



# Photoacoustic Spectroscopy using a Quantum Cascade Laser

Optical Gas Sensing Swissphonics–Workshop  
Dübendorf 15.01.15

Christoph Klotz



# Overview

- ECO PHYSICS AG
- Photoacoustic Spectroscopy
- Quantum Cascade Laser (QCL)
- Analyser PAS 87
- Applications



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# ECO PHYSICS AG



Headquarter  
Dürnten, CH



Distribution  
partners  
around the  
globe



# ECO PHYSICS AG



- Enviromental



- Industrial



- Automotive



- Semiconductor



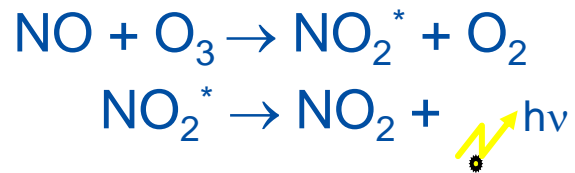
- Medical



# ECO PHYSICS AG

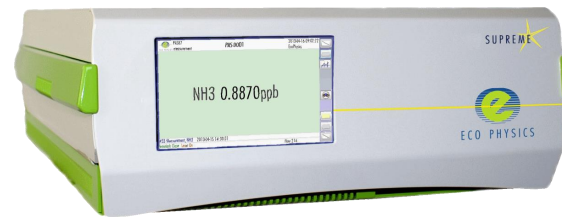
- CLD

## Chemiluminescence

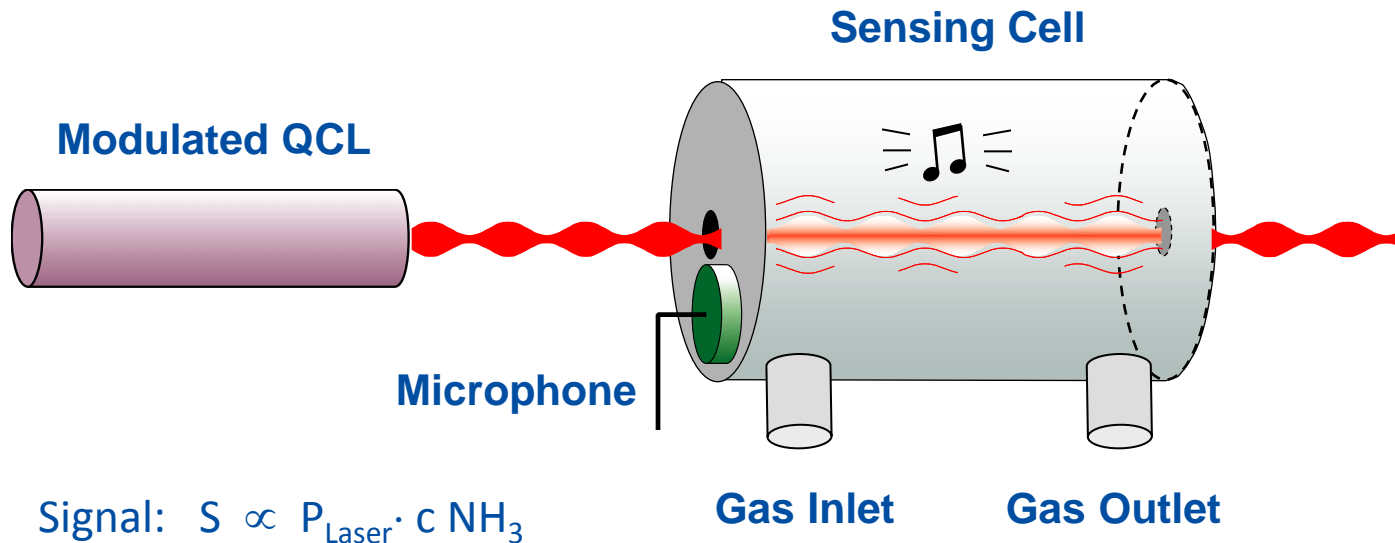


- PAS

## Photoacoustic Spectroscopy



# Photoacoustic Spectroscopy (I)

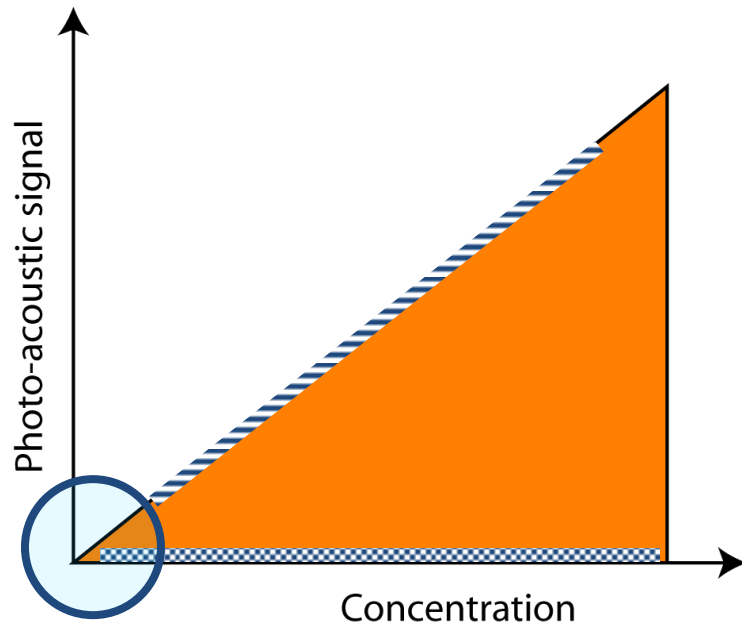


- Wavelength – Absorption band of molecule.
- Local temperature rise results in pressure increase.
- Light source modulation → Pressure variations → Sound.
- Signal detection with microphone.



# Photoacoustic Spectroscopy (II)

- Advantages:
  - Zero-Baseline
  - Linearity
  - Dynamic Range



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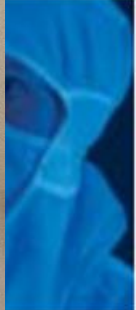
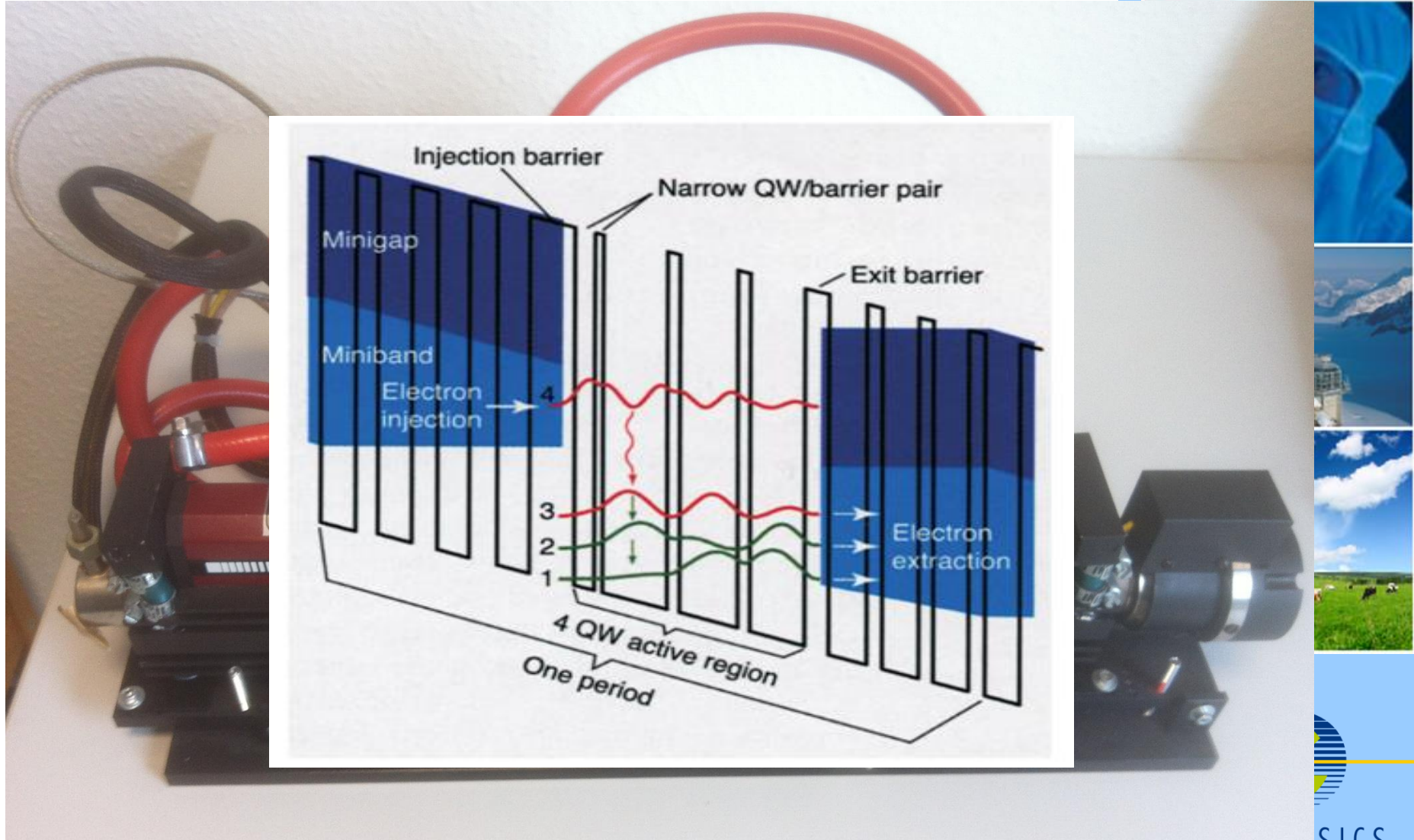
# Quantum Cascade Laser (QCL)

- Repeated stack of semiconductor heterostructures.
- Layer thickness of a few nm allows a compact design.
- Tunneling to the next structural period allows repetition of intersubband transitions and emission of photons.





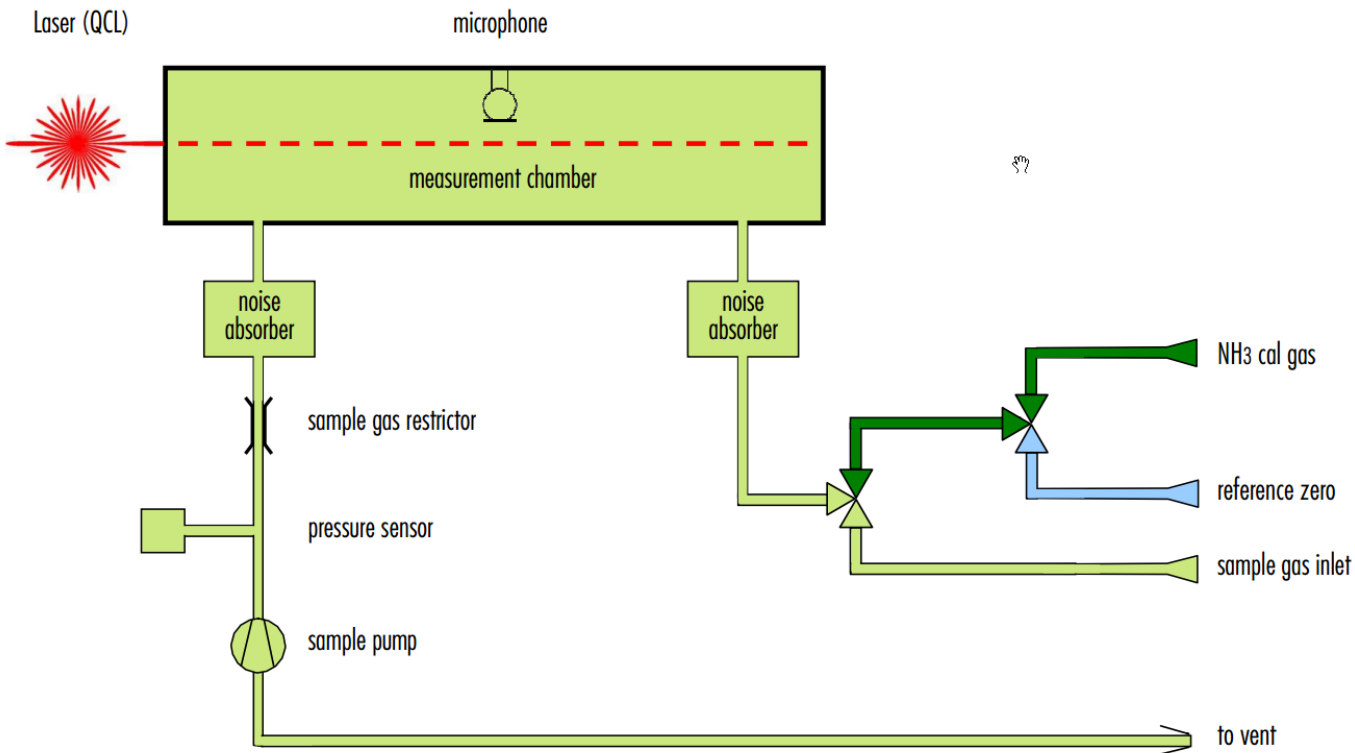
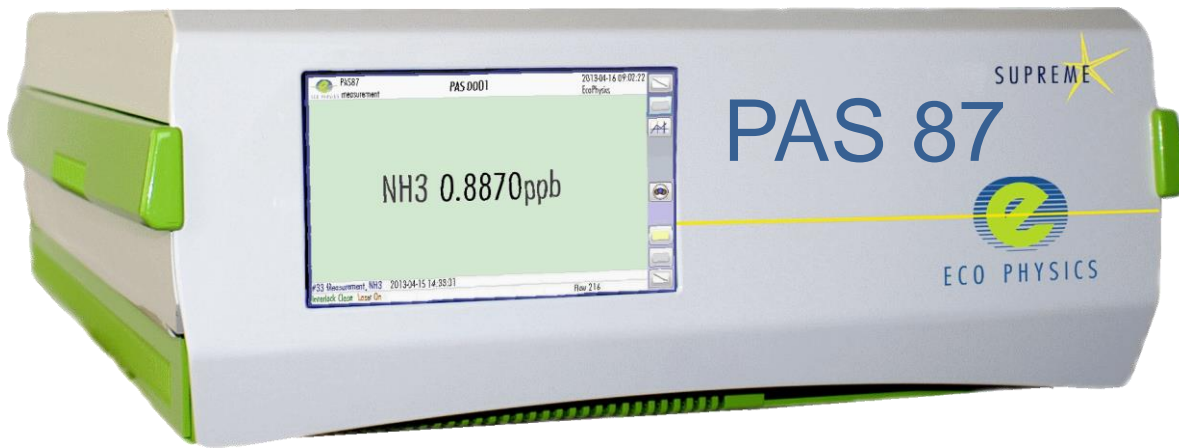
# Quantum Cascade Laser (QCL)



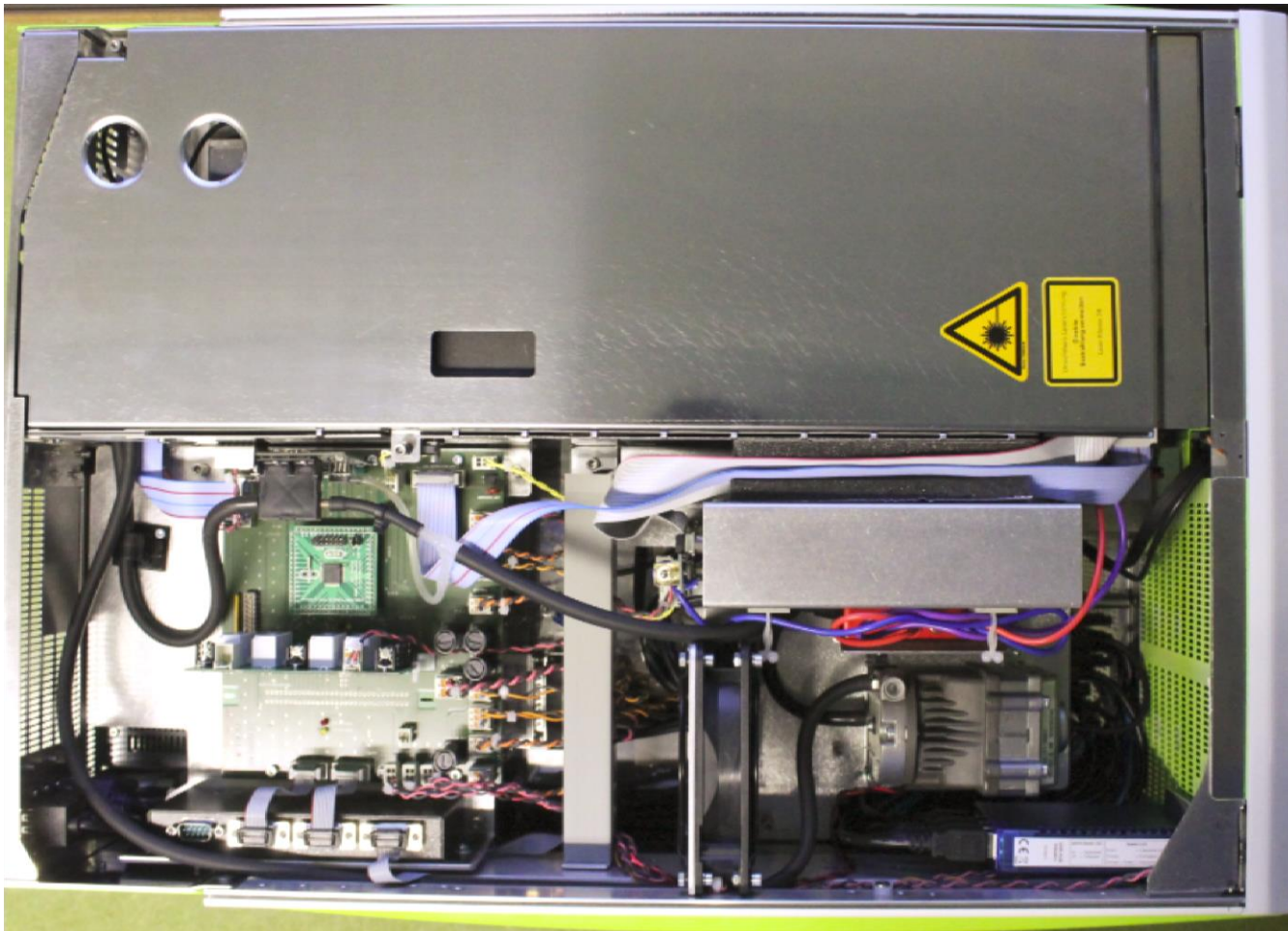
# Advantages

- Monochromatic radiation → high detection sensitivity
- Small dimensions → compact design
- No external cooling required → compact design & low operating costs
- Long maintenance intervals → low operating costs
- High efficiency due to cascade effect → low operating costs



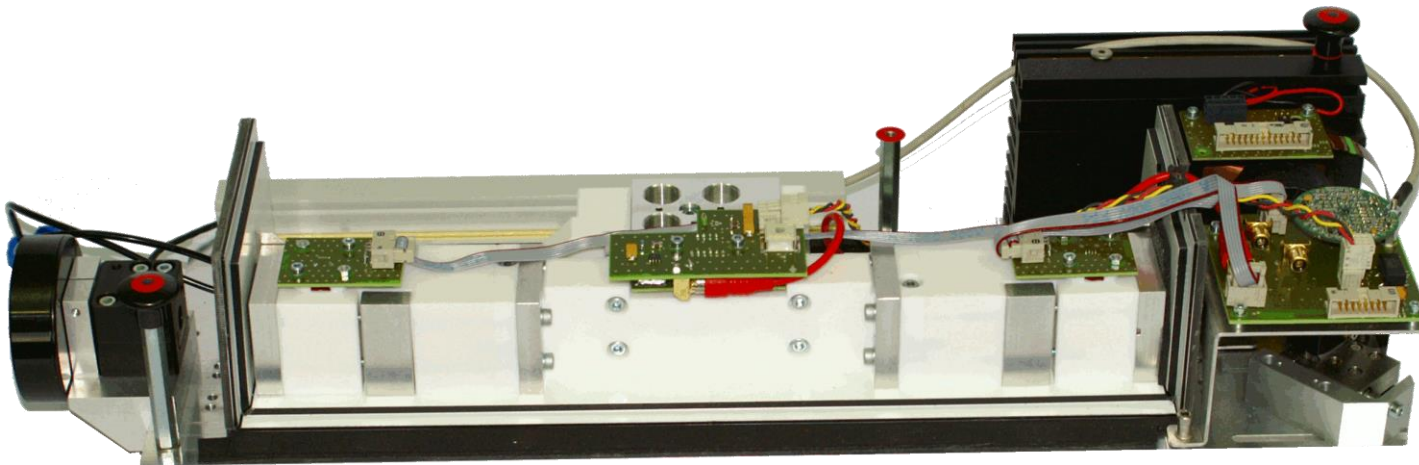
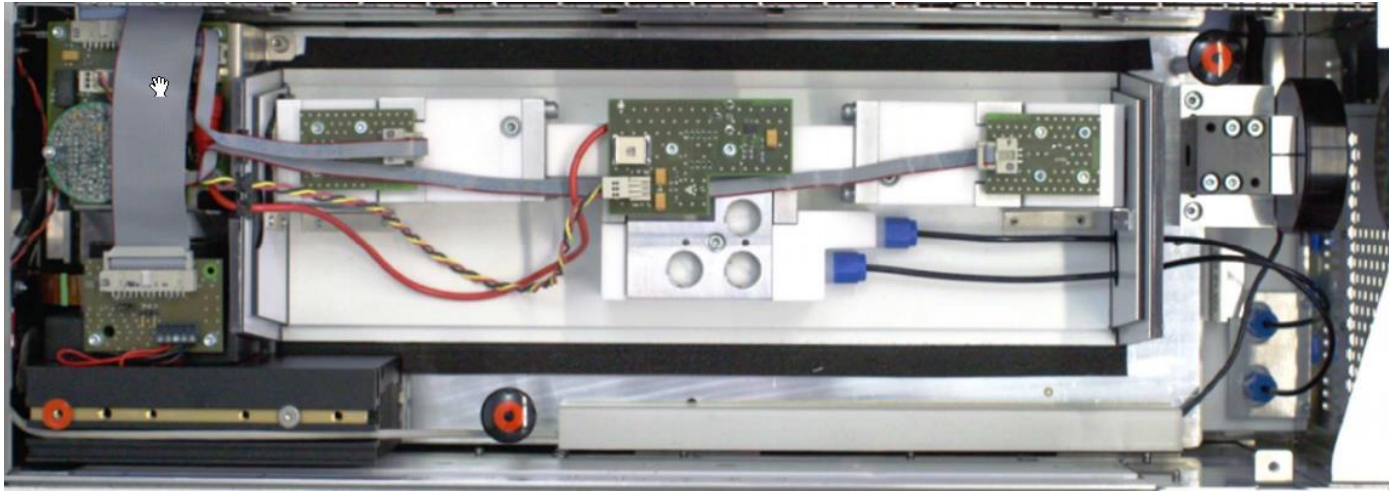


# Top View



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# Detector unit



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# Applications

- Emission:  
Measurement in a cowshed
- Immission:  
Background monitoring
- Semiconductor:  
Cleanroom monitoring





Field Test @  
Triemenhof





 PAS87  
ECO PHYSICS measurement

PAS Proto 0002

2013-04-19 11:43:21  
System Operator

#49 Measurement NH3 2013-04-15 10:00:00 - 2013-04-17 07:00:01

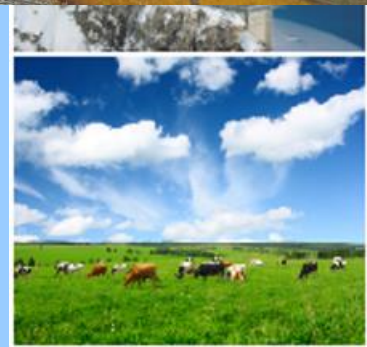
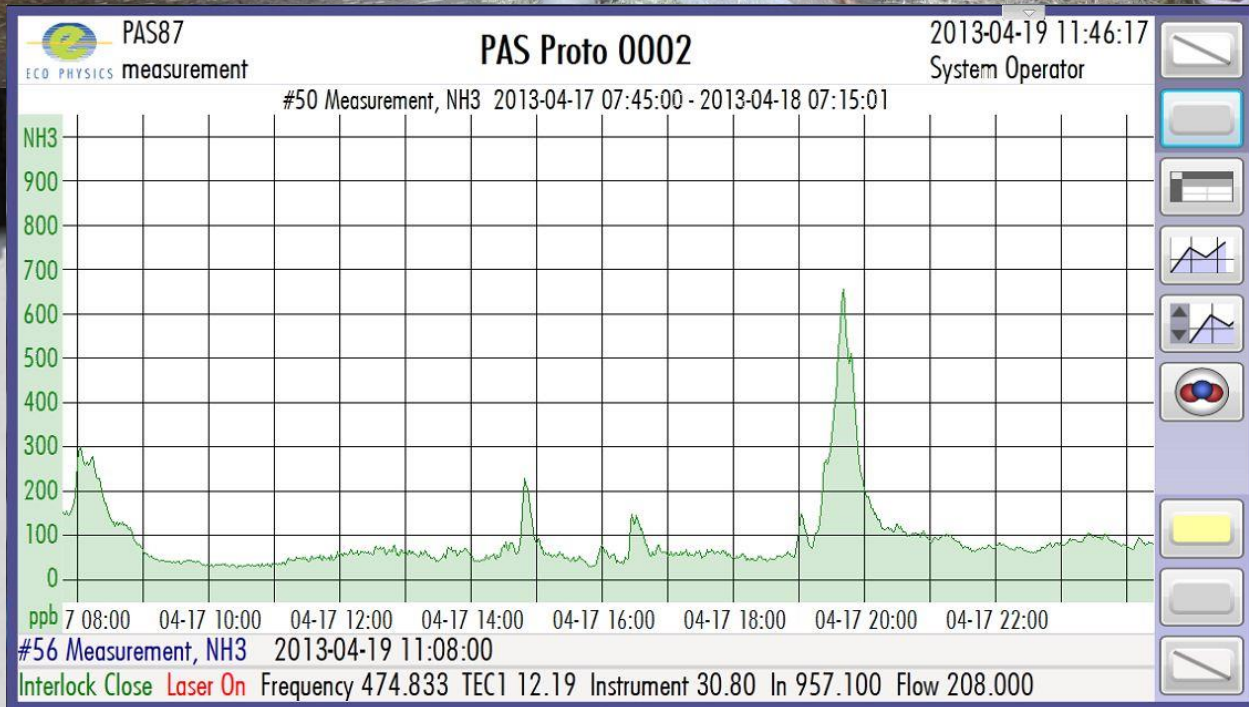


15 20:00 04-15 22:00 04-16 00:00

30.60 In 957.100 Flow 208.000

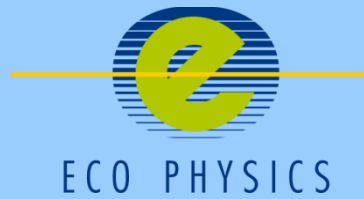


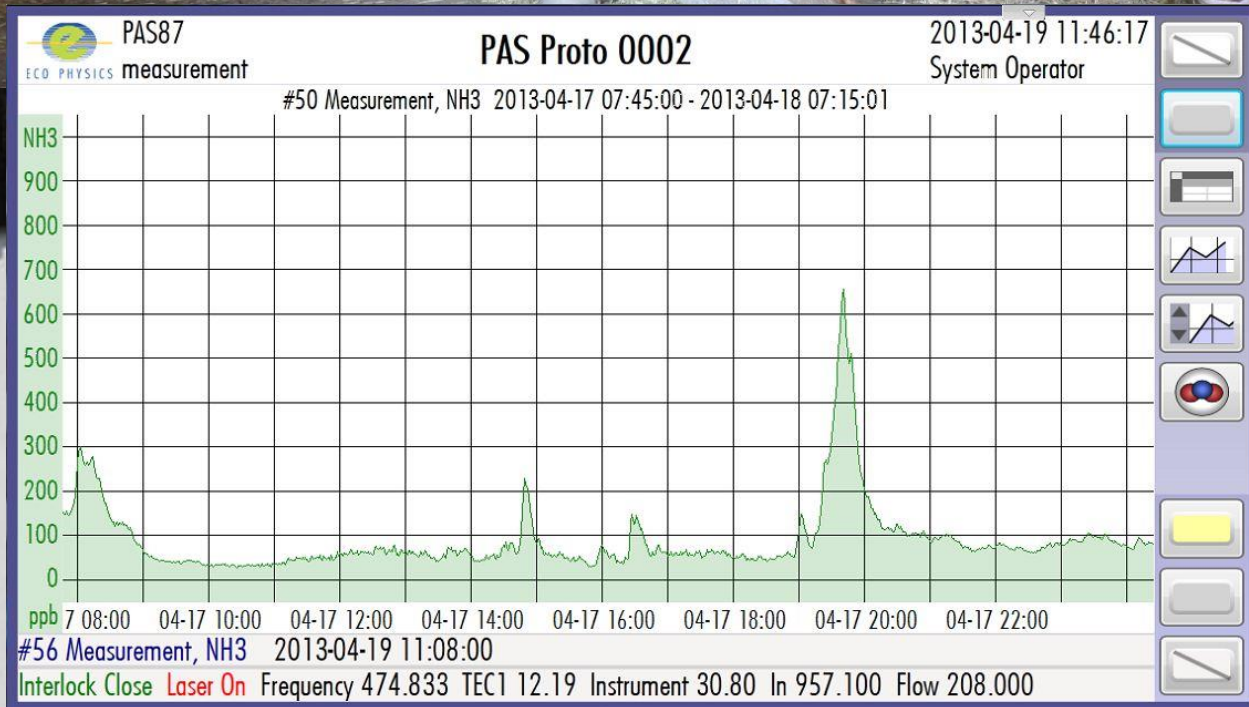


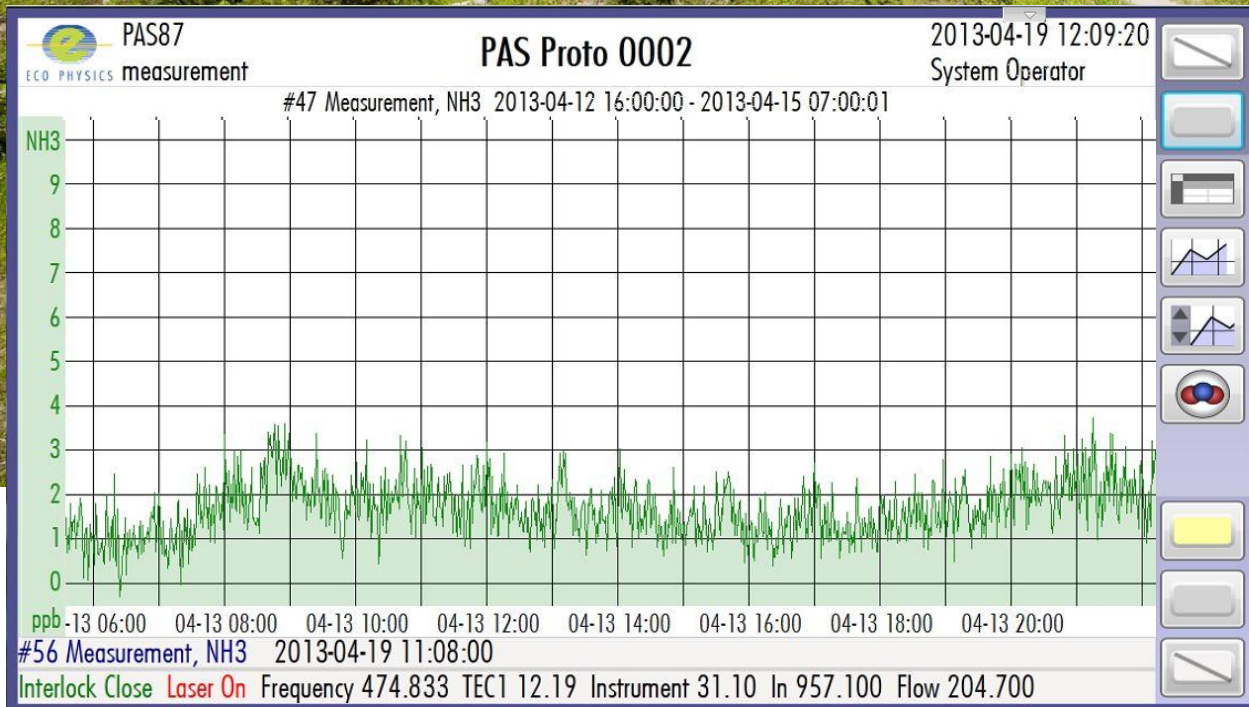
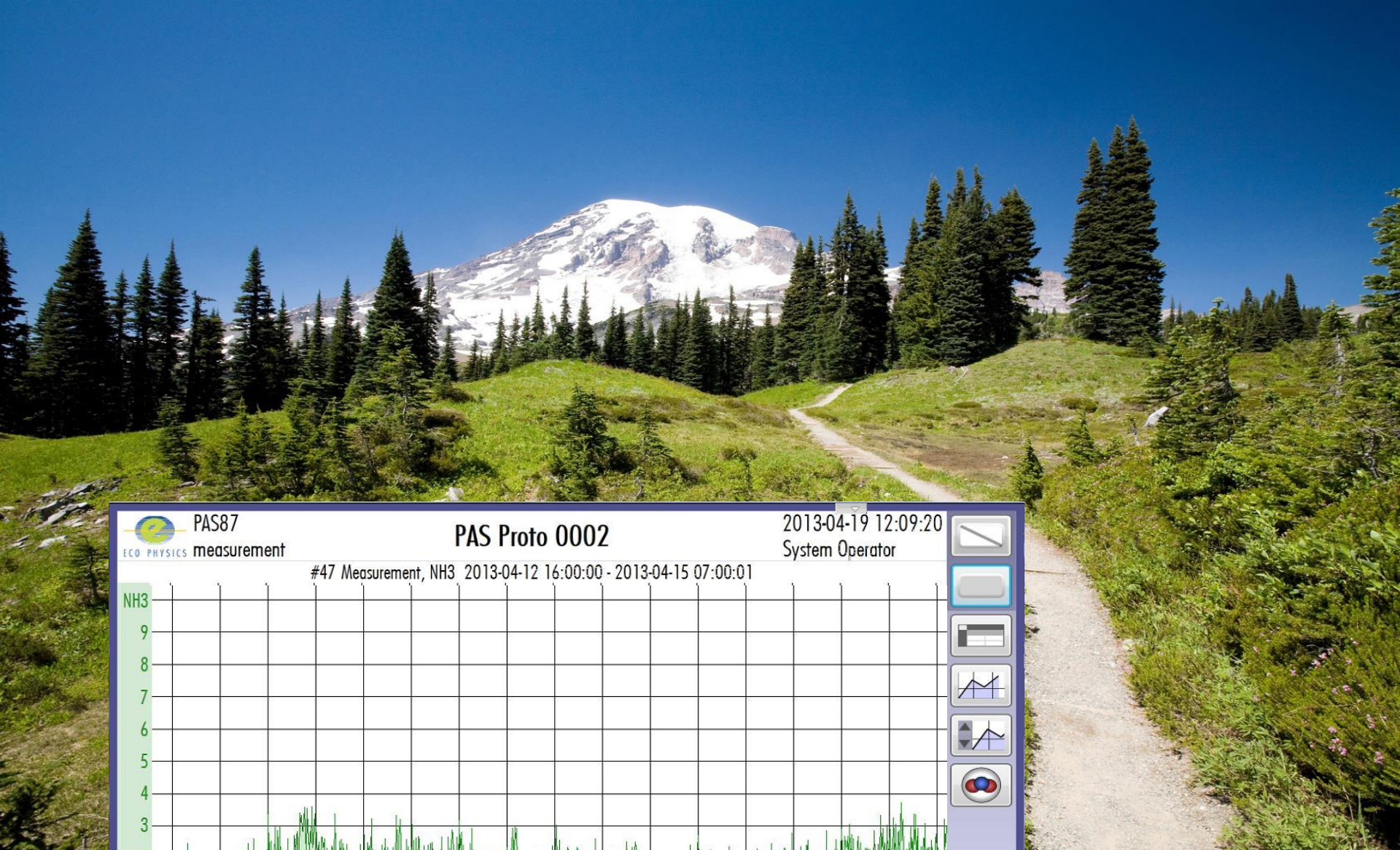




Second Test:  
outside the  
cowshed

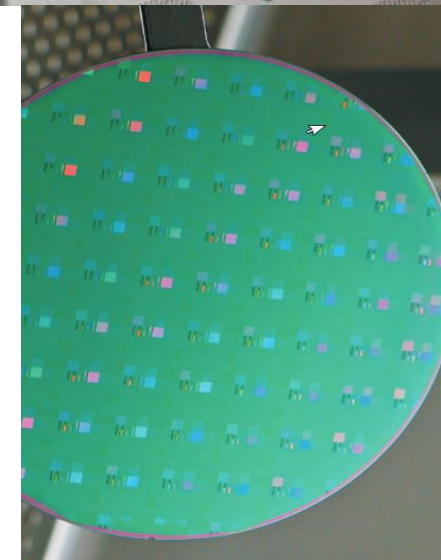
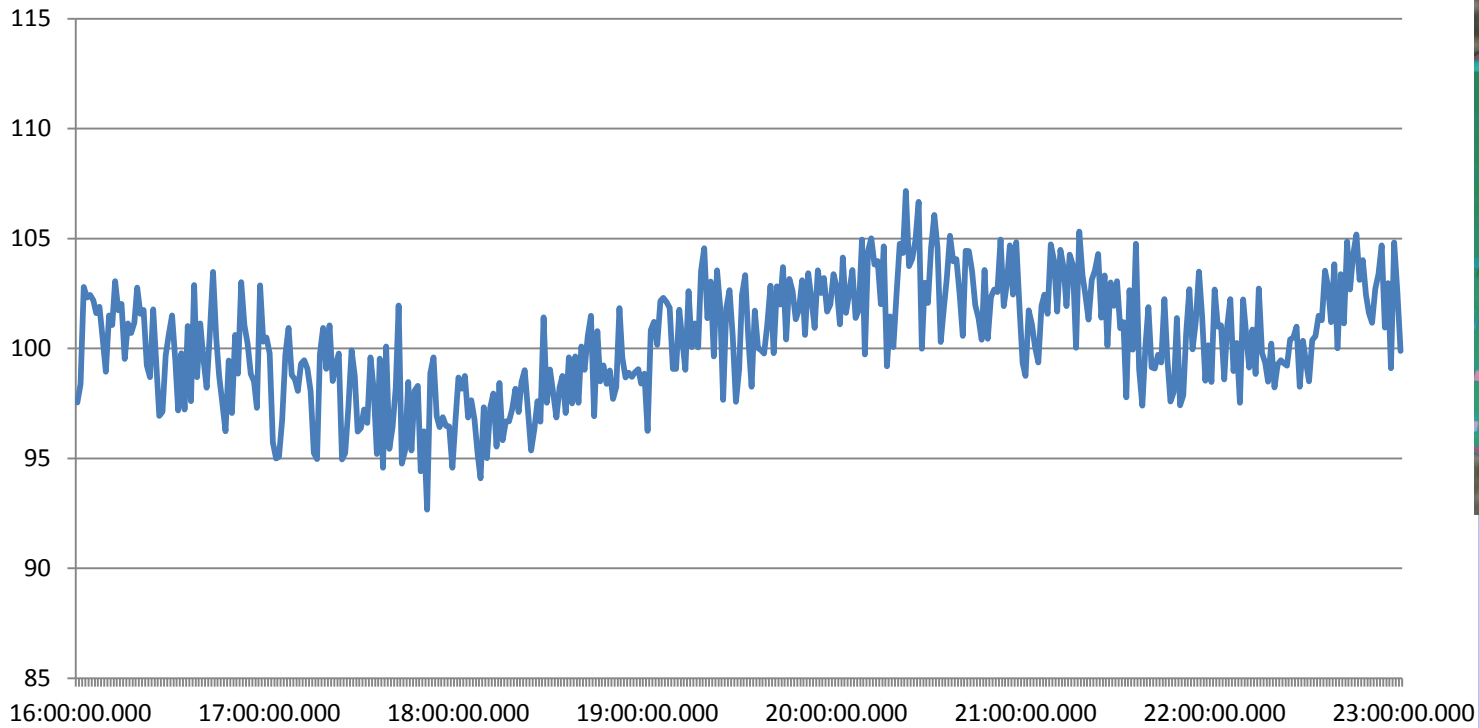






# Cleanroom Monitoring

Chemical mechanical polishing (CMP)



# Characteristics PAS 87

- Direct measurement of ammonia concentration.
- Compact stand alone instrument
- Maintenancefree laser unit
- Long maintenance intervals
- Low operating costs
- Modern user interface  
(Touchscreen - 7"-Display)
- Internal PC (→ USB, LAN, RS232), Data Logging



# Specifications

## PAS 87

### Specifications

Measuring ranges	four freely selectable ranges from 10-5'000 ppb	Interface	RS 232, LAN, USB (4x) DVI video out
Min. detectable concentration	< 0.5 ppb*	Analog output	Optional: External interface box connected via USB
Noise at zero point (1 $\sigma$ )	< 0.25 ppb*	Dimensions	height: 178 mm (7") width: 450 mm (19") with moulding: 495 mm depth: 545 mm
Lag time	< 15 sec	Weight	39 kg
Rise time (0-90%)	< 50 - 150 sec **	Delivery includes	PAS 87 analyzer, power cable, operator's manual
Temperature range	15-30 °C	Standard	PAS 87
Humidity tolerance	0-95% rel. h (non-condensing, ambient air and sample gas)		
Sample flow rate	0.2 l/min		
Input pressure	ambient, to be stabilized within $\pm 3$ mbar		
Power required	< 250 VA (incl. sample pump)		
Supply voltage	100 - 230 V/50-60 Hz		

\* depending on filter setting

\*\* depending on the concentration

ECO PHYSICS reserves the right to change these specifications without notice.



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# Photoacoustic Spectroscope

- PAS 87

