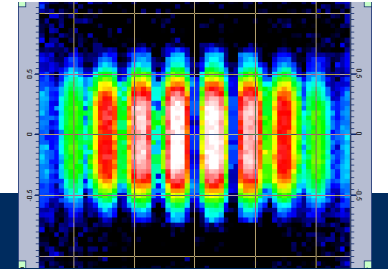
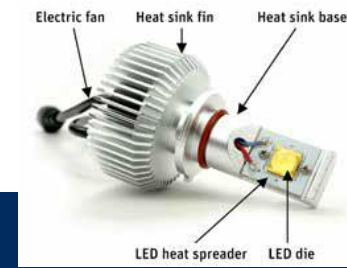
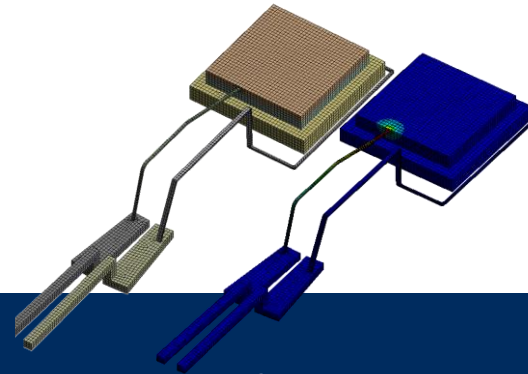


CADFEM[®]



Simulation is more than Software[®]



Multiphysics numerical simulation for photonics packaging

Joël Grognez



Cyber Physical System Portfolio

Model Based Engineering



Metamodels, MOR, Co-simulation, Strong Matrix coupling, Parameters

<p>FLUIDS</p>	<p>STRUCTURES</p>	<p>ELECTRONICS</p>	<p>SEMICONDUCTOR</p>	<p>EMBEDDED SOFTWARE</p>	<p>LIGHT & Human Vision</p>
----------------------	--------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------------------	---------------------------------	--

Integrated (I)IoT Assets

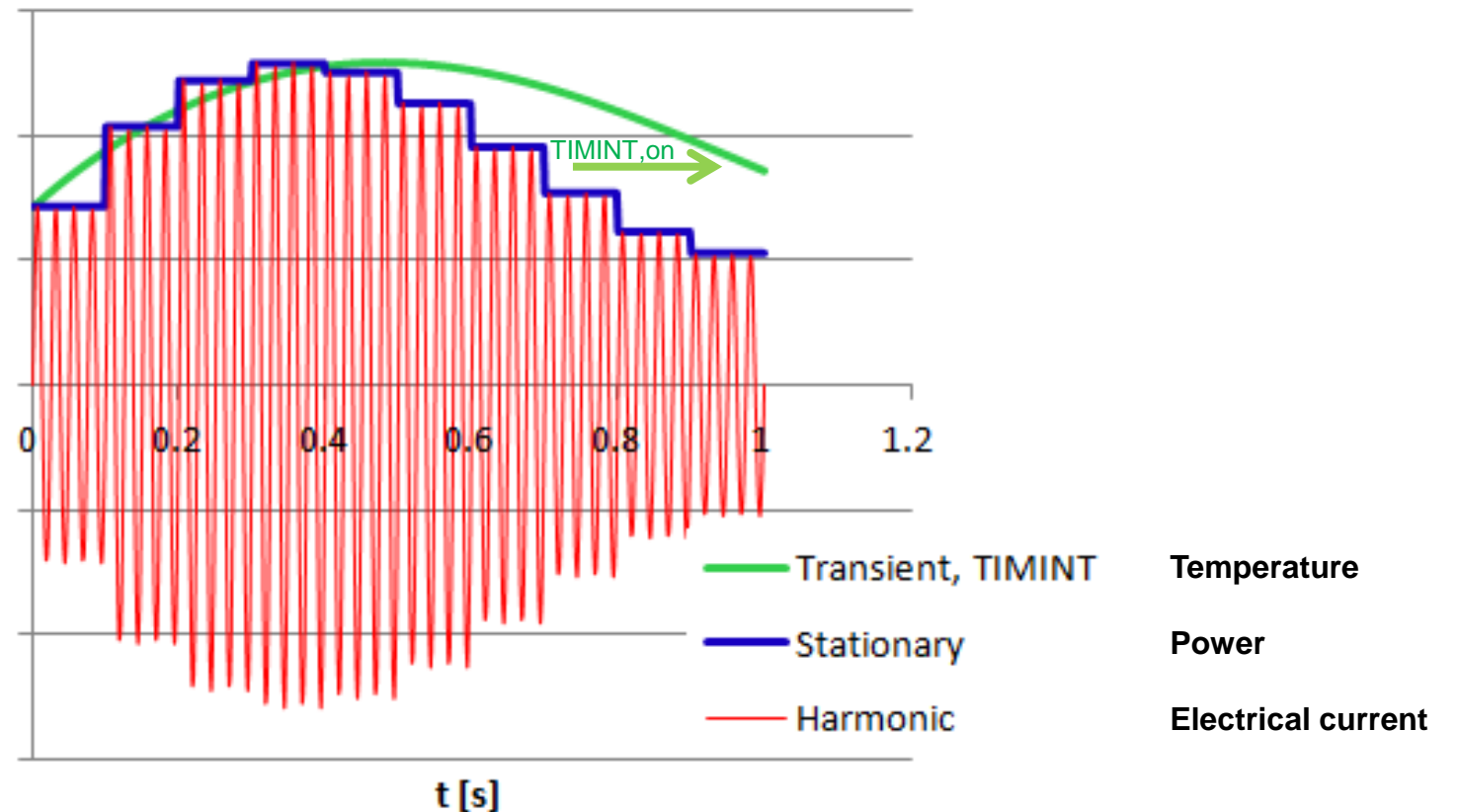


Rendered with ANSYS SPEOS

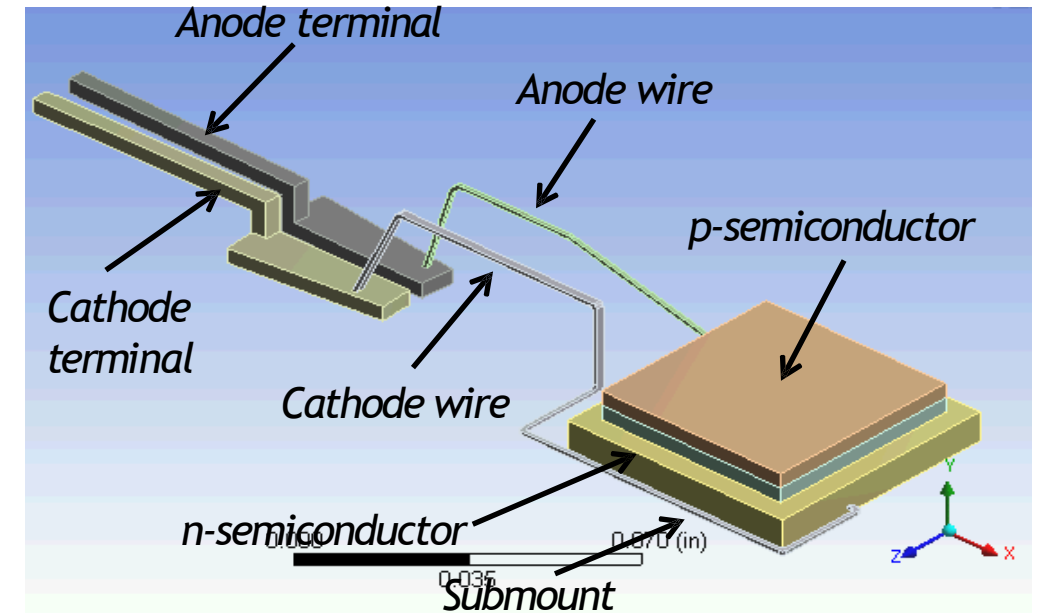
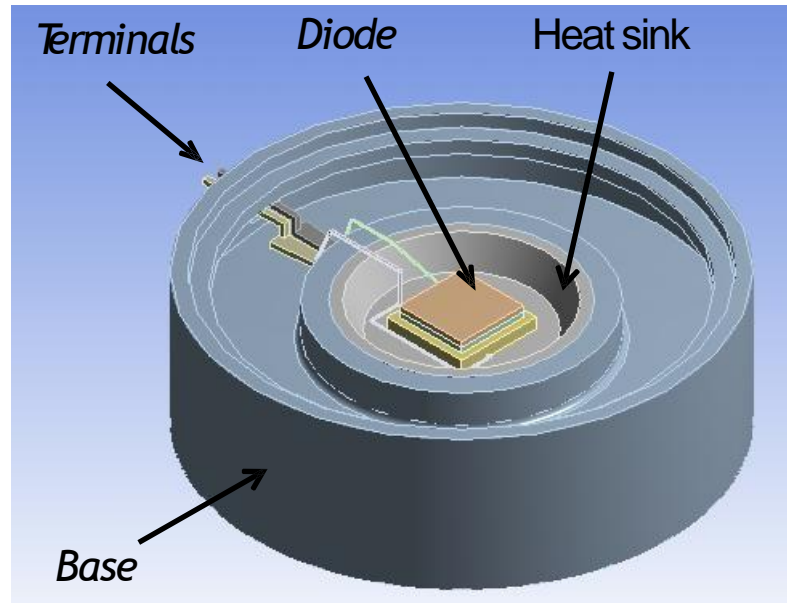
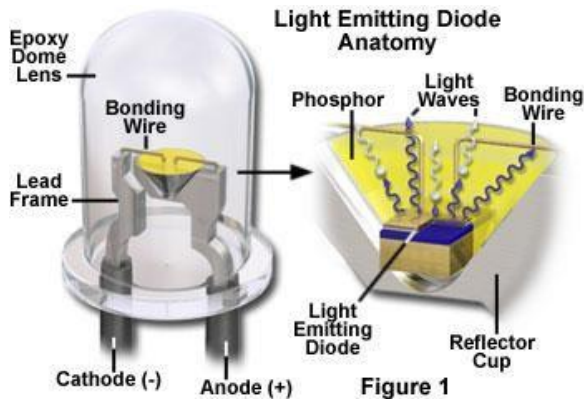
Multi-timescale

- Stationary: time scale t_1
- Harmonic: time scale t_2
- Transient (TIMINT, on): time scale t_3

- For instance:
 $t_1 \ll t_2 \ll t_3$



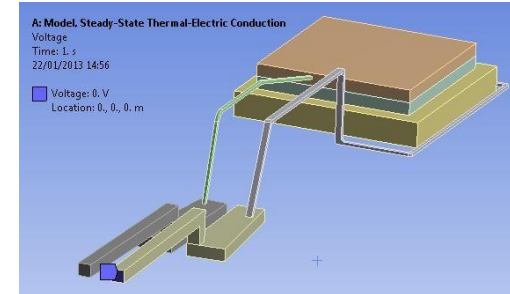
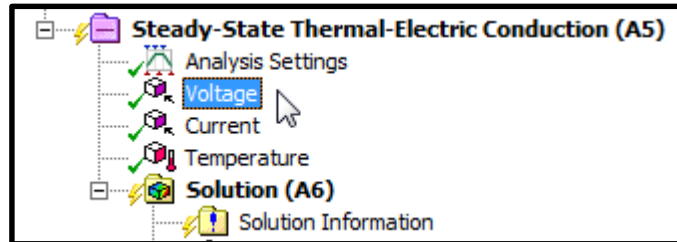
Thermal-Electric analysis of a LED (Strong Coupling)



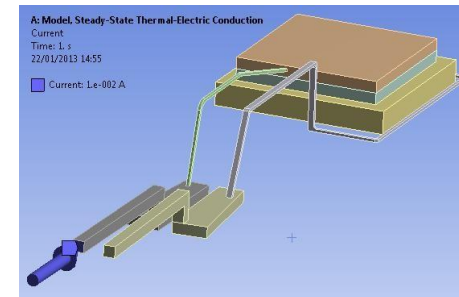
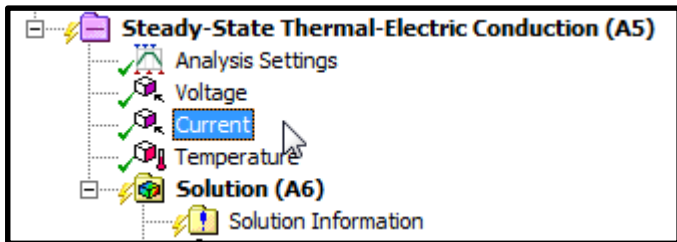
Material	Body	Thermal Conductivity λ (W.m ⁻¹ .K ⁻¹)	Resistivity ρ (Ω .m ⁻¹)
Gold	Anode terminal / Cathode terminal / Anode wire / Cathode wire	301	2.2e-8
Silicon	Submount	124	0.0001
Gallium Nitride	n-semiconductor	125	0.118
Gallium Arsenide	p-semiconductor	46	0.079
Copper Alloy	Heat sink	401	1.724e-8
Nylon	Base	0.634	1000

Thermal-Electric analysis of a LED : Setting boundary conditions

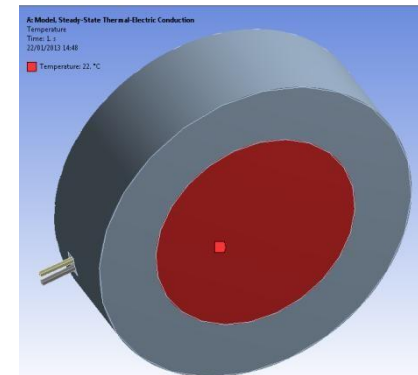
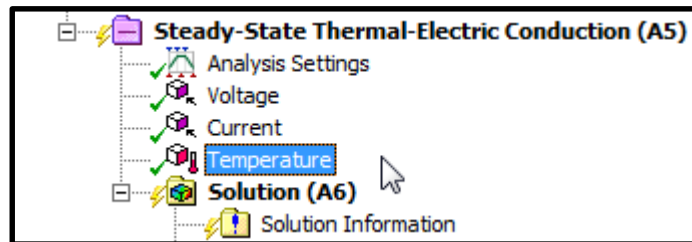
Apply 0 V to the end of Anode terminal:



Apply 10mA to the end of Cathode terminal:

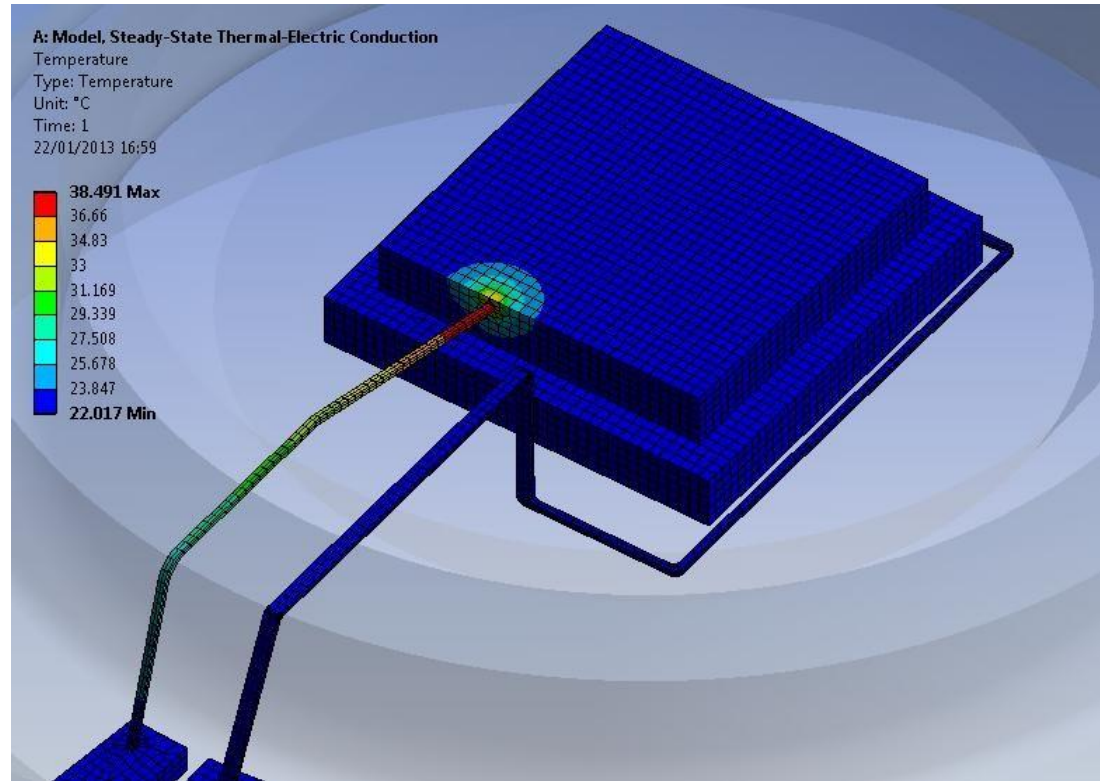


Apply 22°C to the bottom of the Heat sink:

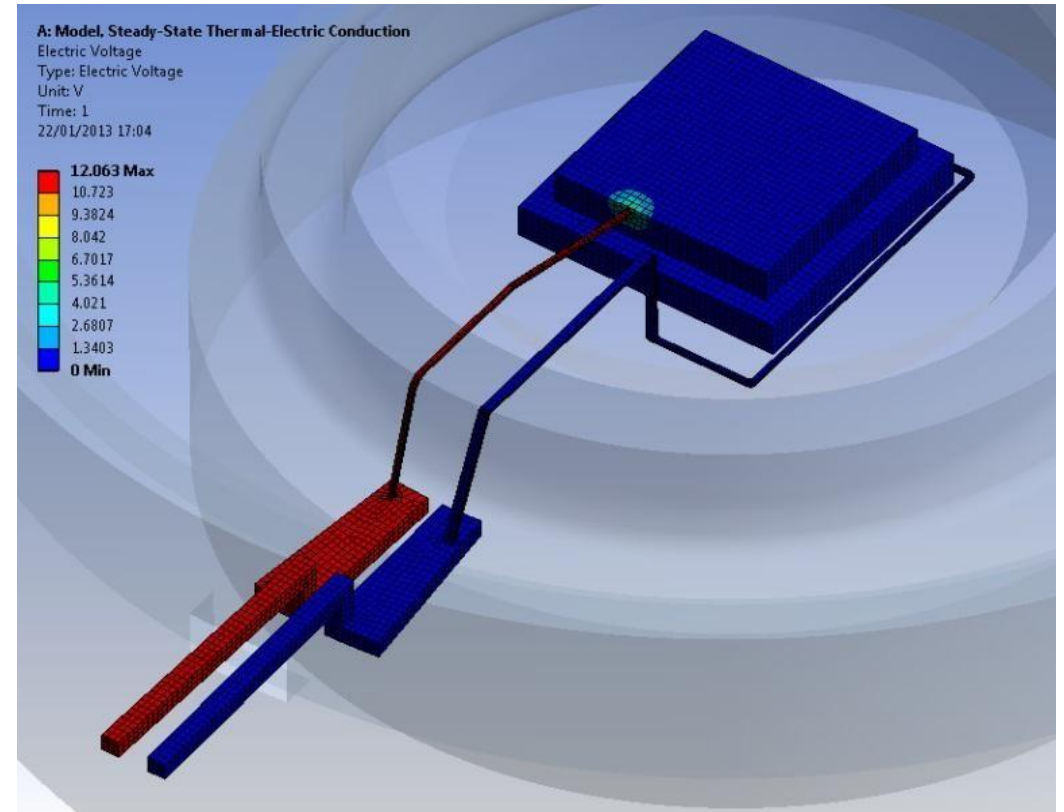


Thermal-Electric analysis of a LED : Results

- Temperature

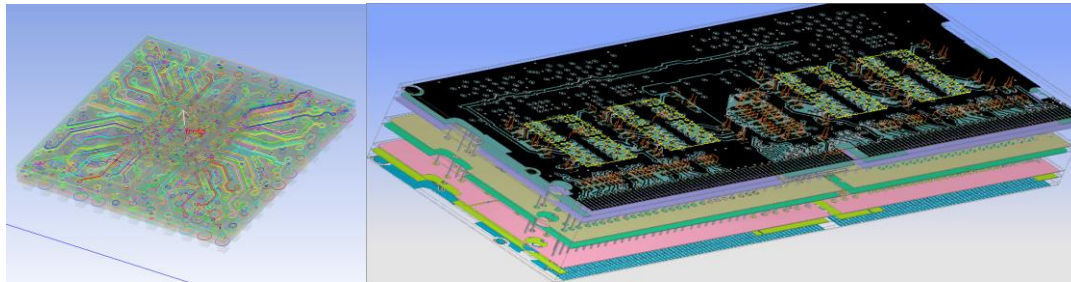


- Voltage

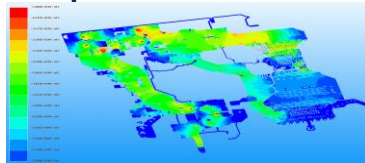


ECAD & Equivalent Circuit extraction

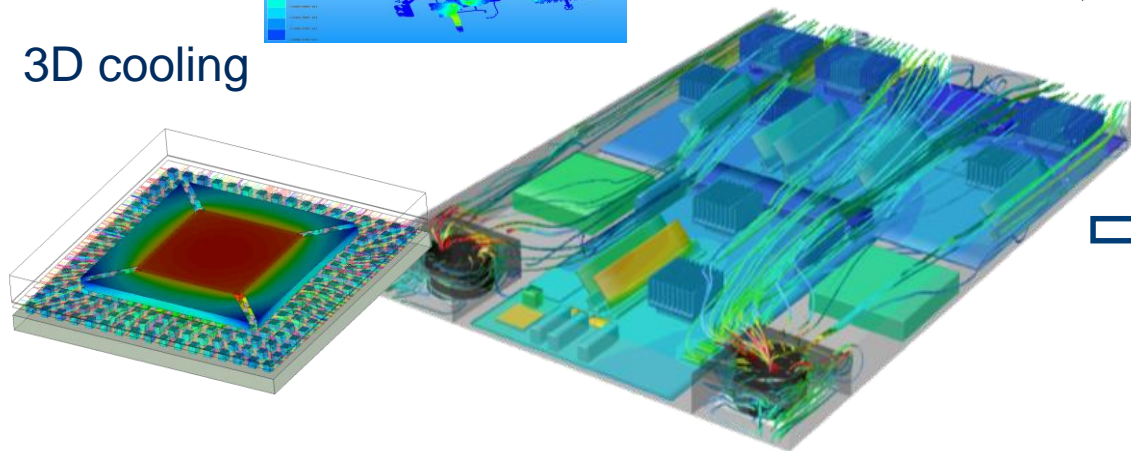
- ECAD import:



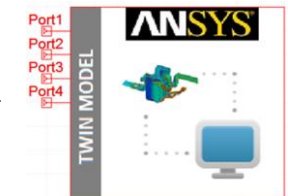
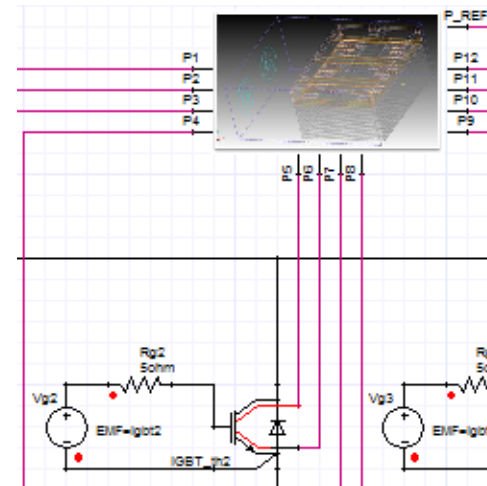
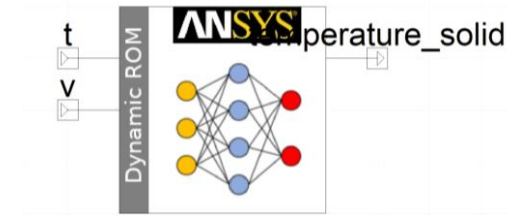
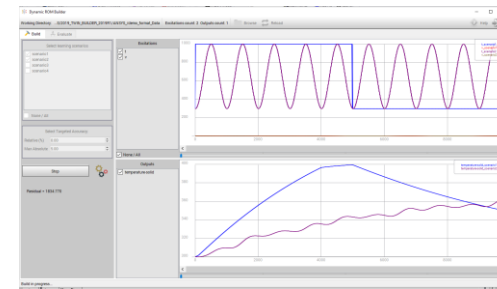
- 2.5D loss computation



- 3D cooling

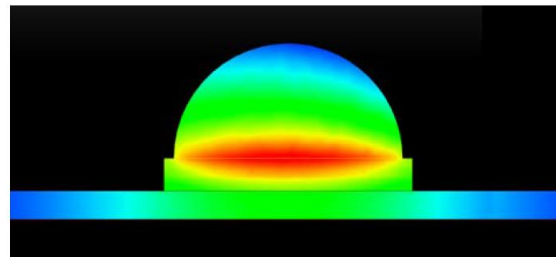
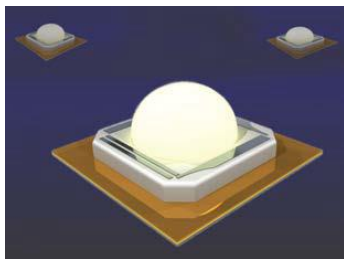


- 0D Circuit extraction

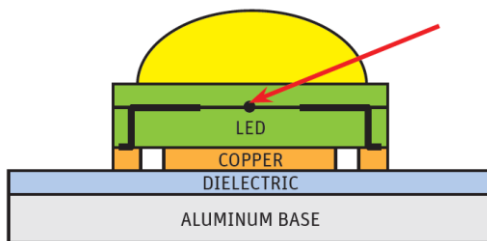


DuPont : CoolLam Substrate

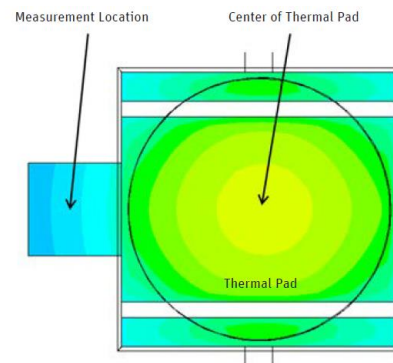
“...supply lighting manufacturers with thermal substrates that ensure high LED performance, reduced power consumption and long life.”



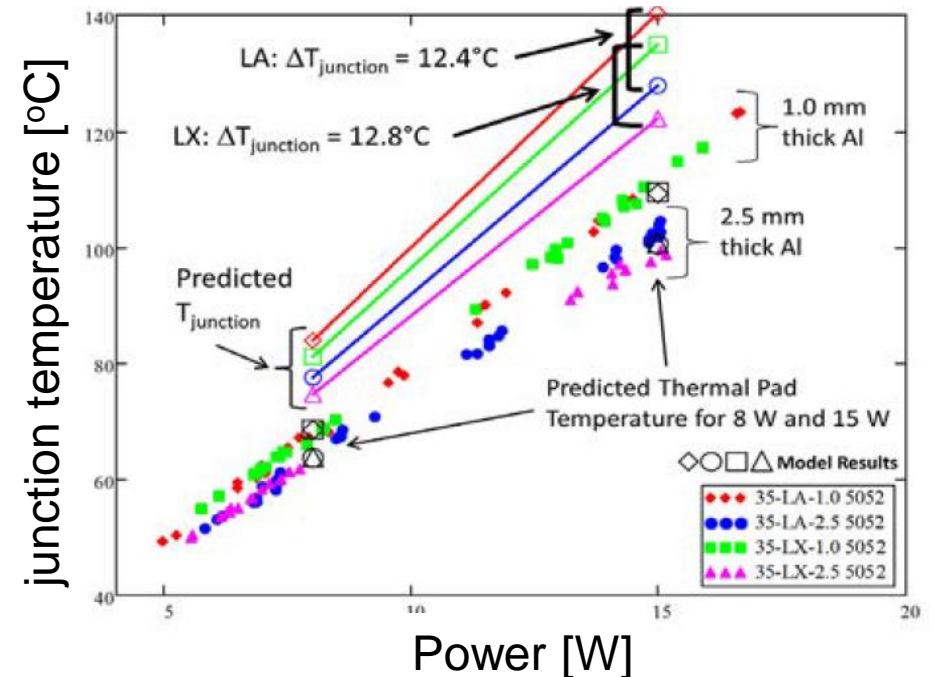
▲ Simulation results show temperature plotted on LED, thermal substrate and board.



▲ CoolLam® thermal substrates consist of copper foil, polyimide dielectric and aluminum base. The arrow shows the center of the thermal pad, which cannot be measured under operating conditions.



▲ Simulation showed a 15 C temperature difference between the solder pad and the center of the thermal pad.

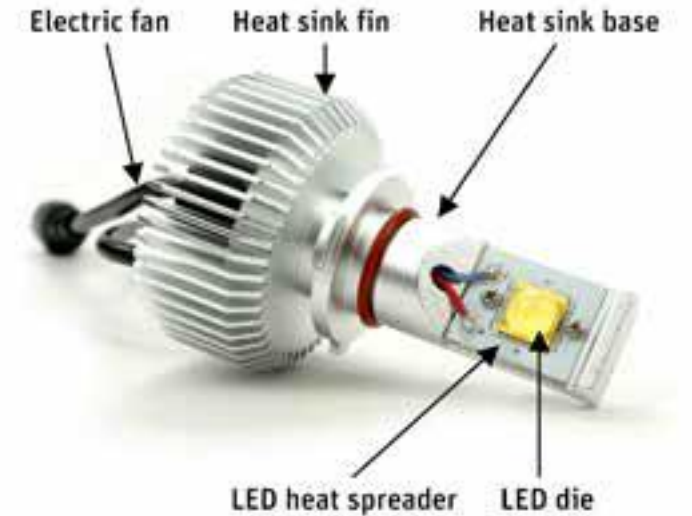


▲ Effect of aluminum thickness on junction temperature for two power levels and two types of dielectric material (LA and LX)

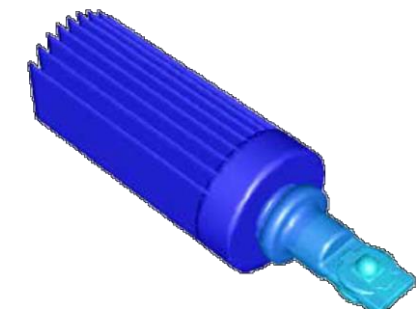
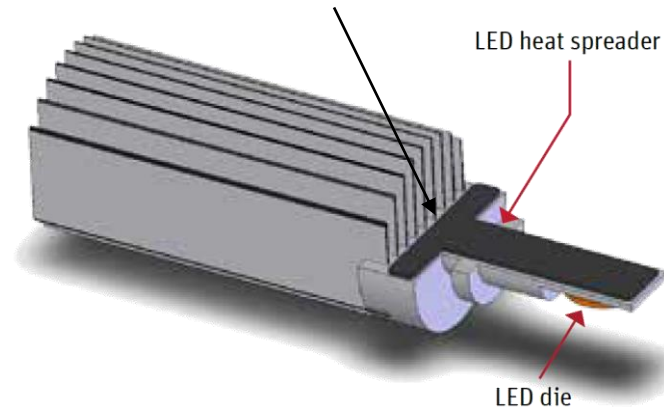
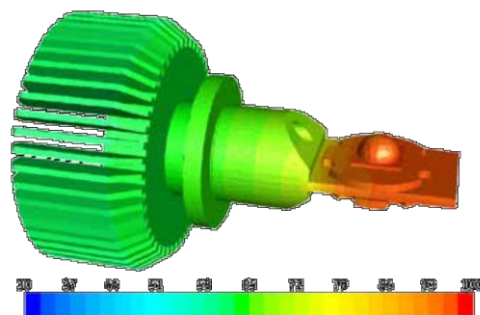
By Kevin Allred, Stacy Hamlet, Winston Fan and Lei Zhao, DuPont Engineering,
 E. I. DuPont de Nemours and Company, Wilmington, USA, ANSYS Advantage, Volume X, Issue 1, 2016

Momentive Performance Materials : Automotive Headlight LED

2 fold power increase at equal temperatures
(which matched physical measurement)

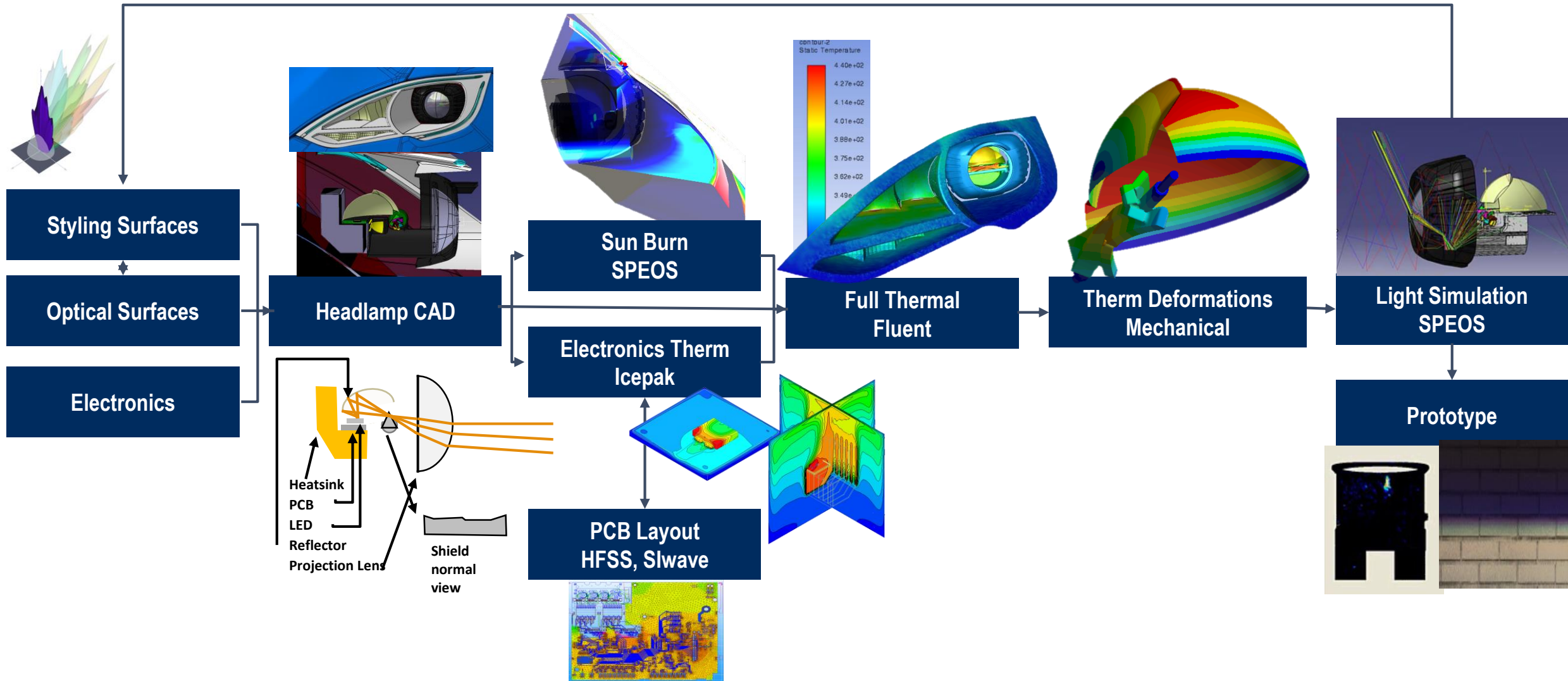


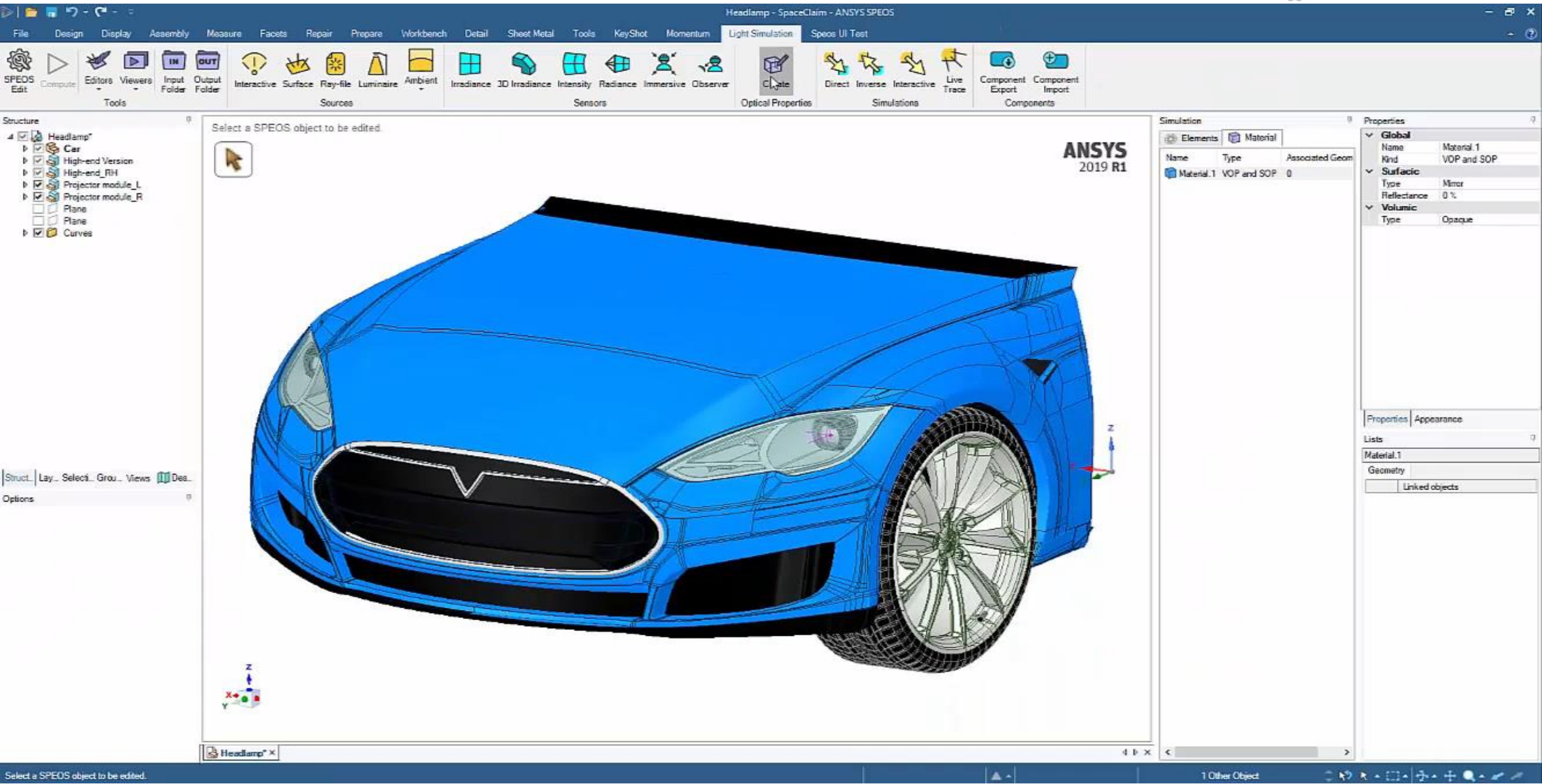
Thermal pyrolytic graphite (TPG) heat sink core and fins



Manjunath Subbanna, Eelco Galestien, Creighton Tomek, Wei Fan,
Momentive Performance Materials,
Strongsville, USA, ANSYS Advantage, Issue 2 2017

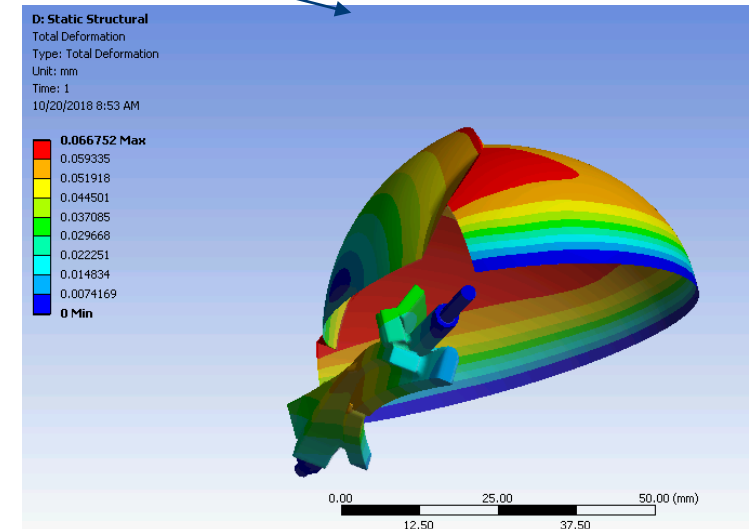
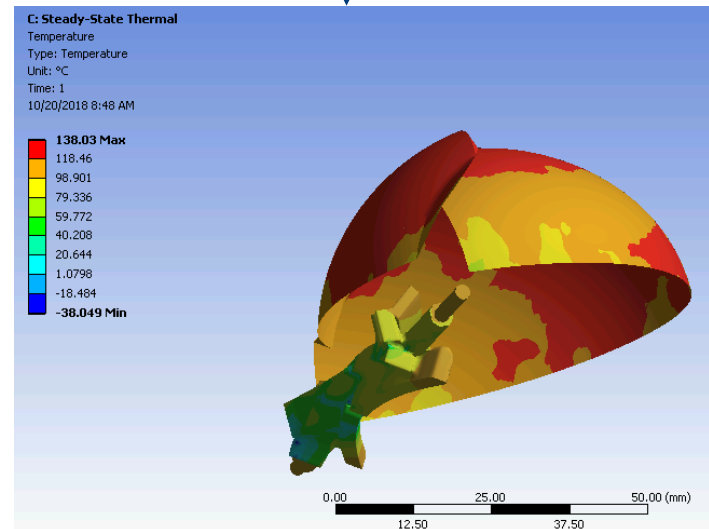
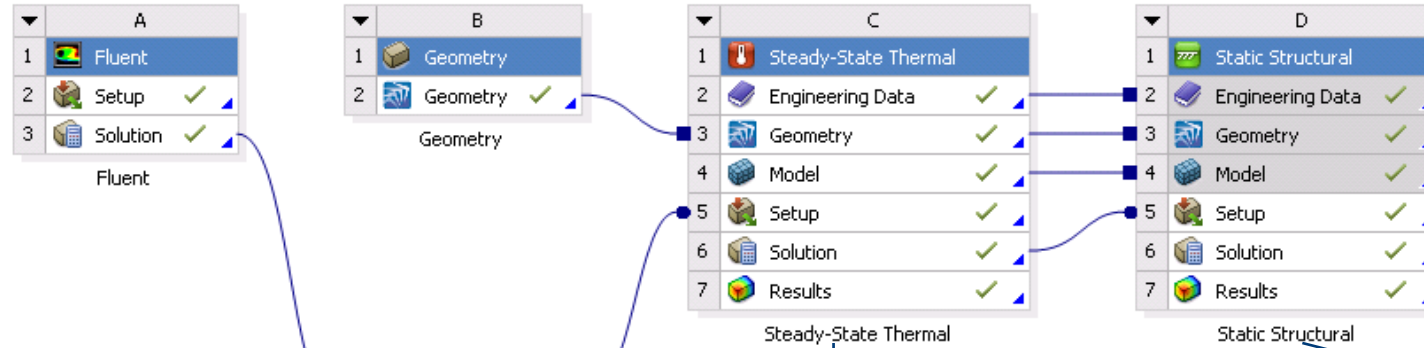
Effects of Thermal Deformation of Car Headlamp Parts on Lighting Performance





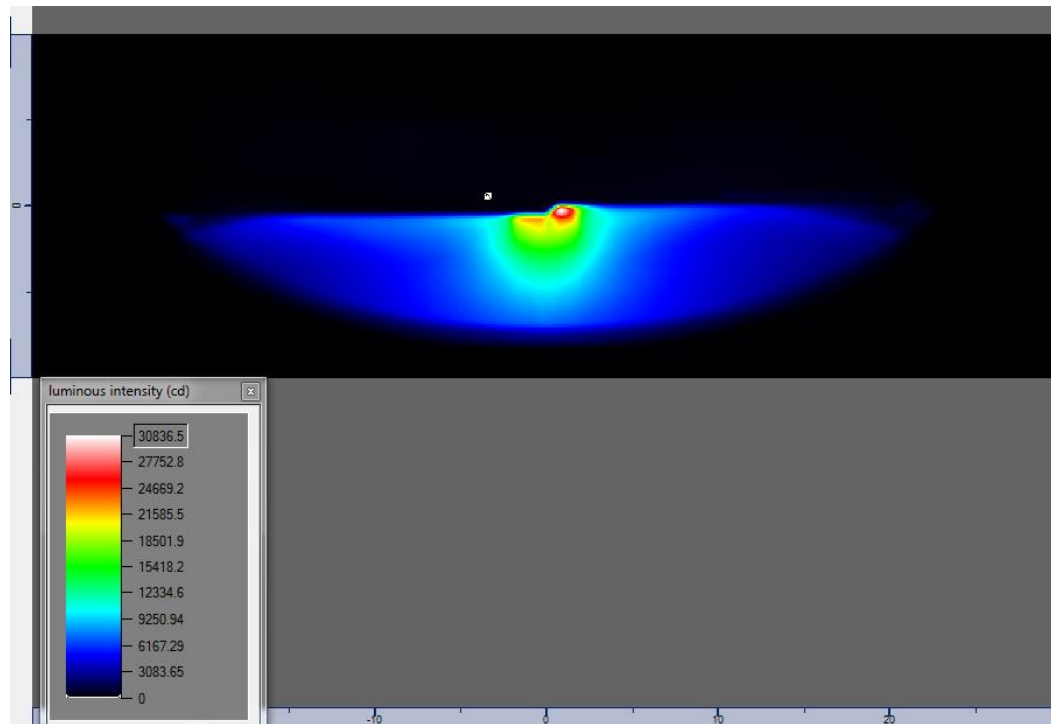
Effects of Thermal Deformation of Car Headlamp Parts on Lighting Performance

Drag & Drop Multiphysics :

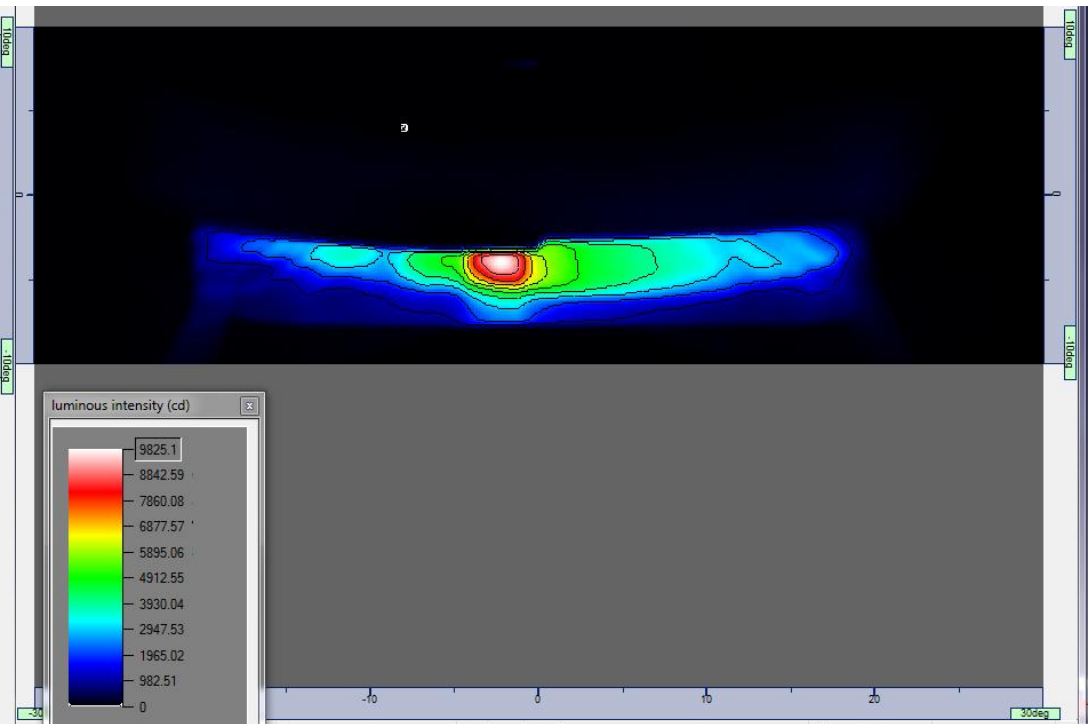


Effects of Thermal Deformation of Car Headlamp Parts on Lighting Performance

Original



Deformed



File Design Display Assembly Measure Facets Repair Prepare Workbench Detail Sheet Metal Tools KeyShot Momentum Light Simulation Speos UI Test Light Simulation Beta

SPEOS Edit Compute Editors Viewers Input Folder Output Folder Interactive Surface Ray-file Luminaire Ambient Irradiance 3D Irradiance Intensity Radiance Immersive Observer Create Direct Inverse Interactive Live Trace Component Export Component Import

Tools Sources Sensors Optical Properties Simulations Components

Structure

- DEMO_LightGuide_TabletPC
 - lightguide_final_LG
 - Cut-Extrude_7
 - Cut-Extrude_71
 - Plane
 - Curves
 - EZL_Lib_DEMO_LED
 - button_camera
 - button_camera+
 - button_phone
 - button_phone+
 - button_home
 - button_home+
 - cover
 - diffusor
 - SPEOS Simulation

Simulation

Elements Material

- Sources
 - LED_source
 - Interactive Source 1
- Sensors
 - output

Options - Move

General

- Create patterns
- Maintain orientation
- Detach first
- Maintain sketch connectivity

Remember orientation: Default

Appearance

Background	
Color	Wh
Environment	Default

Click an object. Double-click to select a chain or loop. Triple-click to select a solid.

ANSYS R19.2

DEMO_LightGuide_TabletPC x

Preview Disconnected Update **Renderer**

Direct Simulation Rebalancing Color Scale Morphological AA Depth of Field

Light Modeling Simulation Dispersion Illuminance IsoLines Ambient Occlusion Motion Blur

Auto-Resolution Luminance IsoAreas HDR Tonemapping

Generate Display AO

Connection Rendering Effects Ambient Occlusion

Structure

- ✓ Demo_TabletPC*
 - TabletPC
 - Button_Camera
 - Button_Phone
 - Button_Home
 - Button_Power
 - Button_Networks
 - Button_Mail
 - Button_Stocks
 - Button_Travels
 - Lightguide
 - Lib_LED_Osram_MinisTOPLED_Lx_M670
 - Lib_LED_ATR-GRAR

Structure Layers Selection Groups Views Simulation Design

Options - Light Simulation Beta

640 Width
400 Height
1280 Horizontal Location

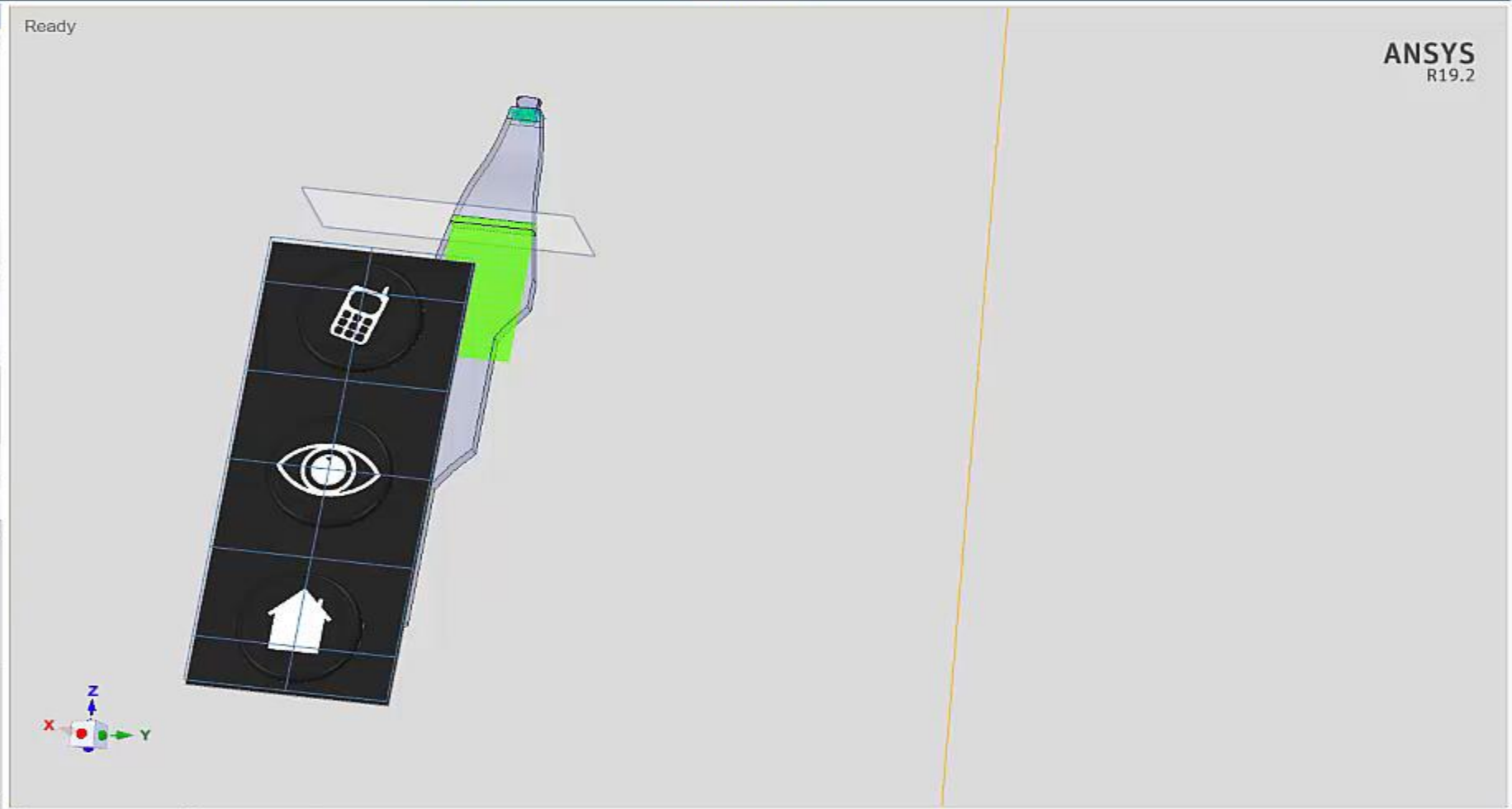
3D View Only
 Windowed

Properties

Analysis
Share Topology: None

Document
Display Name: Demo_TabletPC
Document Path: C:\Users\duchene\Desktop\Data1\Demo_TabletPC
Locked: False
Use File Name: True

File
Category:
Content Status:
Content Type:
Created: 12/01/2019 17:14
Creator:
Description:
Identifier:



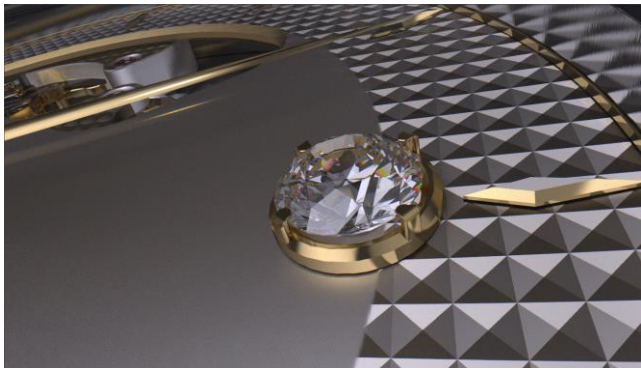
Physically Accurate Light Simulation



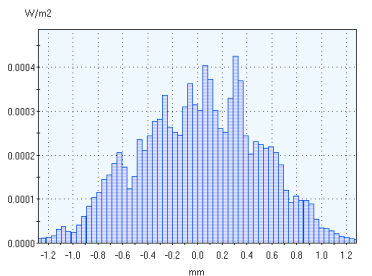
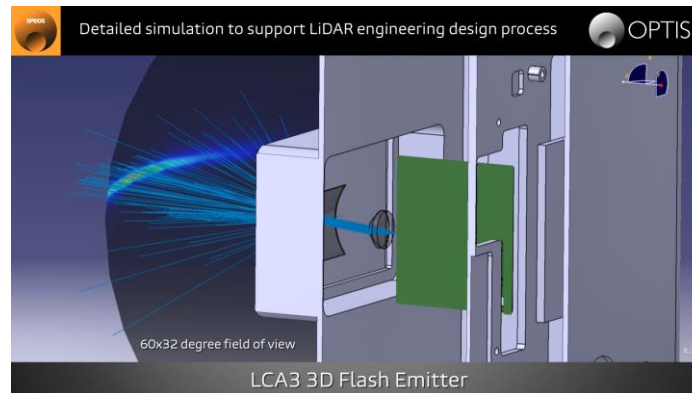
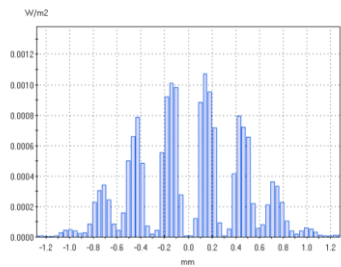
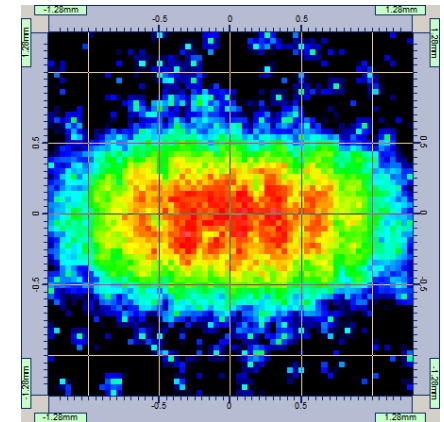
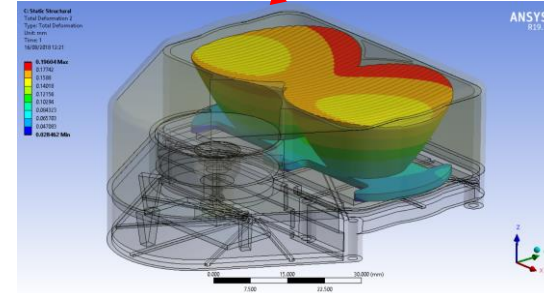
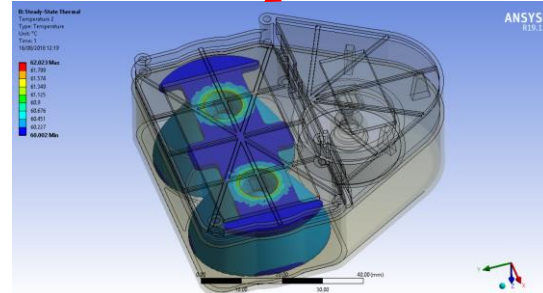
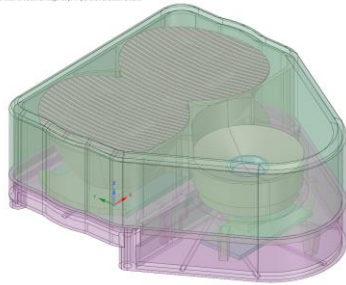
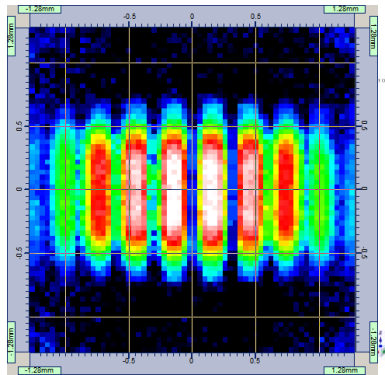
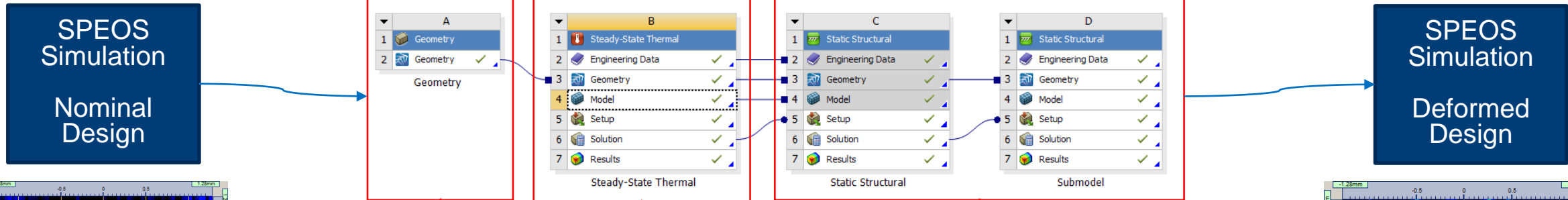
Real



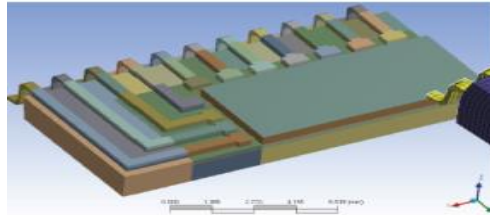
Virtual



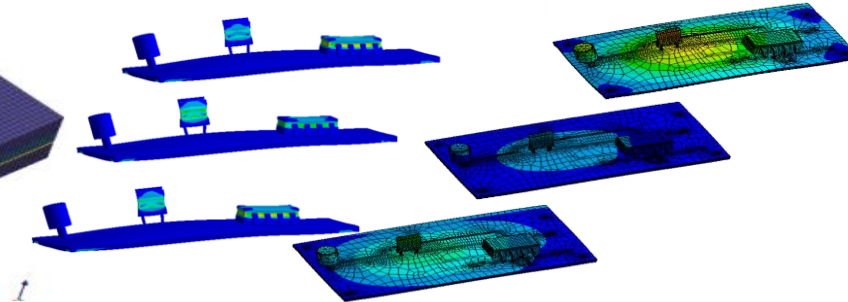
Flash Lidar: Multiphysics coupling



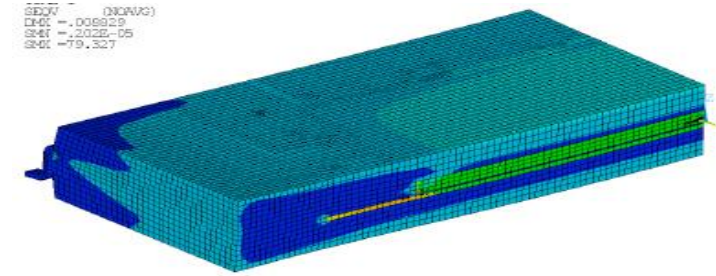
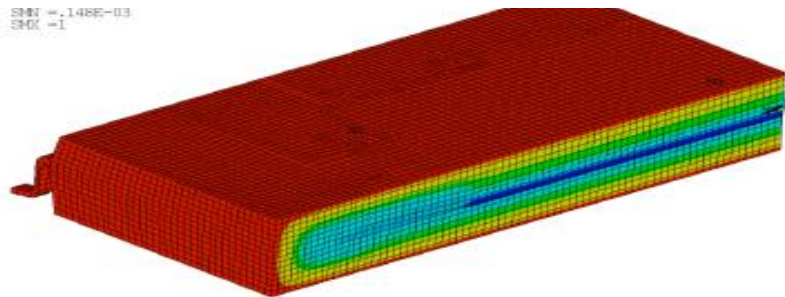
Temperature-dependent moisture migration and hygrothermal strains in electronic packages



Humidity after 168h



Stress after 168h



$$\frac{\partial C}{\partial t} = D \cdot \nabla^2 C$$

Diffusion Constant [m²/s]

$$\epsilon = \epsilon_{el} + \epsilon_{di} = \epsilon_{el} + C_{sat} \cdot \beta \cdot (\bar{C} - \bar{C}_{ref})$$

Diffusion expansion ([m³/kg])

Cyber Physical System Portfolio

Model Based Engineering



Metamodels, MOR, Co-simulation, Strong Matrix coupling, Parameters

<p>FLUIDS</p>	<p>STRUCTURES</p>	<p>ELECTRONICS</p>	<p>SEMICONDUCTOR</p>	<p>EMBEDDED SOFTWARE</p>	<p>LIGHT & Human Vision</p>
----------------------	--------------------------	---------------------------	-----------------------------	---------------------------------	--

Integrated (I)IoT Assets



Rendered with ANSYS SPEOS