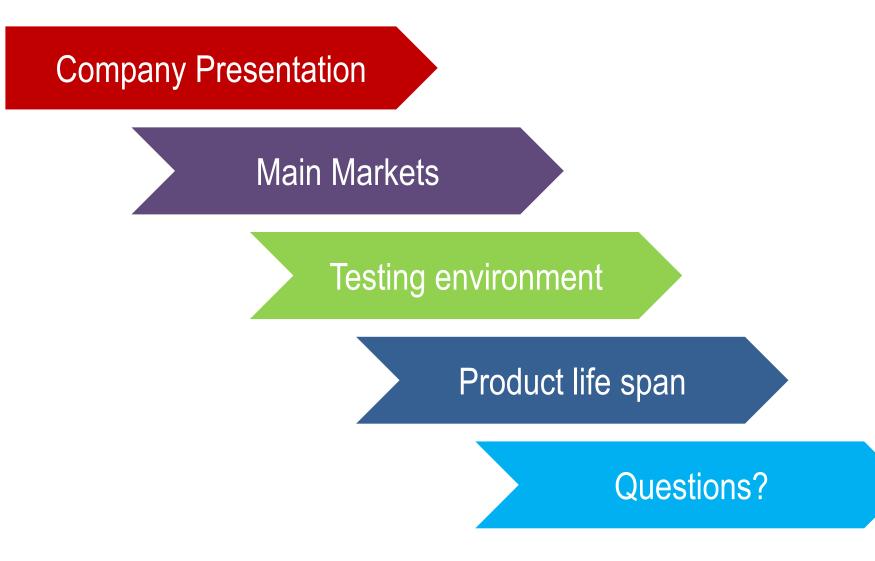


Integrated fiber optics acceleration sensors for hazardous environments

A partnership between CSEM SA and MC-monitoring SA
CSEM SA
Maurizio Tormen
Senior Project Manager
Vice Director

Think ahead, Move forward





COMPAN

Key partner for demanding customers providing reliable, cost effective and innovative monitoring solutions





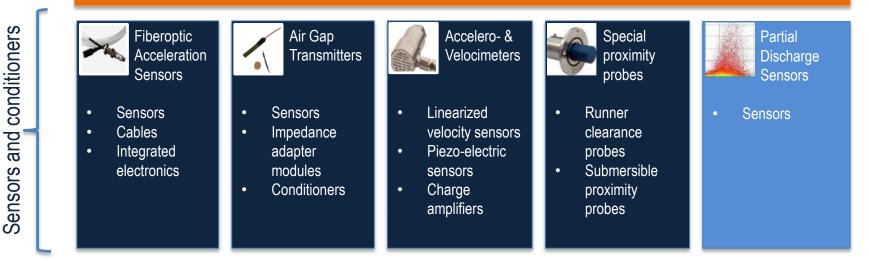
COMPANY

Core Competences

Projects

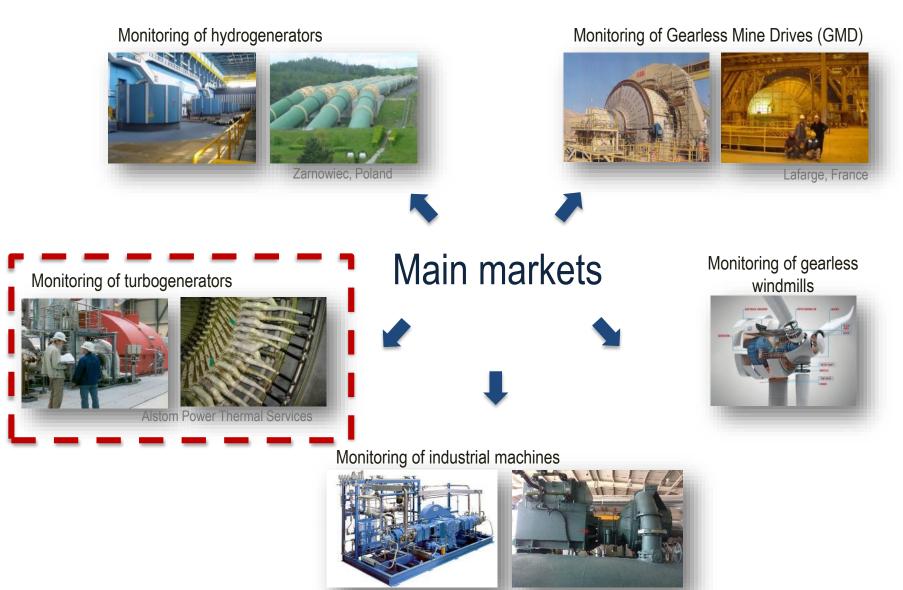
CMS - Condition Monitoring Software

Data Aquisition Module (vibration, airgap & PD)





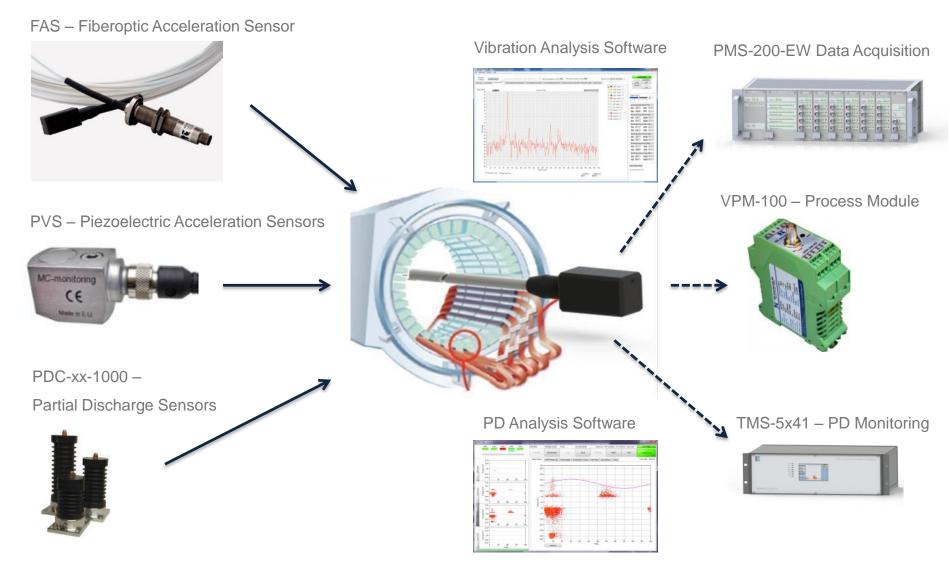
Main Markets



Tabreed

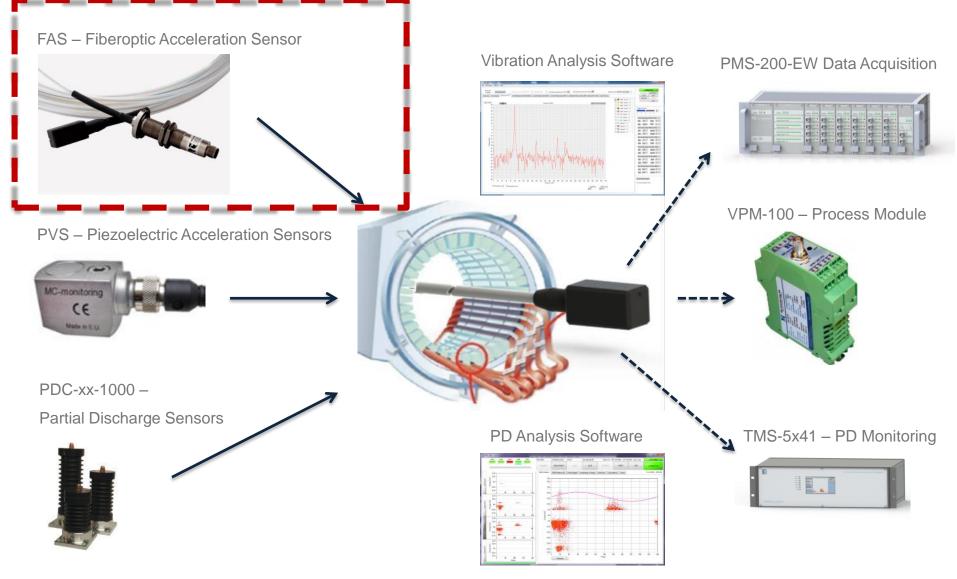


Monitoring solution for turbo generators



MC-monitoring SA

Monitoring solution for turbo generators









Testing environment

Product life span

Questions?

Main Markets



Necessity to monitor endwinding vibrations

Cause

- Endwinding vibration is due to strong electromagnetic forces at twice the synchronous frequency
- Deterioration is accelerated when the self **resonance frequency** of the stator bar is similar to the **double synch**. frequency

Effects/Observations

- Weakening of the structure
- Weakening of the insulation (cracks)

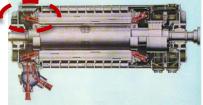
Main Markets

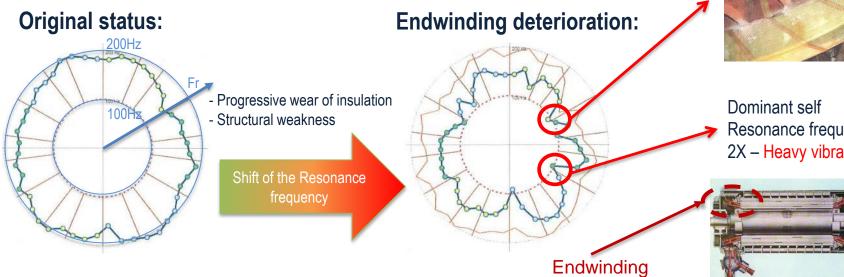
- Failure of the cooling system
- Cracking of the conductor
- Potentially short-circuit

Friction dust



Dominant self Resonance frequency at 2X – Heavy vibration





Source: Erweiterte Diagnoseverfahren für Kraftwerksturbosätze



Fiberoptic Acceleration Sensor: FAS-Sensor

Fiberoptic Acceleration Sensor "FAS"

- Vibration measurements in hazardous and explosive environments
- Immune against electrical and magnetic fields
- Highly isolated: more than 65kV demonstrated



ADVANTAGE : No electrical coupling between sensor head and cubicle = NO DANGER TO LIFE



Main Markets

Design

- Sensor head: Sensitive element placed on the end-winding
- Fiberoptic cable with PTFE protection tube: transmission of optical signal
- Conditioner: Signal conditioning with dual output (acceleration/displacement)





Main Markets

Testing environment

Product life span

Questions?



Product requirements

Requirements

Description	Unit	Range	Tolerances	Status
Minimum frequency range	[Hz]	10 to 400	-3 dB	By design
Linearity	[g]	0.1 to 40	+/- 10%	By design
Resonant frequency	[Hz]	> 600		By design
Sensitivity	[mV/g]	100	+/- 10%	By design
Temperature range	[°C]	-20 to +90°C	+/- 10%	By design
Product life span	[years]	10	>10 years	To be defined ?

Monitored parameter

Monitored parameter	Measuring unit	Accepted deviation
Sensitivity	[mV/g]	+/- 10%
Electrical current consumption	[mA]	+/- 10%





Main Markets

Testing environment

Product life span

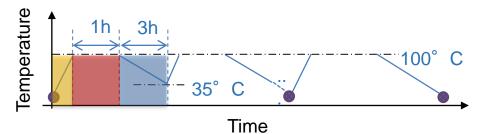
Questions?



Steady-state temperature robustness

- Continuous testing
 - Goal: demonstrate the reliability to the specified temperature over an extended time period
 - Excitation: Sensor at rest
 - Minimum exposition temperature: 100°C

- Cycling testing
 - Goal: Determine the resistance of the sensor to temperature extremes
 - Excitation: Sensor at rest
 - Temperature variation: 35-100°C
 - Exposition time equivalency during operation: 7'300 cycles
 - 2 temperature cycles per day during 10 years



(•): Measurements

Step 1 : Heating / 15min

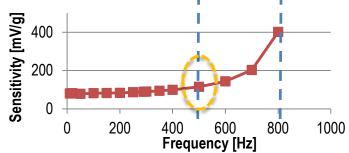
Step 2 : High temperature

Step 3 : Cooling



Constant acceleration test

- Ambient temperature
 - Goal: Determine types of structural and mechanical weaknesses
 - Excitation: Sine function, 10g pk-pk,
 - F= resonance frequency/1.5,
 - Exposition temperature: Ambient temperature
 - Exposition time : 10 min
- Combined temperature and acceleration test
 - Excitation: Sine function, 10g pk-pk,
 - F= resonance frequency/1.5
 - Temperature variation: 35-100°C





Company Presentation

Main Markets

Testing environment

Product life span

Questions?

Think ahead, Move forward www.mc-monitoring.com

Questions







Accelerated ageing ?

10 years product life span



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Many thanks for your attention

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