

High power blue lasers for white light generation

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SWISS PHOTONICS

Workshop: Smart Lighting

Friday, 30.10.2015, EPFL

Solid state lighting

LEDs have conquered most of the lighting empire.

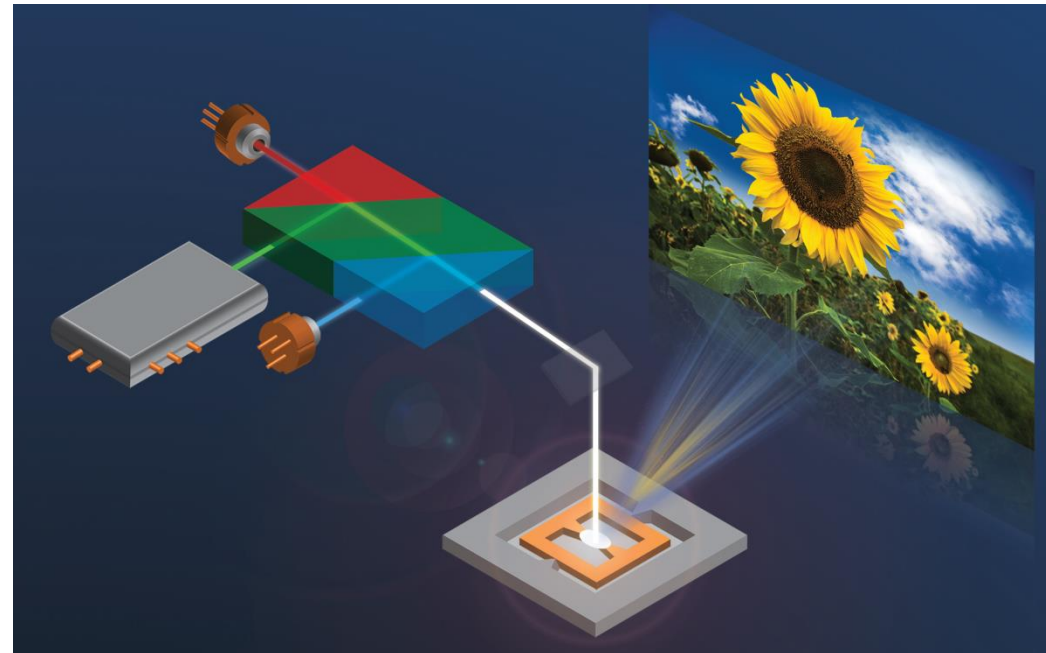


But lasers may strike back!

Some examples



RGB laser projectors



Some examples

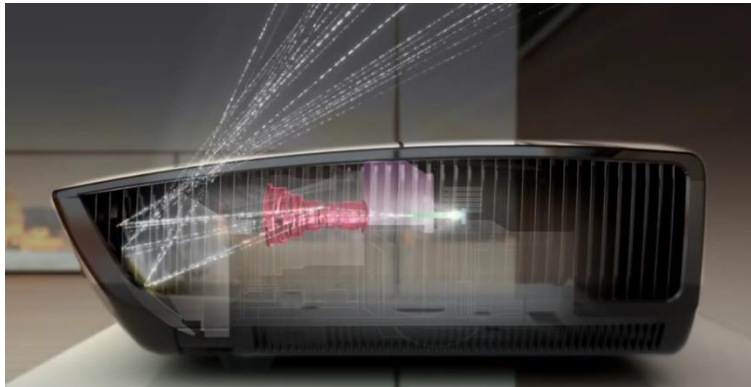


LG 100 Inch LASER Display Hecto

BRING THE REAL CINEMA IN YOUR HOME

HECTO

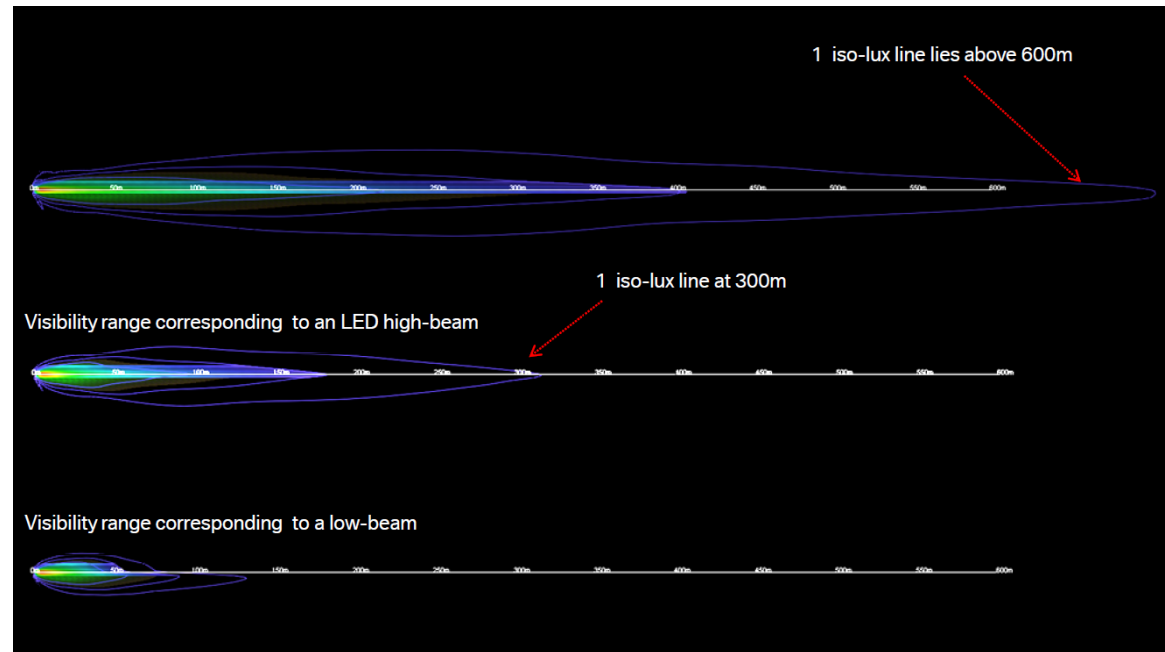
- LG LASER DISPLAY
- 100" GIGANTIC SCREEN
- WIFI BUILT-IN
- HD DIVX



Some examples



BMW i8 laser-based headlights



Hanafi et Erdl., Laser light, BMW ek-711, 21.05.2015

Why lasers?

Because they are cool!



but also

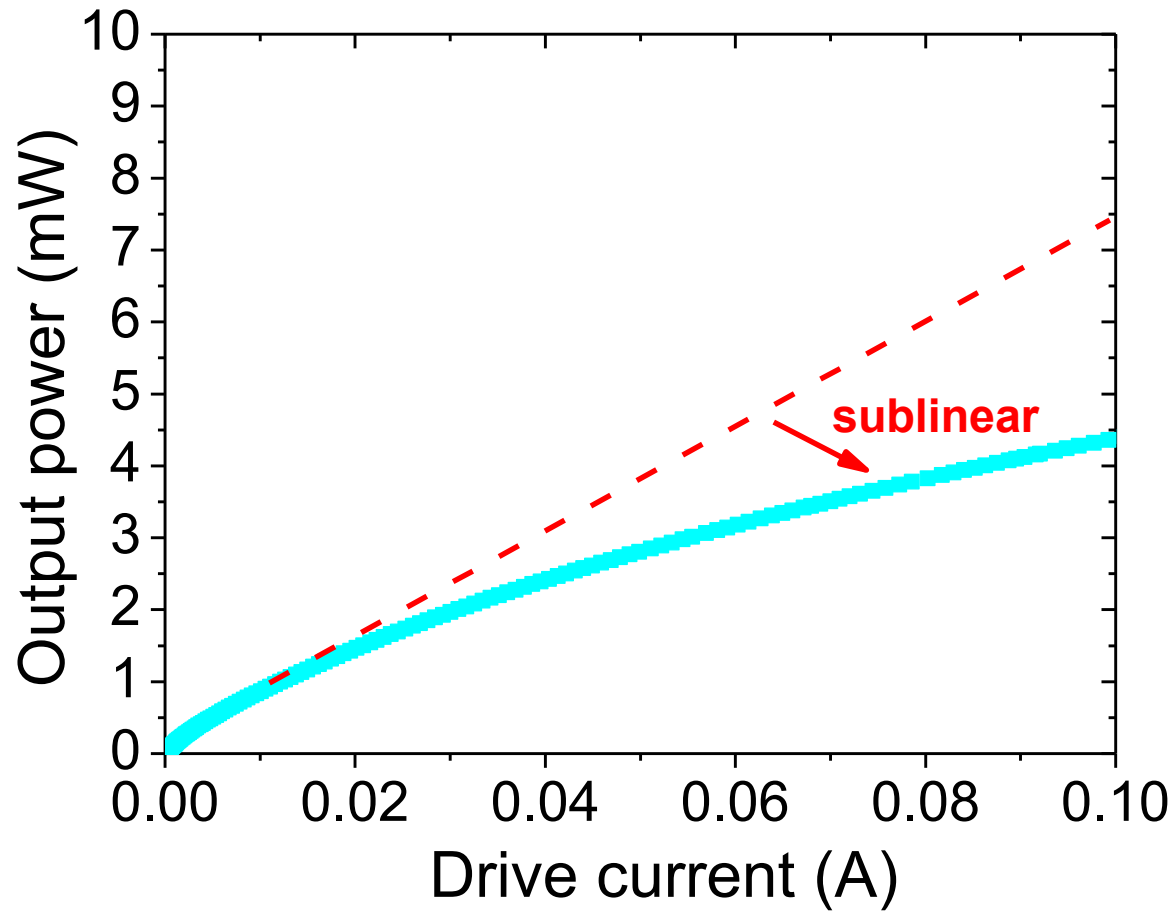
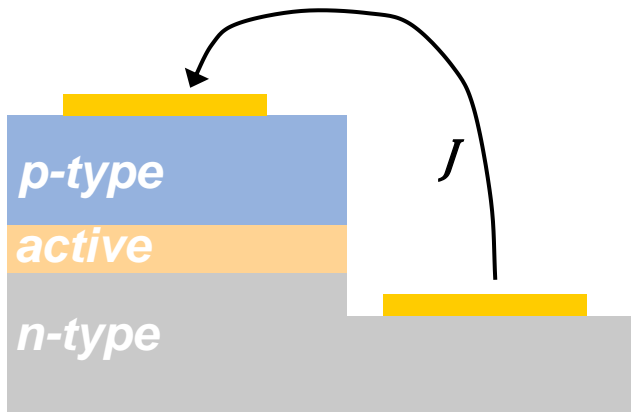
Outline

LD vs LED: handbook of semiconductor physics

**GaN-based LDs: technology
and performance**

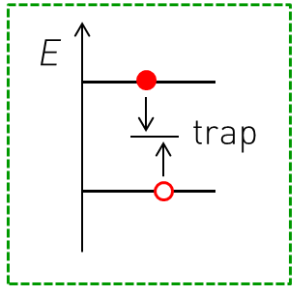
White light generation

LED guide for dummies

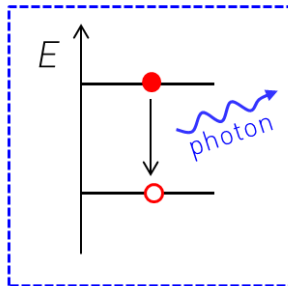


LED guide for dummies

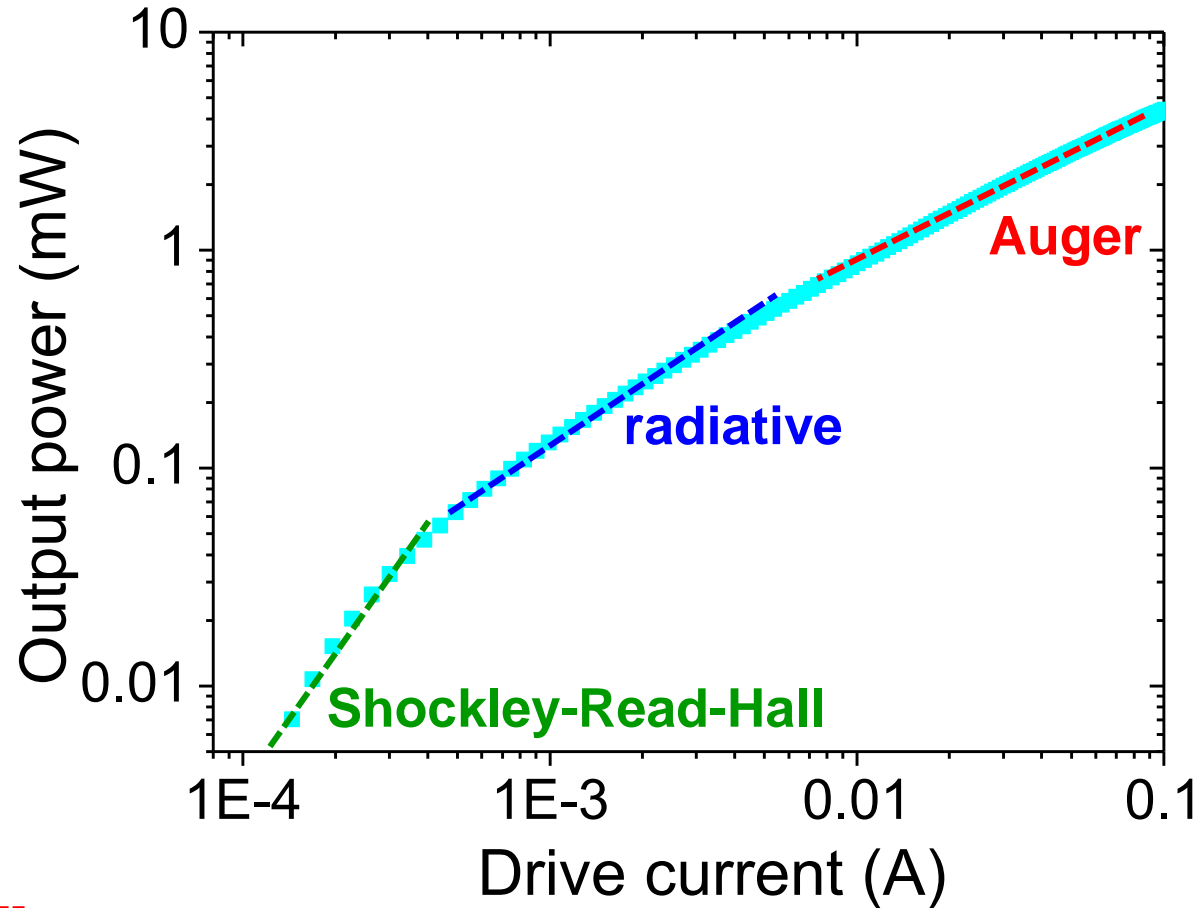
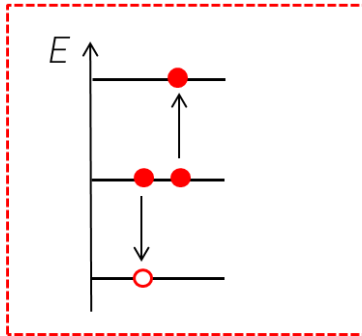
Shockley-Read-Hall



radiative

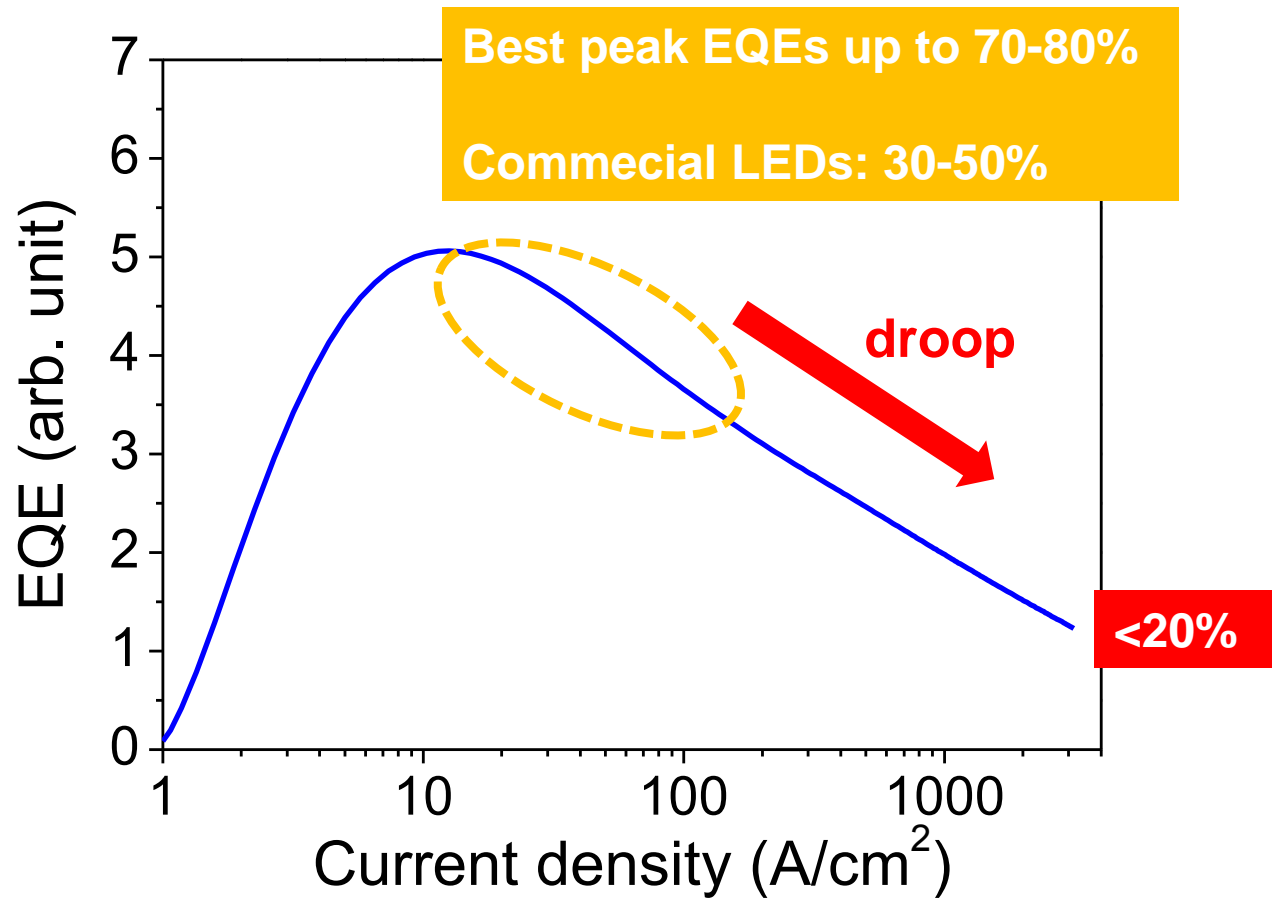


Auger

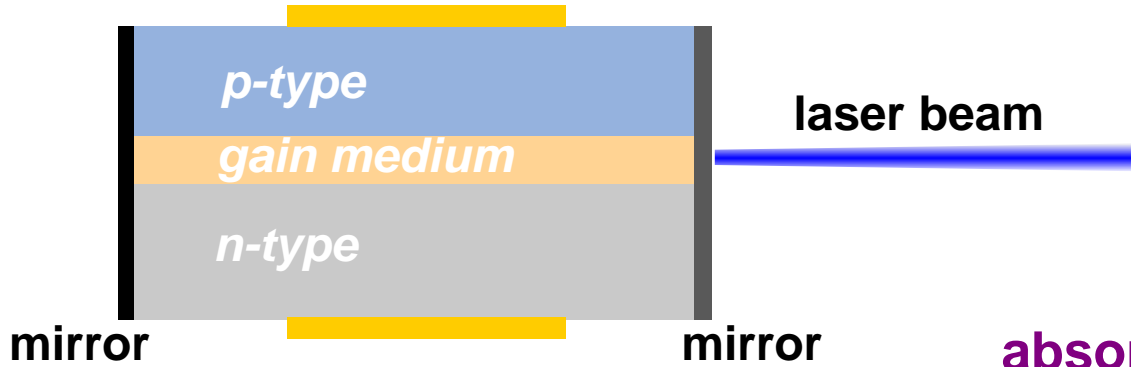
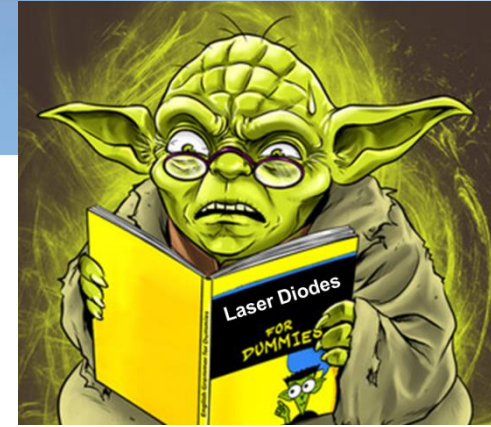


$$J \propto An + Bn^2 + Cn^3$$

Efficiency droop in a LED



In a laser



absorption

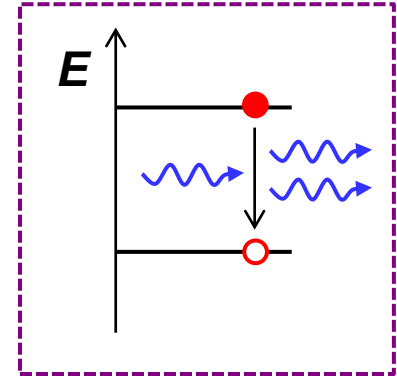
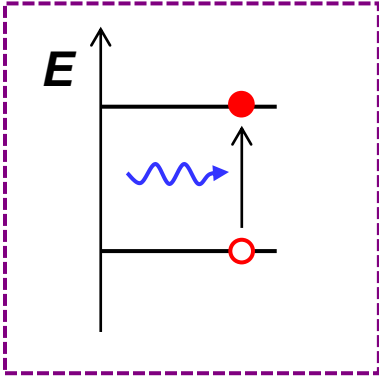
stimulated emission

$$\frac{dn}{dt} = \frac{J}{qd} - An - Bn^2 - Cn^3 - Gs$$

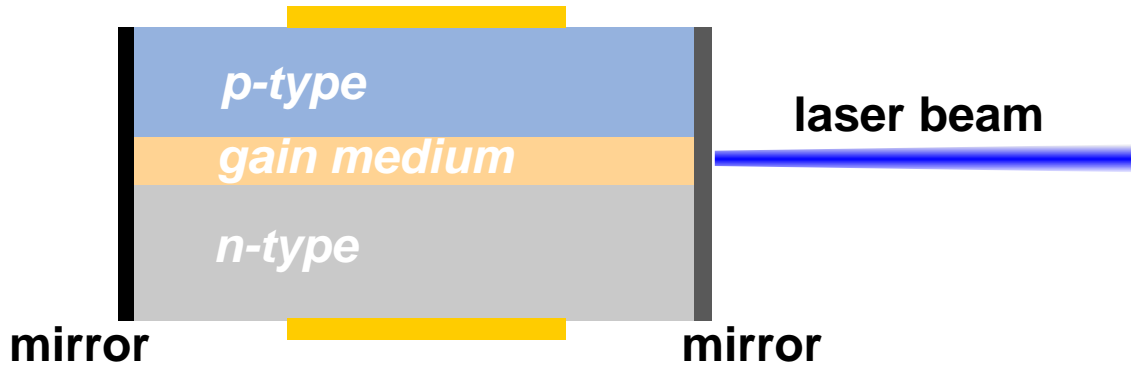
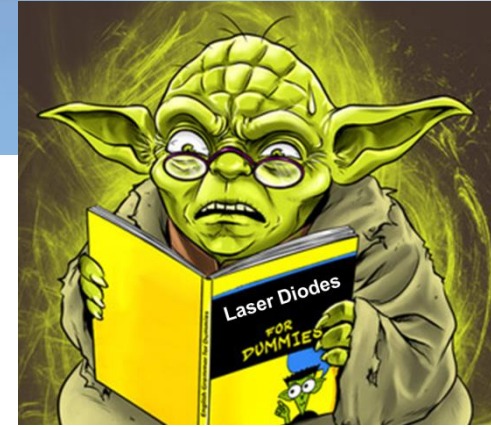
$$\frac{ds}{dt} = (G - \alpha)s + \beta Bn^2$$

$$G \propto (n - n_0)$$

$$\alpha = \alpha_m + \alpha_i$$



In a laser

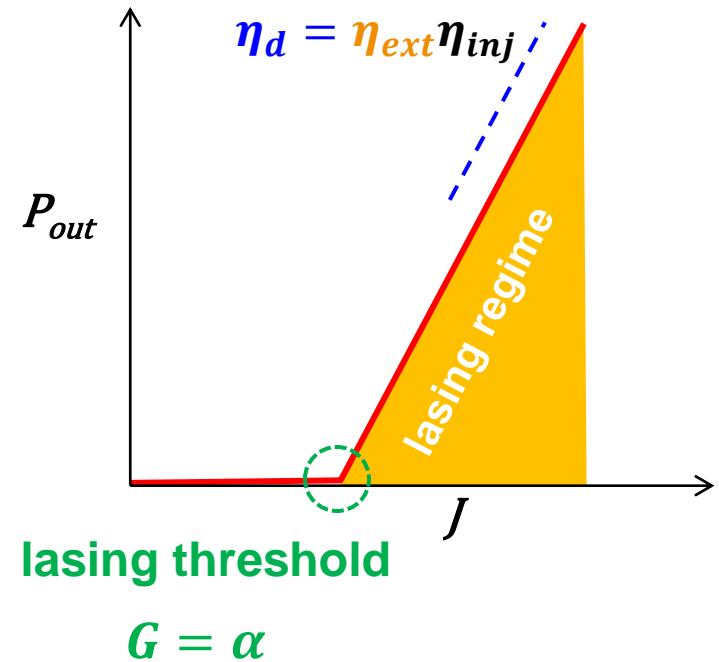


$$\frac{dn}{dt} = \frac{J}{qd} - An - Bn^2 - Cn^3 - Gs$$

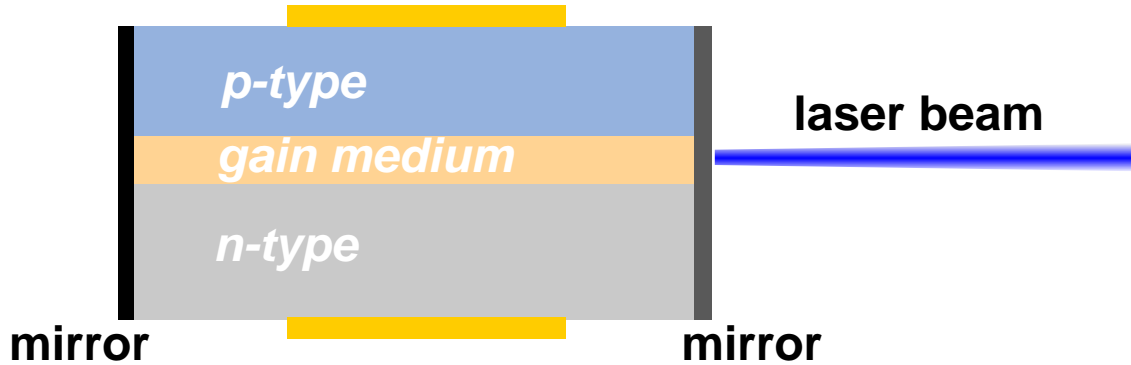
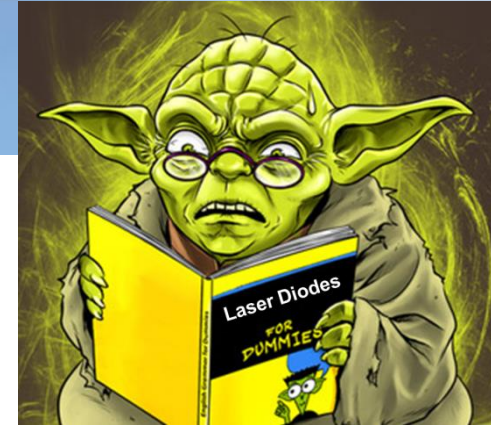
$$\frac{ds}{dt} = (G - \alpha)s + \beta Bn^2$$

$$G \propto (n - n_0)$$

$$\alpha = \alpha_m + \alpha_i$$



In a laser



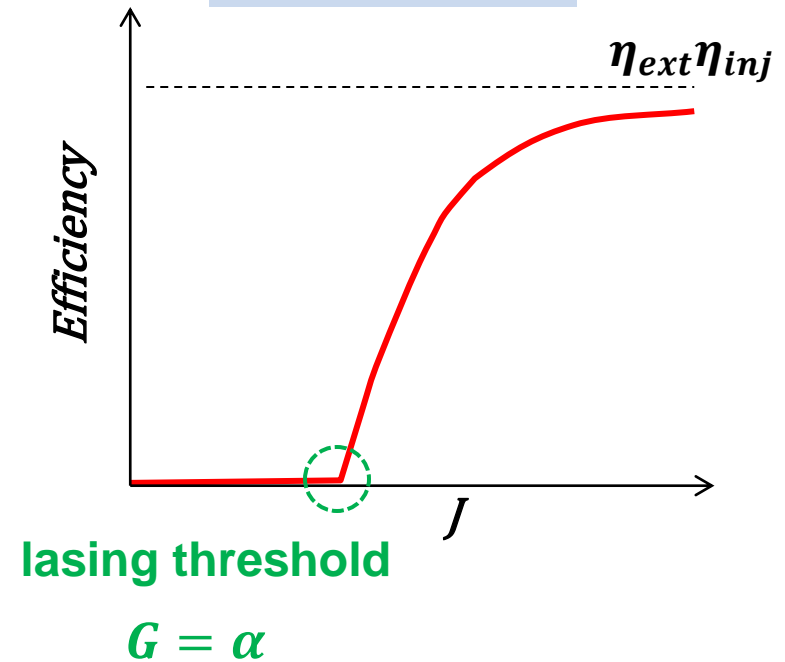
droop free!

$$\frac{dn}{dt} = \frac{J}{qd} - An - Bn^2 - Cn^3 - Gs$$

$$\frac{ds}{dt} = (G - \alpha)s + \beta Bn^2$$

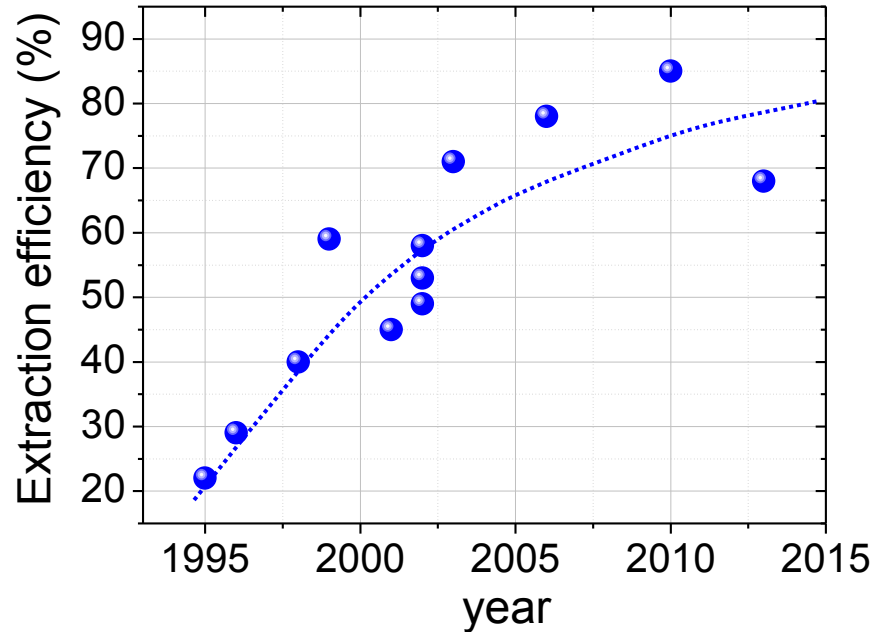
$$G \propto (n - n_0)$$

$$\alpha = \alpha_m + \alpha_i$$



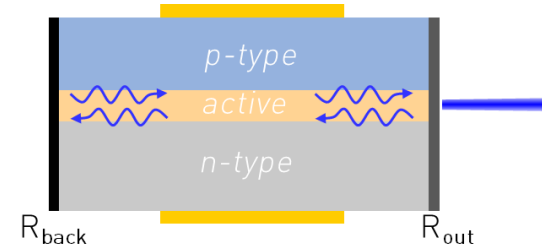
Extraction efficiency

LED trend



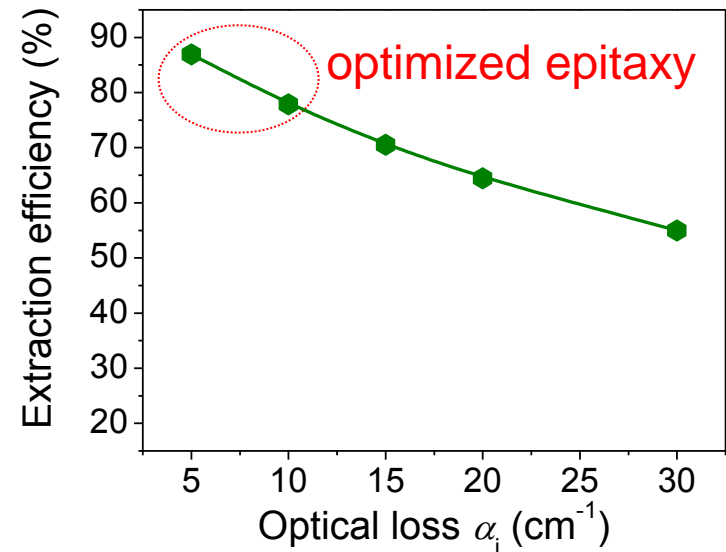
- **NiAu semitransparent contact**
- **Flip chip**
- **Thin film flip chip**
- **Patterned sapphire substrate**

Laser



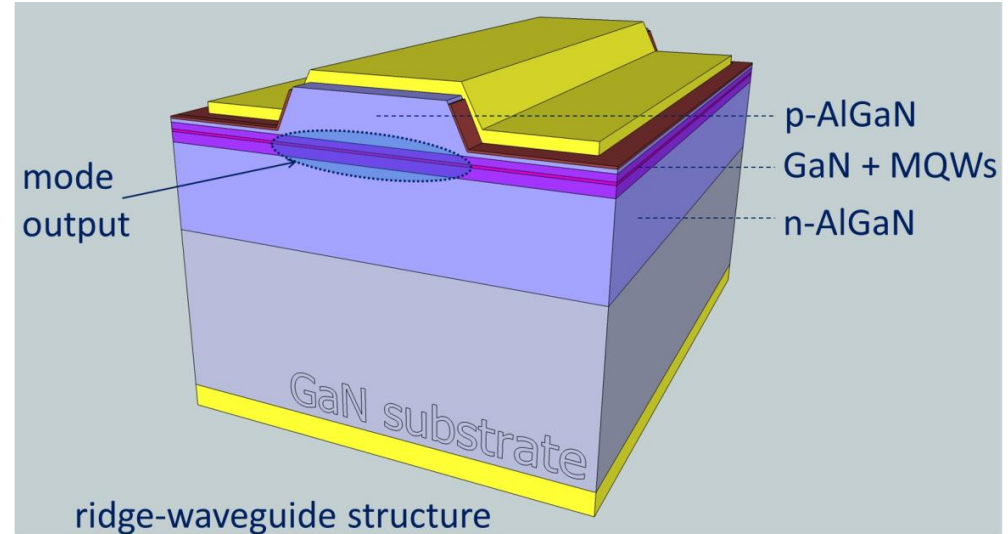
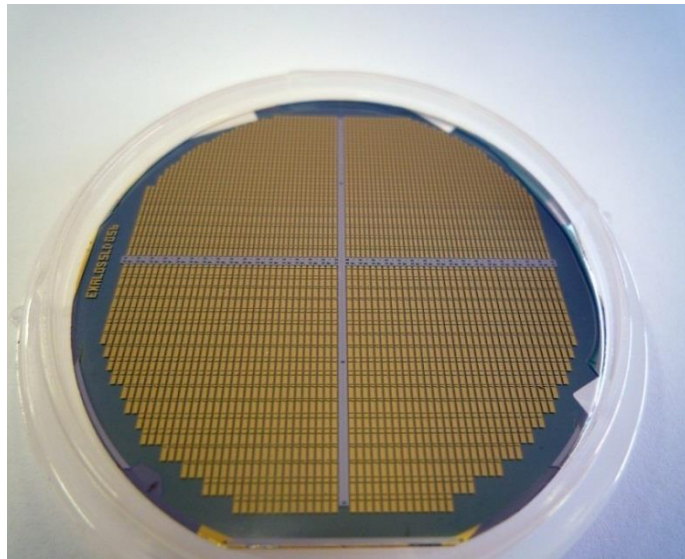
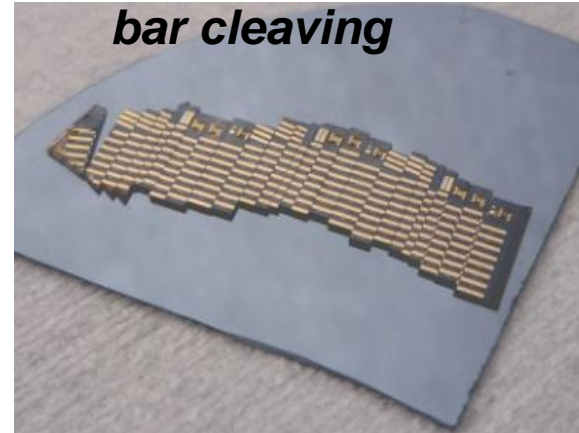
$$\eta_{ext} = \frac{\alpha_m}{\alpha_m + \alpha_i}$$

resonator length
mirror reflectivity
optical loss



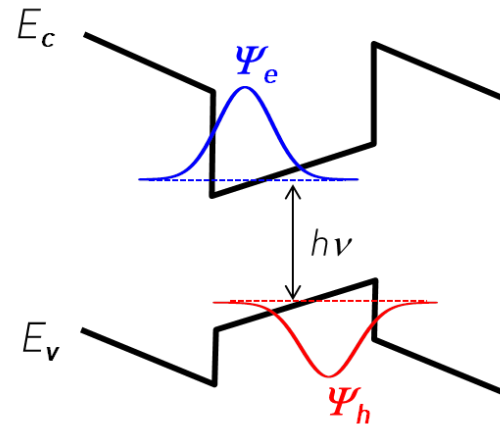
GaN-based laser diodes

- **Epitaxy on GaN substrate**
- **Standard fabrication**
 - **Optical lithography**
 - **Wet and dry etchings**
 - **Thin film deposition**

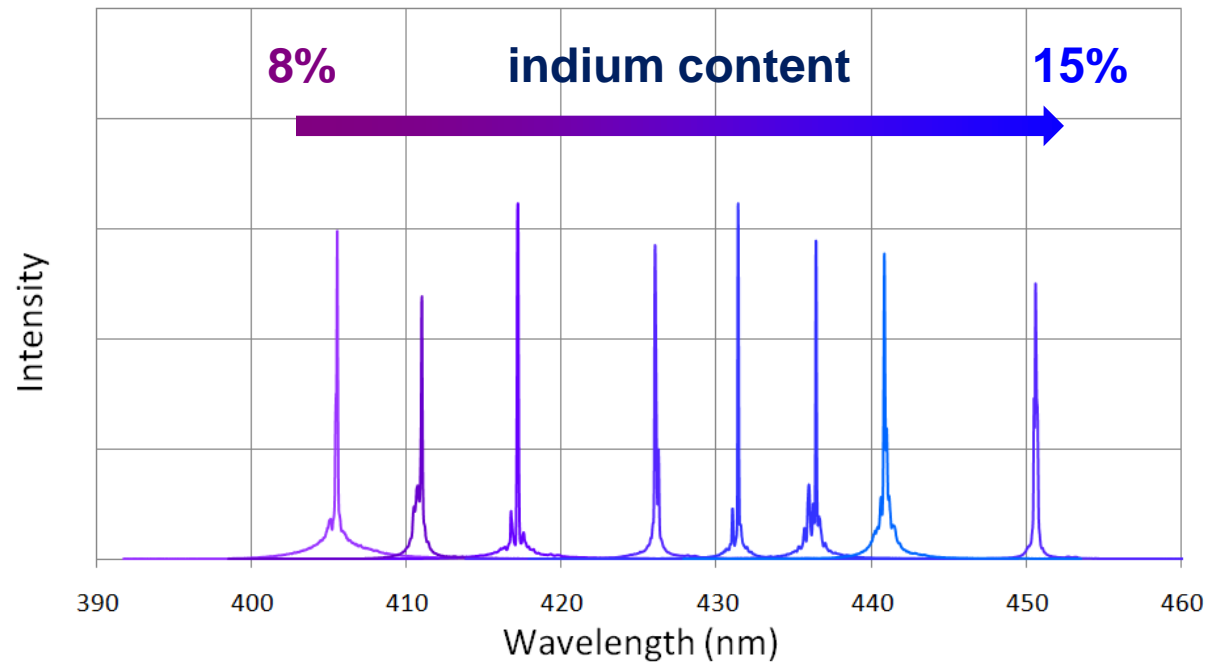


Tailoring the emission wavelength

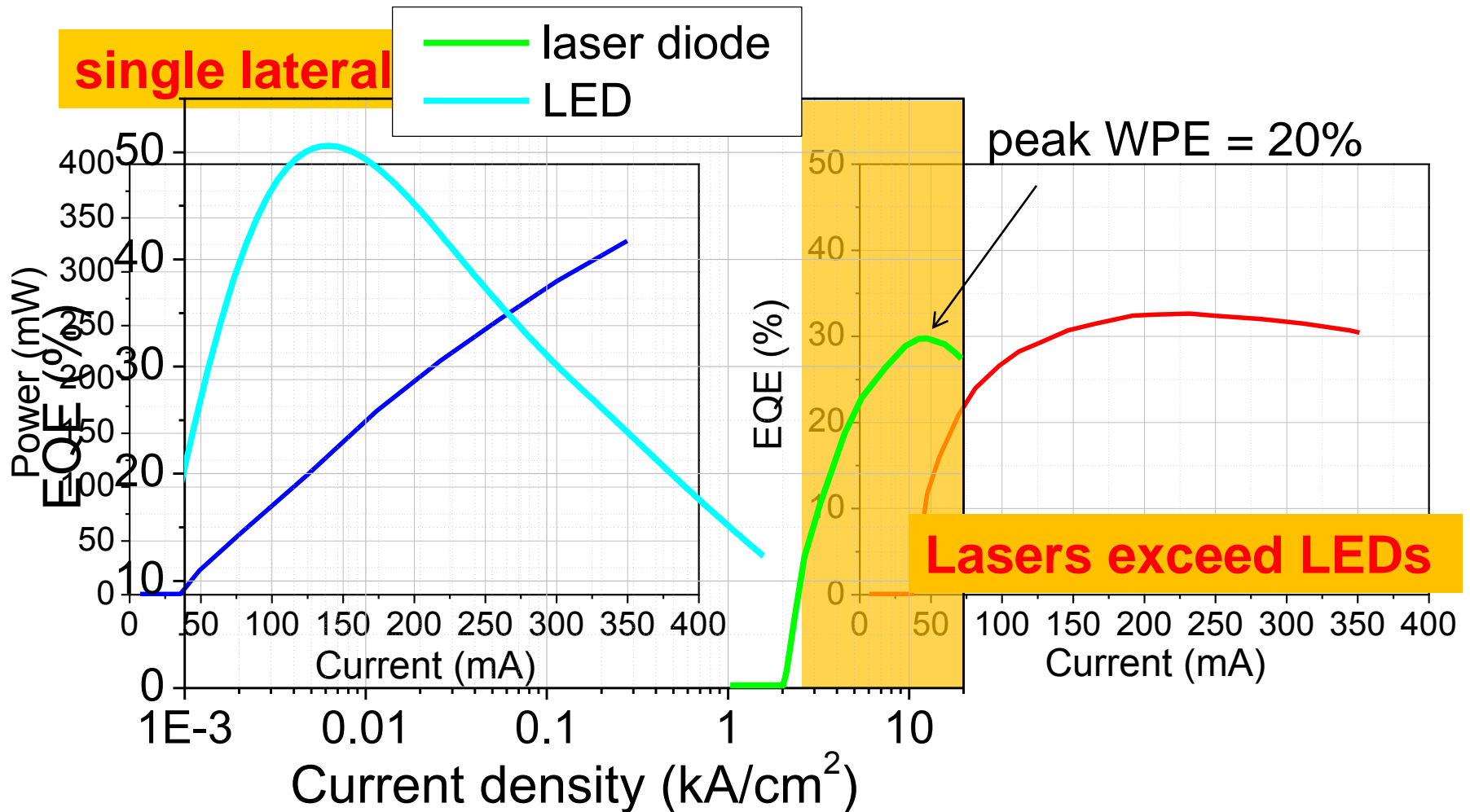
QW structure



engineering of
band diagrams



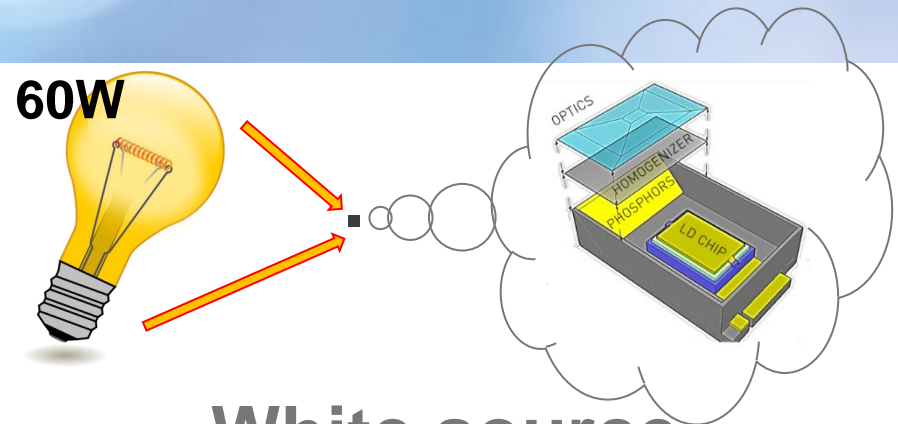
Violet laser performance



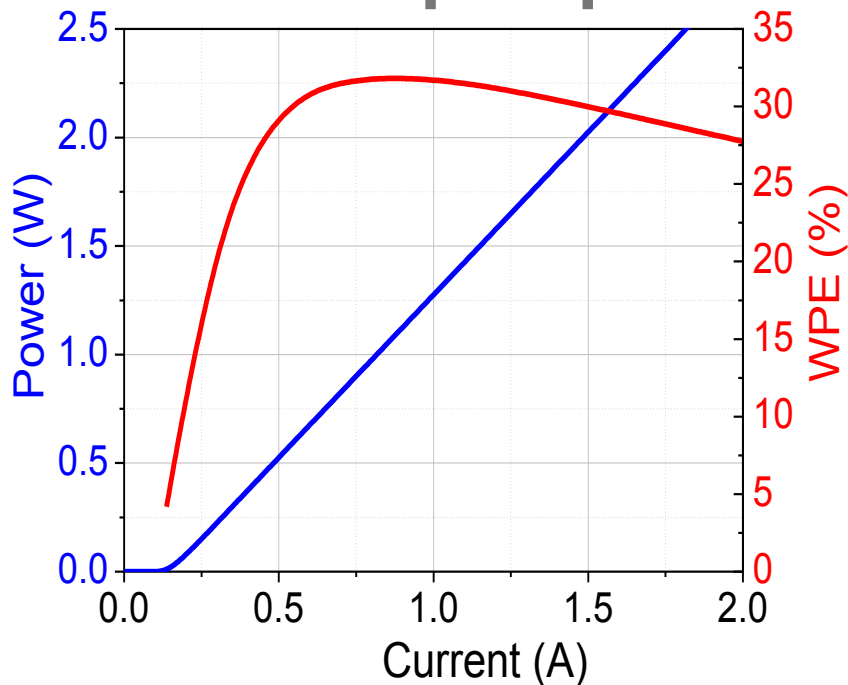
Great expectations

Going multimode.....

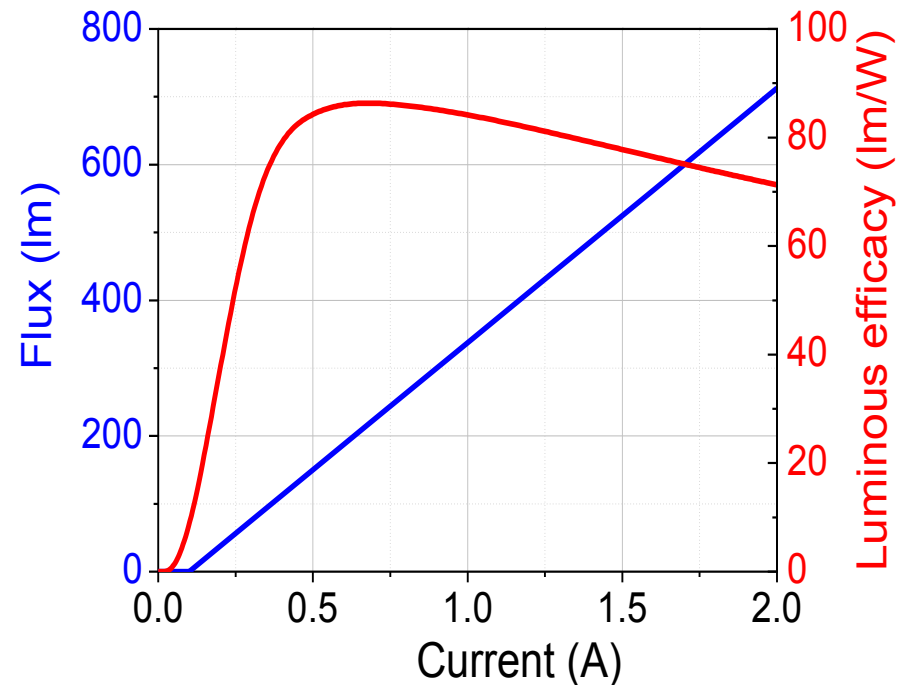
estimate of power and flux



Laser pump



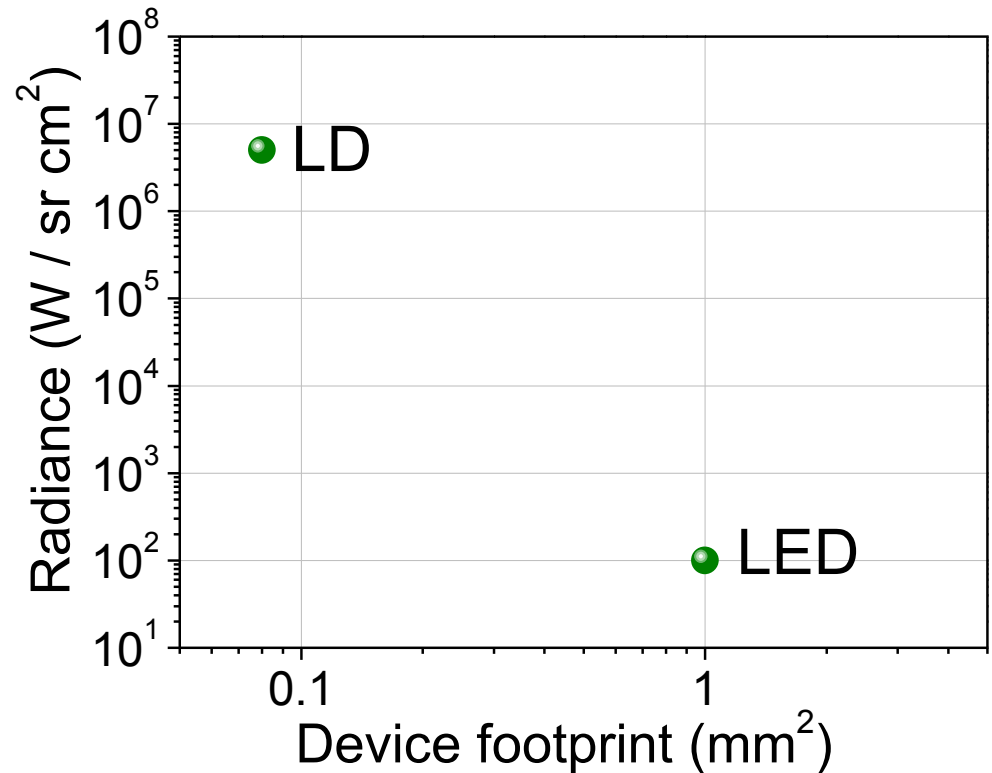
White source



When dimension counts

More LDs per unit surface

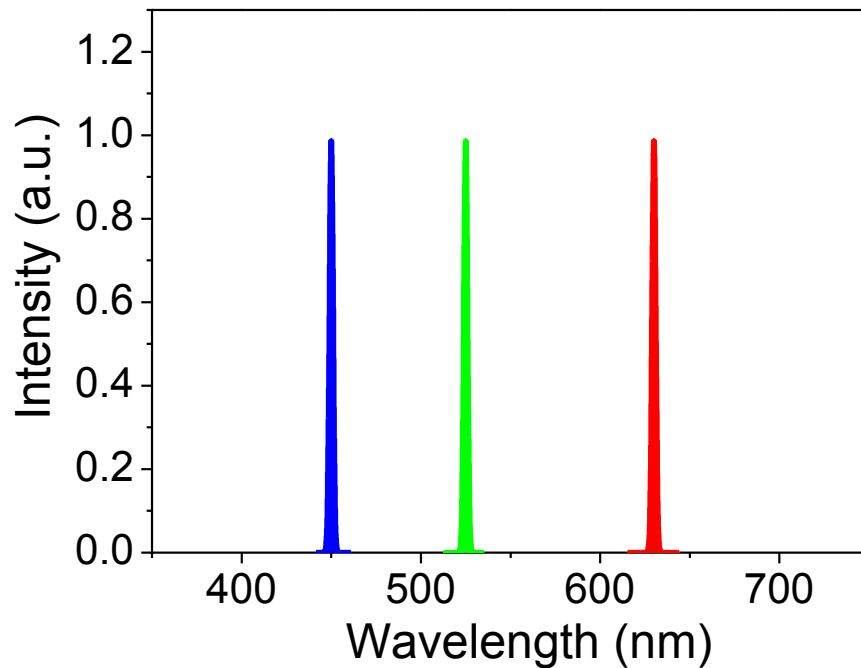
Radiance several orders of magnitude higher for LDs



LD very attractive for specialty applications needing compact and high radiance light sources

White light generation with LDs

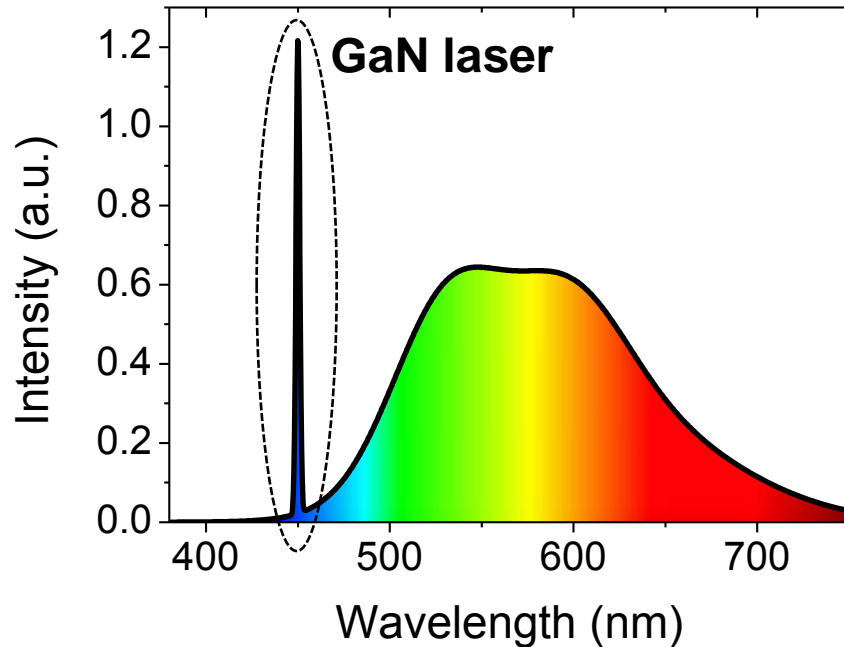
Pure Play RGB laser



Not suited for compact emitters!

White light generation with LDs

blue laser & yellow phosphor

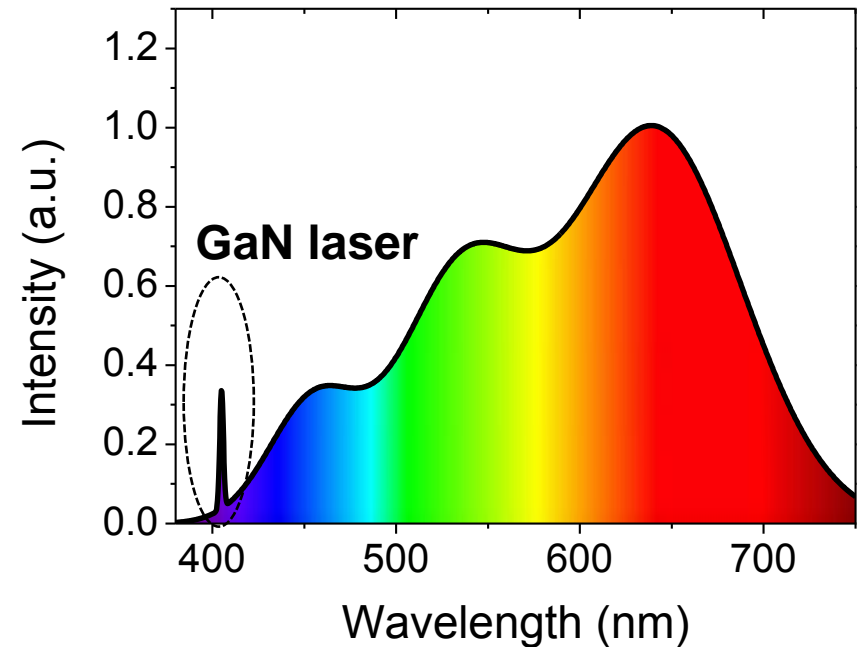


Lower conversion loss 😊

LD more challenging 😞

Light diffusers needed 😞

violet laser & RGB phosphor

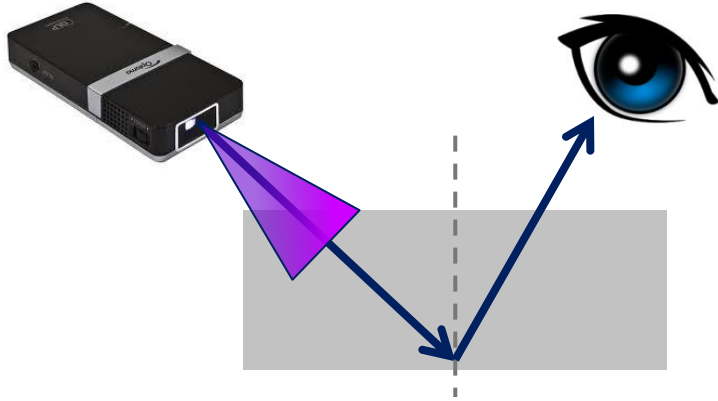


Highest laser efficiency 😊

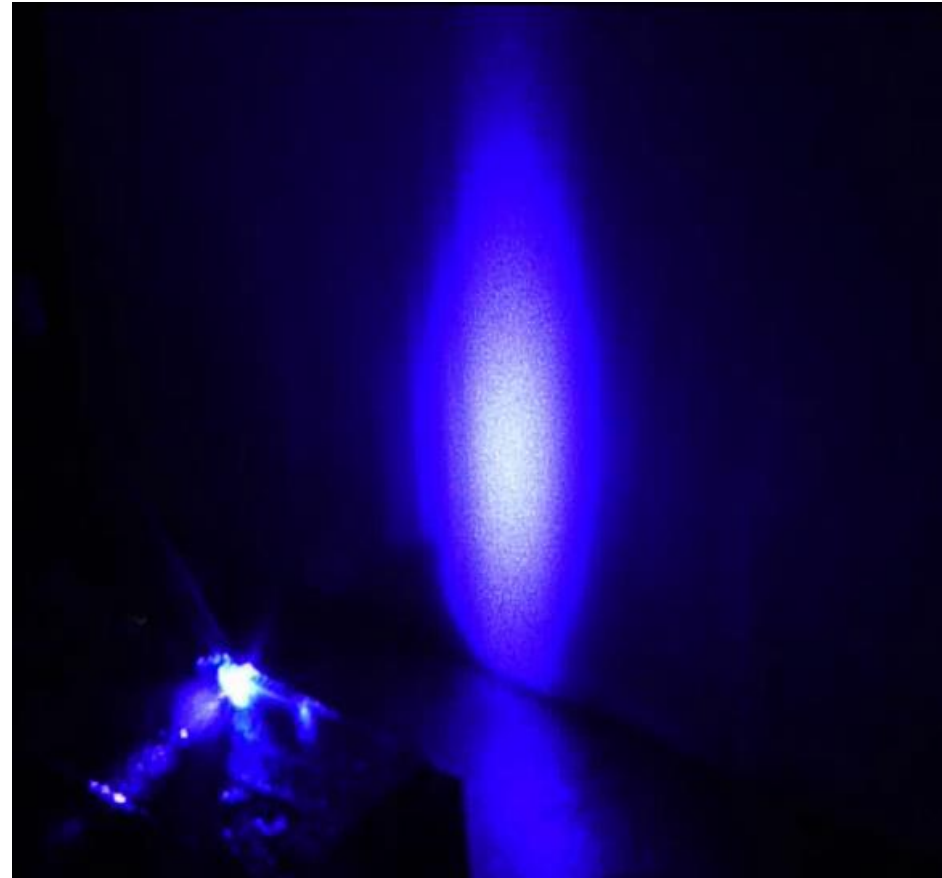
Best CRI 😊

Downconversion loss 😞

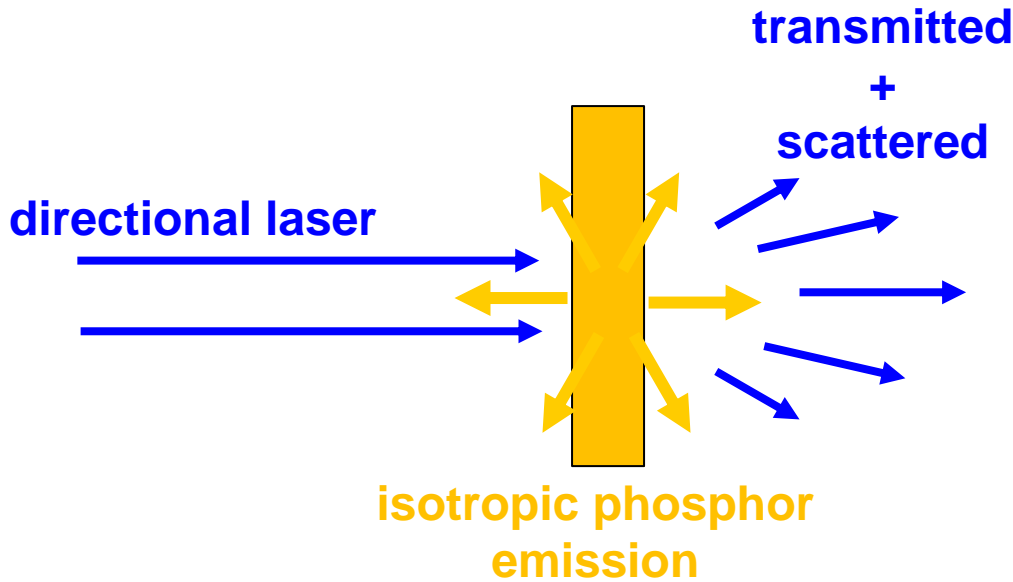
Laser diode speckle noise



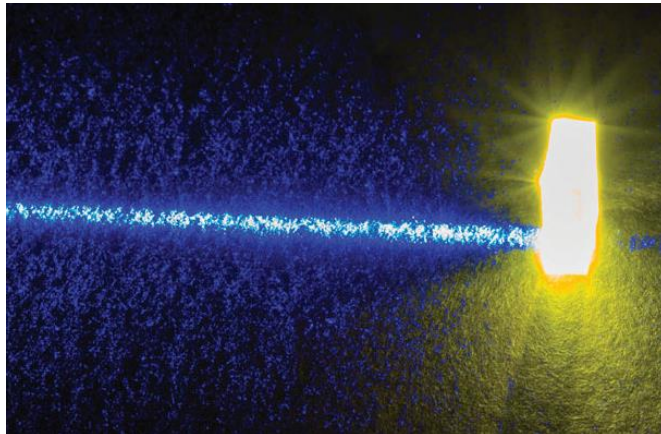
- light dephasers
- violet + RGB



Color anisotropy (pure blue LD)



S. P. DenBaars, UCSB, Santa Barbara



- light mixers required
 - violet + RGB

Conclusion

cool

compact

efficient

low droop

high radiance

KTI/CTI

DIE FÖRDERAGENTUR FÜR INNOVATION
L'AGENCE POUR LA PROMOTION DE L'INNOVATION
L'AGENZIA PER LA PROMOZIONE DELL'INNOVAZIONE
THE INNOVATION PROMOTION AGENCY



EXALOS broad-band modules

SLED Modules

Solutions for ultra-high output power and ultra-wide bandwidth

- High-power ultra-broadband SLEDs
- Wavelengths from 650 to 1700 nm
- Cooled packages for fiber-based or free-space applications
- Uncooled low-cost packages



Wavelength Swept Source

High-performance external-cavity wavelength sweeping laser

- High sweep frequency (up to 150 kHz)
- Multiple Spectra (840,1060,1220,1310,1550nm)
- Wide sweep range (up to 150 nm)
- High output power (up to 40 mW)
- Long ranging depth
- High phase stability



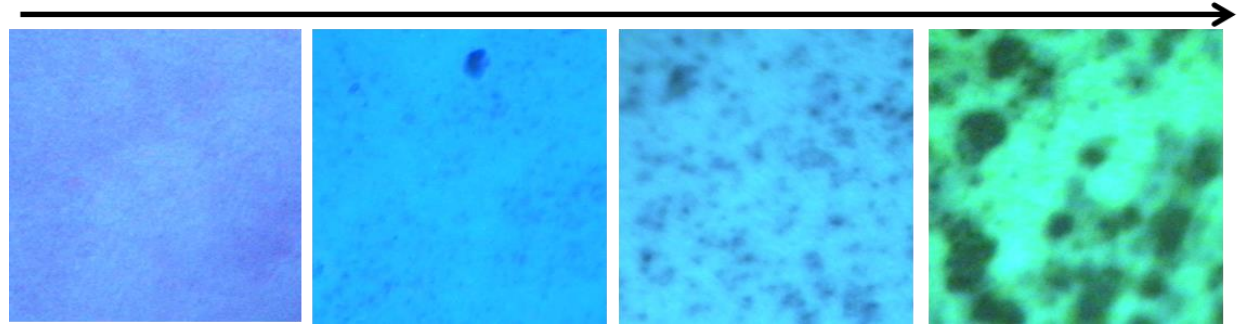
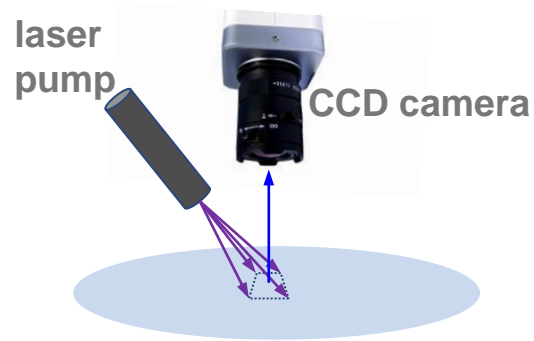
Marvel in terms of miniaturization and packaging



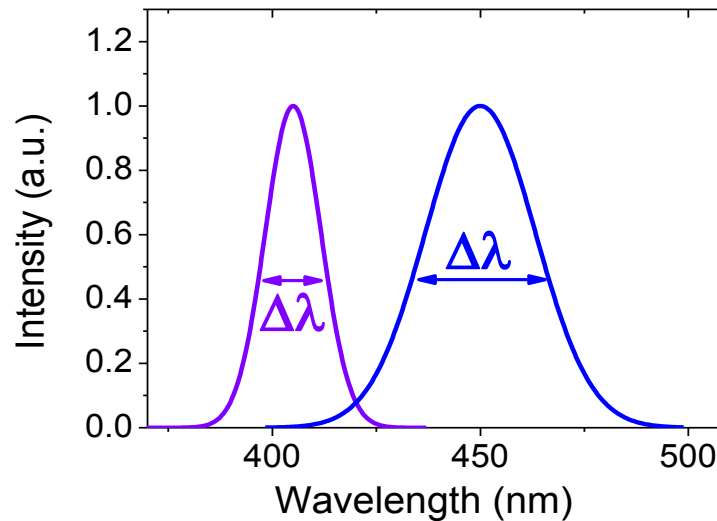


Increasing the emission wavelength

Increasing the indium content or QW thickness



→ High indium content: lower composition uniformity/higher disorder



broadening
↓
dispersed gain
↓
lower efficiency

Increasing the emission wavelength

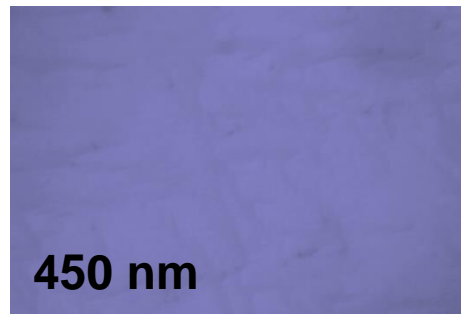
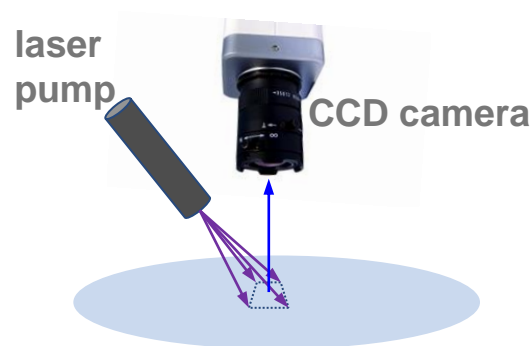
Impact of p-type growth on active region

p-type: $T_g \sim 1000\text{C}$

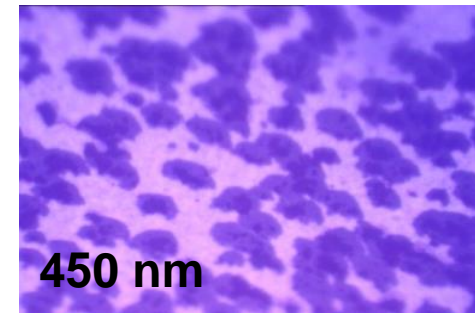
active region: $T_g \sim 700\text{C}$



requires low temperature p-type layers!

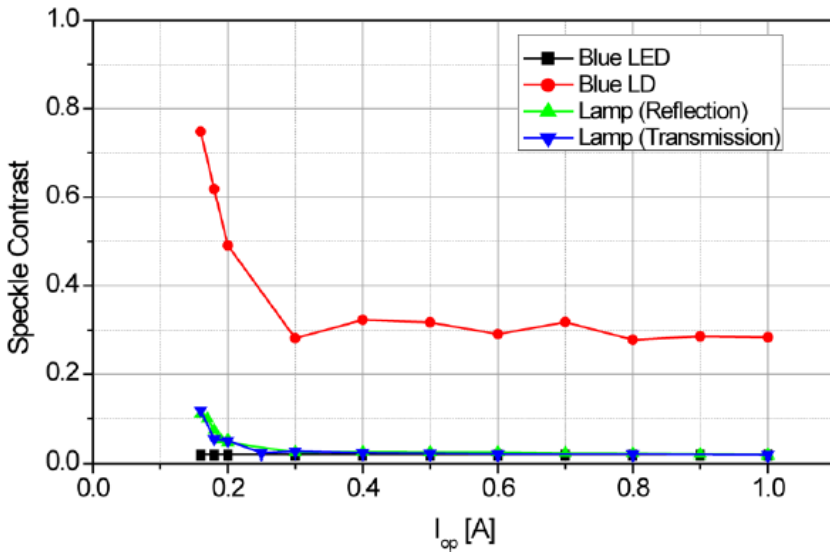
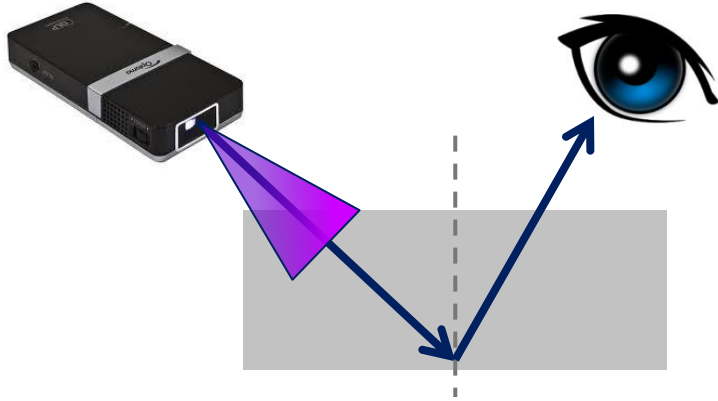


p-type growth

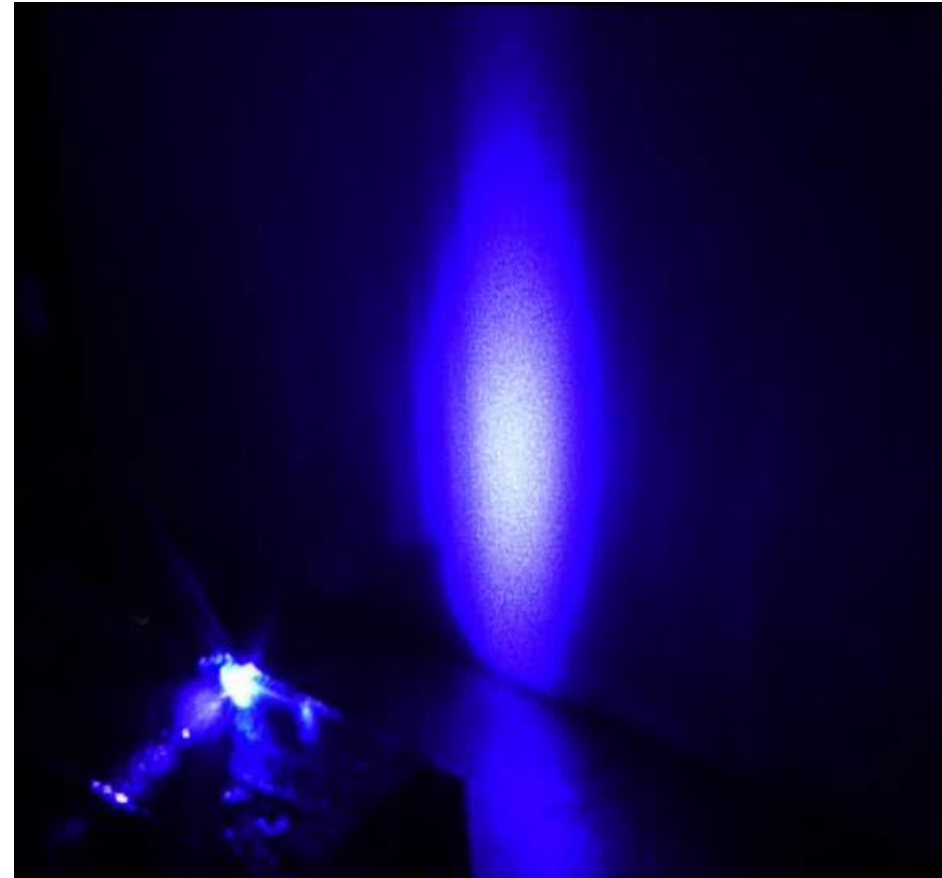


In-rich region may get «burned» during p-GaN growth

Laser diode speckle noise



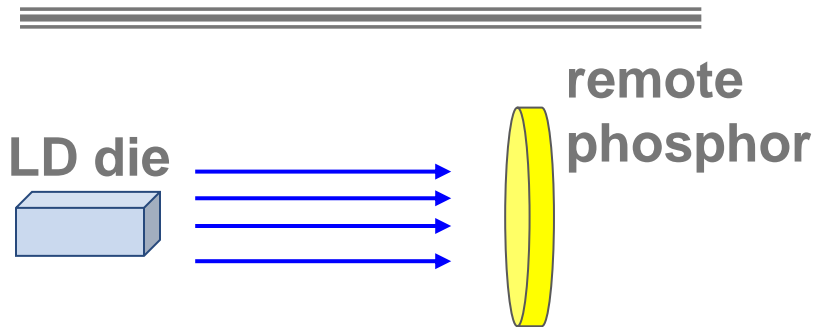
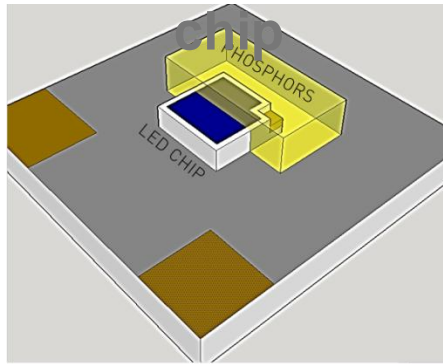
Toshiba Lighting & Technology Corporation,
J. Light & Vis. Env. Vol.37, No.2 & 3, 2013



- light dephasers
- violet + RGB

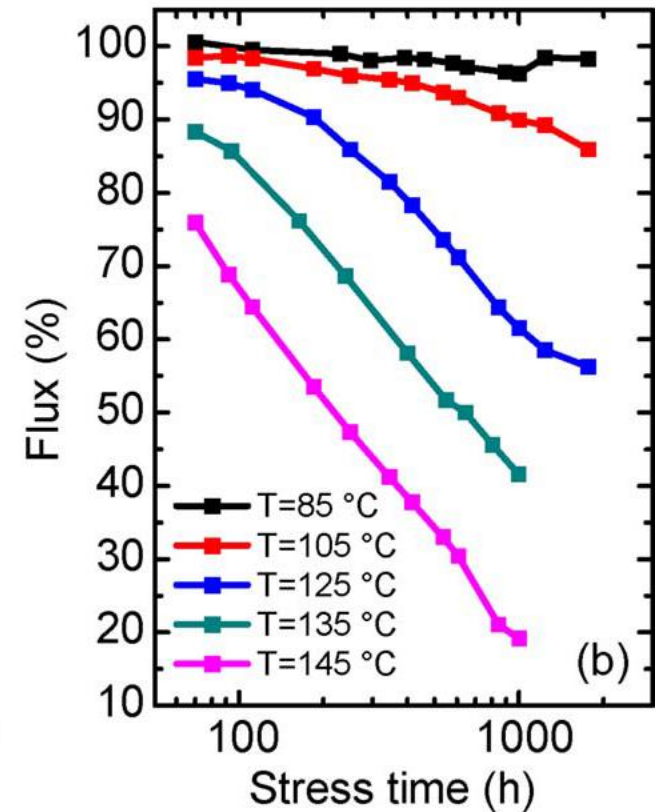
Design flexibility & remote phosphors

phosphors in contact with LED



LD specially suited for remote phosphor configurations!

Temperature degradation



Meneghini et al.
University of Padova