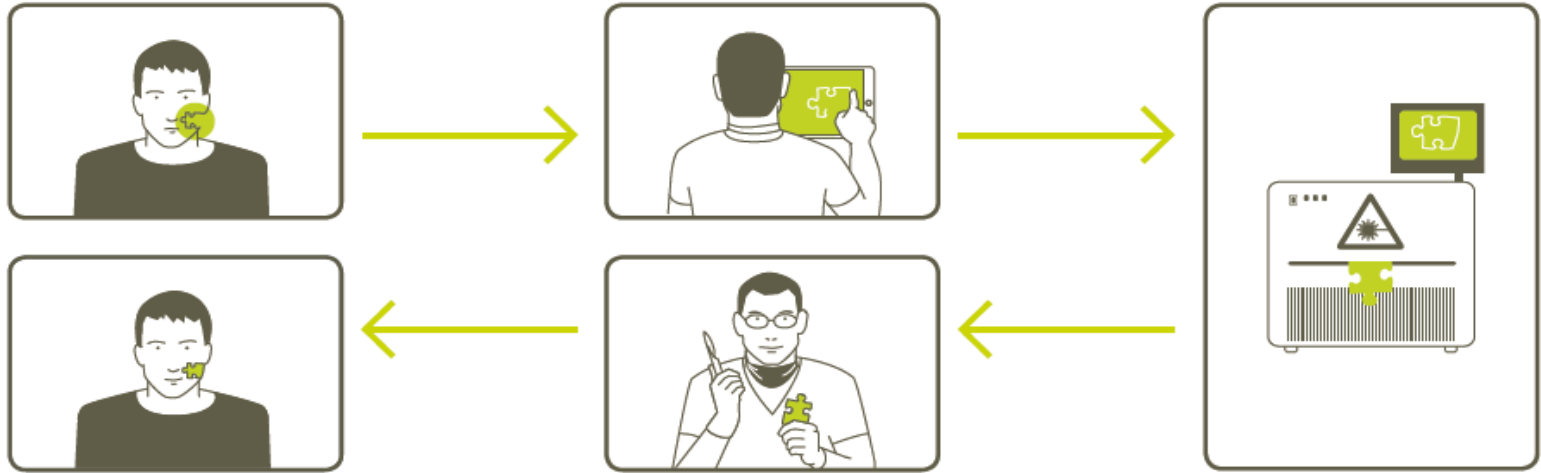


MIMEDIS
freedom to mime anatomy

HEALTH CONSUMER

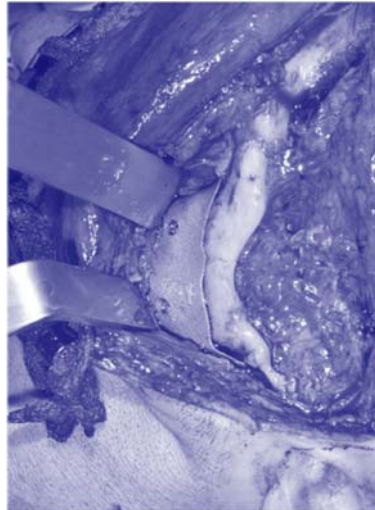
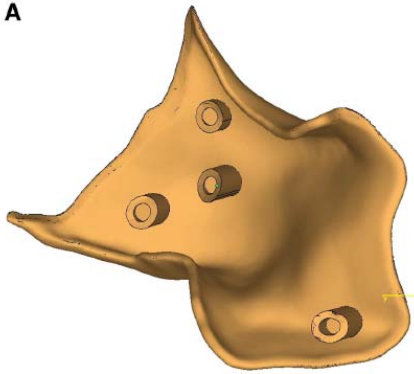
SURGEON

MIMEDIS



trauma event during which the bone segments were lost

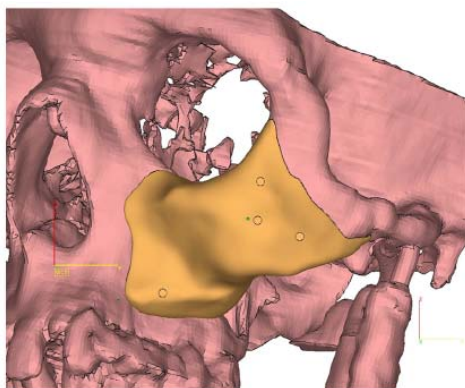
A



Intraoperative placement and fixation of the implant using 2.0-mm titanium lag-screws (arrows).



Postoperative axial CT scan showing the restoration of the symmetry of the zygomatic bone.



The virtual zygoma implant. (A) Internal side with fixation rods. (B) Position on the skull.

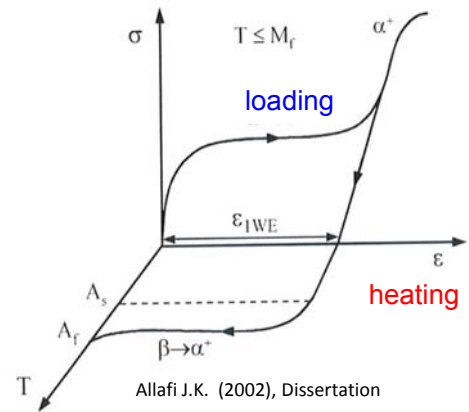
Overview

- **smart implants:** patient-specific implants
- **smart shape:** shape memory implants
- **smart material:** resorbable materials

The shape memory effect of SLM-NiTi



http://www.tradekorea.com/products/spinal_implant.html



SLM fabricated sample

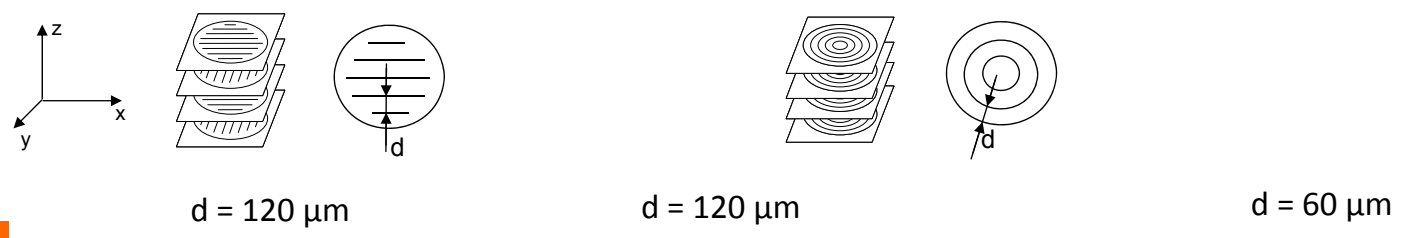


Elongated sample

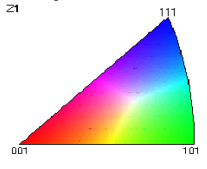
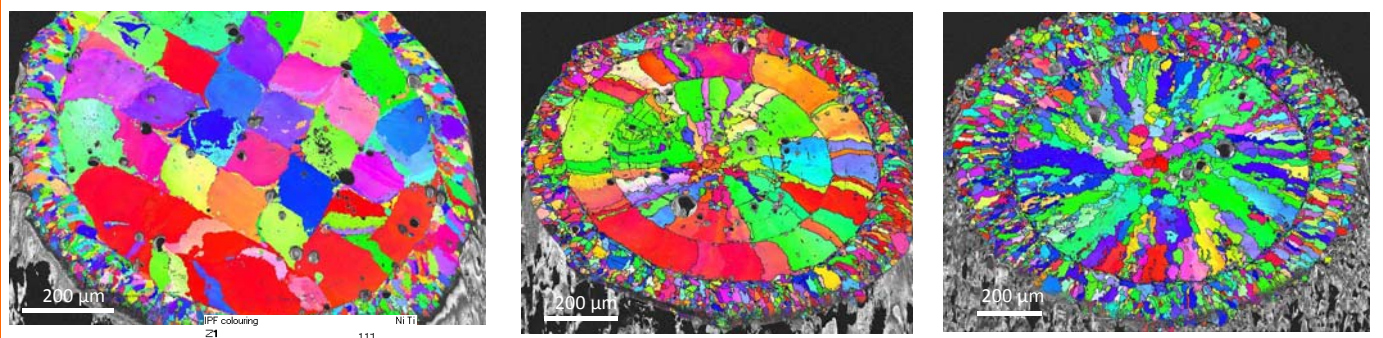


Sample after heating

Microstructure depending on scanning strategy



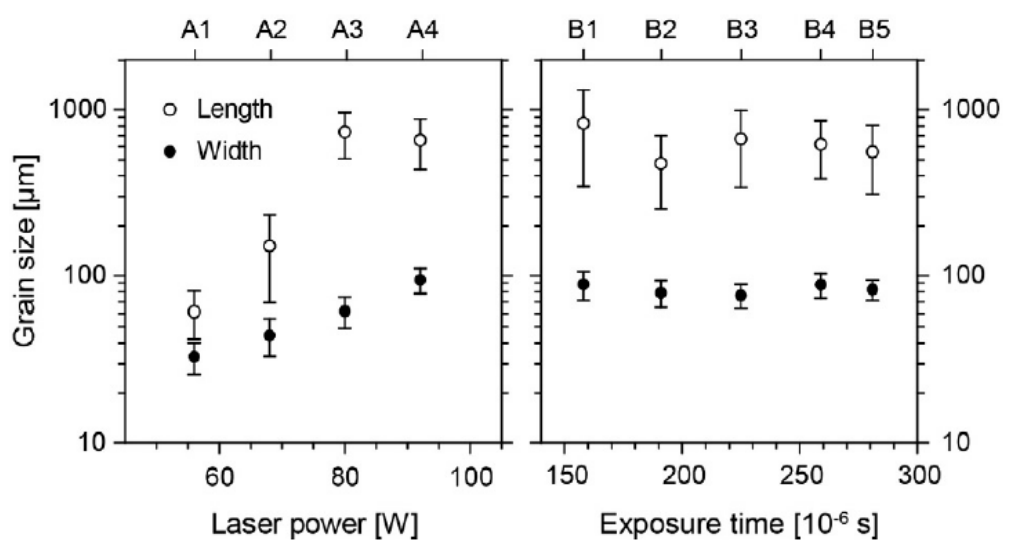
x-y-plane



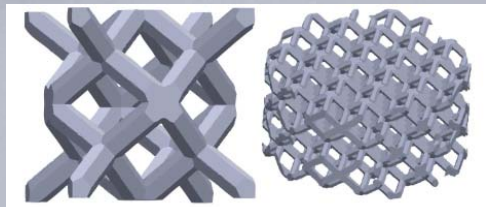
→ Electron backscatter diffraction reveals grain orientation (Cooperation with ETHZ).

T. Bormann, F. Beckmann, M. Schinhammer, H. Deyhle, M. de Wild, B. Müller, *Assessing the grain structure of highly X-ray absorbing metallic alloys*, Int. J. Mat. Res., 105;7, 692-701 (2014).

Modify the grain size of NiTi by SLM parameter



T. Bormann, B. Müller, M. Schinhammer, A. Kessler, P. Thalmann, M. de Wild, *Microstructure of selective laser melted nickel-titanium*, Materials Characterization, 94, 189-202 (2014).



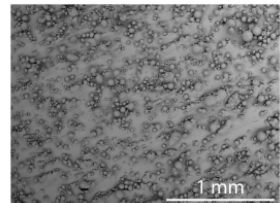
Smart NiTi constructs for 3D cell culture applications

2D disks on building platform



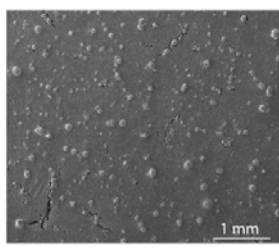
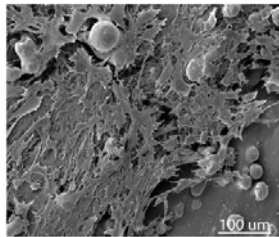
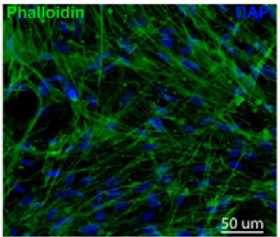
2D

SEM 2D disk

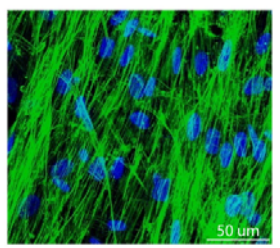


SEM 2D disk

CLSM 2D disk

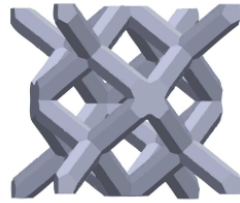


Cell morphology

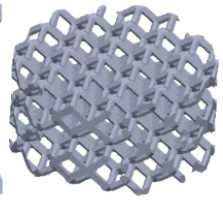


3D

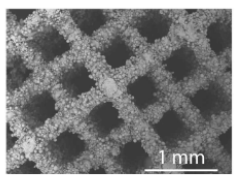
CAD unit cell



CAD scaffold

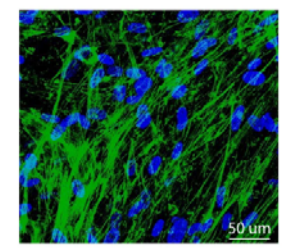
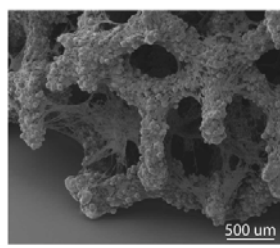
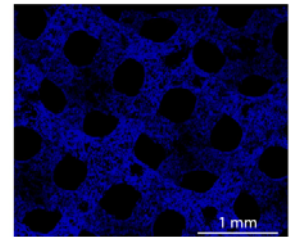
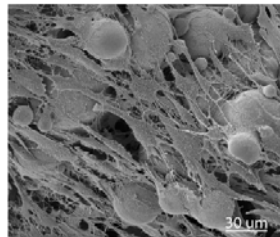


SEM scaffold



SEM 3D scaffold

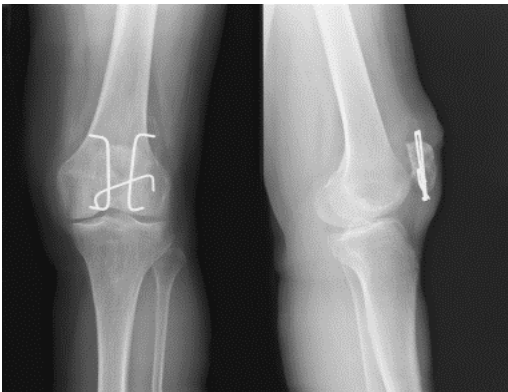
CLSM 3D scaffold



Overview

- **smart implants:** **patient-specific implants**
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- **smart material:** **resorbable materials**

Surgical removal of metal parts



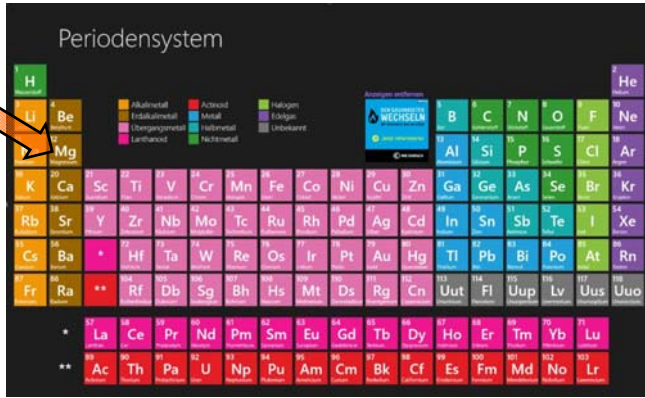
<http://www.chirurgie-rottach.de/leistungen/unfallchirurgie/metallentfernung>



Fersenbein, Calcaneusfraktur, Osteosynthese

<http://pictures.doccheck.com/de/photos/323/16487/calcanusfraktur-rechts-osteosynthese/>

- foreign material
- foreign body reactions
- dislocations
- impaired growth (children)
- injury of tissues
- inflammation
- costs



MAGNEZIX® Compression Screw 3.2 for fixation of bone fractures.

Cortex Screw manufactured with Mg-Ca alloy

<http://www.syntellix.de>

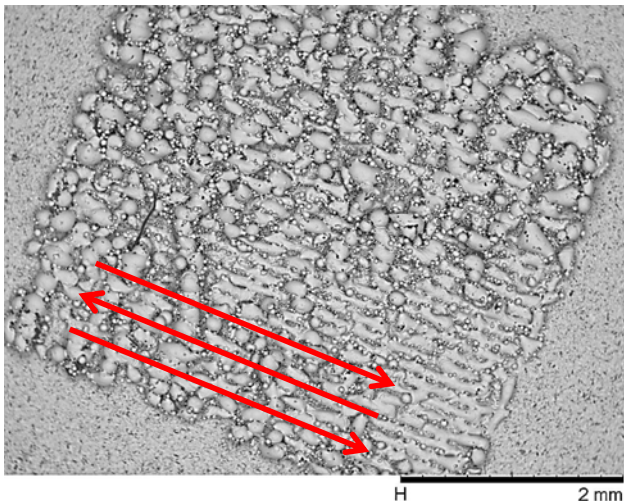
<http://www.youic.com>

comparison with other biomaterials

property	bone	Mg	Ti	CoCr	steel	HA
density [g/cm ³]	1.8 – 2.1	1.74 – 2.0	4.4 – 4.5	8.3 – 9.2	7.9 – 8.1	3.1
E-Modulus [GPa]	3 – 20	41 – 45	110 – 117	230	189 – 205	73 – 117
compressive strength [MPa]	130 – 180	65 – 100	758 – 1117	450 – 1000	170 – 310	600
toughness [MPa m ^{-1/2}]	3 – 6	15 – 40	55 – 115	k.A.	50 – 200	0.7

M.P. Staiger et al., *Magnesium and its alloys as orthopedic biomaterials: A review*, *Biomaterials*, 27, 1728 -1734 (2006).

Powder selectively fused to Ti substrate within the recipient



Ti powder



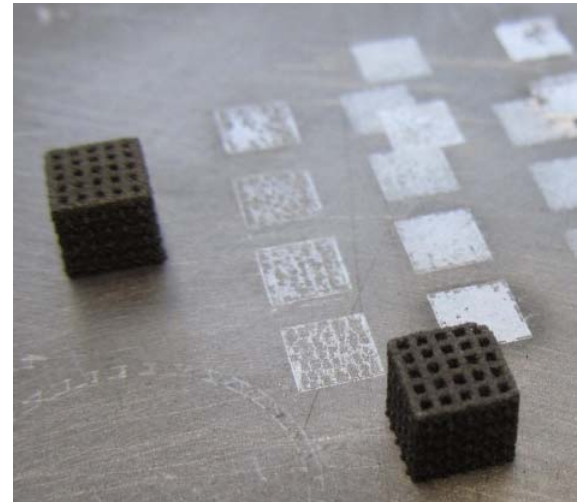
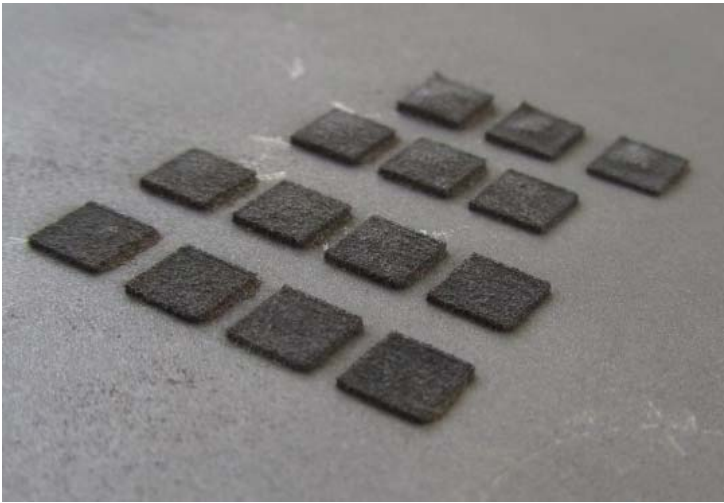
Mg powder

on Ti substrate

Mg SLM structures

Built inside the safety recipient

Built in the SLM chamber



J. Rüegg, S. Böhringer, A. Kessler, R. Schumacher, E. Schkommodau, M. de Wild,
Degradable Mg scaffolds produced by selective laser melting,
Front. Bioeng. Biotechnol. Conference Abstract: 10th World Biomaterials Congress.
doi: 10.3389/conf.FBIOE.2016.01.00962 Published Online: 30 Mar 2016 (2016).



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we support your innovation

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Adrian Spiegel



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DIE FÖRDERAGENTUR FÜR INNOVATION
THE INNOVATION PROMOTION AGENCY



Smart Materials

National Research Programme NRP 62



Thank you for your attention!

